

EXECUTIVE BUDGET State of South Carolina

FISCAL YEAR 2021-22

HENRY MCMASTER

GOVERNOR

This page intentionally blank.

January 8, 2021

To the People of South Carolina and Members of the General Assembly:

I submit to you my Executive Budget for 2021-22.

This time last year, South Carolina was roaring into 2020 with a vibrant economy and job expansion, innovation and a growing population. Our unemployment rate was 2.4%. Over three years, the Palmetto State had added \$10 billion in new capital investments which brought with them over 35,000 new jobs.

Unemployment was at a record low. We had more people working than ever before, and personal income growth was at an all-time high. We were growing faster than almost any other state, adding over one million residents in the last twenty years. National rankings consistently listed us as one of the best states in which to raise a family, do business or visit. People want to be in South Carolina!

South Carolina's booming economy had created a large, expanding amount of new revenue: over \$1.8 billion unexpected dollars were starting to come in from the taxpayers. We were poised to take bold steps in education reform, including a record investment in early childhood education to empower the next generation's workforce and prosperity.

Then, COVID-19 came, and our bold plans were put on hold.

The \$1.8 billion dollar expected revenue surplus evaporated – almost overnight. Wisely, while many states immediately shuttered their economies, closed businesses and enacted draconian restrictions, South Carolina took a better approach. We never closed. Through our reasonable steps of limited, measured and temporary actions targeting those establishments and activities involving close personal contact and high risks of infections, we combatted the virus without crippling our economy. Business continued.

Page Two January 8, 2021

Also, by being careful and conservative, freezing new spending and holding state government steady at last year's spending levels, we have been able to avoid cutting services, raising taxes, or borrowing money. Today, South Carolina has a small portion of that \$1.8 billion surplus remaining and we are in a stronger financial position than virtually every other state in the country.

That's because we were thinking ahead. Now, we must continue to think ahead.

My Executive Budget places \$500 million - 38 cents of every new dollar - into our state's "rainy day" reserve fund. By saving this money instead of spending it - something that has served our state well this year - we will be prepared for any future economic uncertainties, should they arise.

I am also calling on the General Assembly to keep out of the budget the \$525 million the state recently received from the Savannah River Site settlement with the federal government. These settlement funds should be appropriated in a separate, stand-alone bill which will allow for thoughtful consideration and appropriate public scrutiny.

Our small businesses in South Carolina have borne the brunt of the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, especially those in the hospitality and service industry. To date, the state has directed over \$40 million in CARES Act funds to provide relief to 2,284 small businesses in our state. Unfortunately, the requests for relief and assistance from small businesses exceeded the available CARES Act funds. We must do more.

To provide South Carolina small businesses with additional relief, my budget directs an additional \$123 million in state funds to be provided for small business grants administered by the state Department of Commerce in the same manner as the federal CARES Act funds.

Future prosperity requires that we continue to make bold investments to ensure that the next generation's workforce possess the education and skills necessary for South Carolina to compete for jobs and capital in the world's economy, even during a pandemic. It also requires that educational opportunities be accessible and affordable for every South Carolinian.

Before the COVID-19 pandemic, data indicated that South Carolina's lower income, five-yearold children are increasingly entering kindergarten unprepared to learn and without the necessary literacy and language skills. This makes them immediately "at risk" and unlikely to ever catch up. By the third grade, the best indicators of progress and future success are reading and writing skills. Without them, these children are less likely to graduate or obtain the skills necessary to enter the workforce and contribute to our economy and their own success. A tenmonth absence from a normal classroom has likely made this problem worse. Page Three January 8, 2021

In 2006, the General Assembly funded full-day, four-year-old kindergarten programs for Medicaid-eligible children in public schools and private childcare centers. Currently 61 school districts are eligible to participate, and 18 districts are not. This leaves 13,000 lower income "at risk" children in 18 urban and suburban school districts without the option to attend full-day, four-year-old kindergarten.

Once again, I am proposing that we invest \$48 million to expand access to full-day kindergarten for every lower income four-year old child in the state. This expansion will allow parents to choose the public, private or for-profit childcare provider that best suits their child's educational needs.

By unleashing the free market into early childhood education with the entry of new providers, eliminating burdensome regulations and increasing the reimbursement rate, South Carolina's at-risk children - with each passing year - will increasingly arrive at school prepared and eager to learn and on track to make continued, life-long learning progress.

The time is now to take dramatic and decisive action - to demonstrate to the nation that South Carolina is committed and determined to compete and win for generations to come, and to assure all of South Carolina's parents that their children will not be left behind.

In last year's state budget, I proposed a \$3,000 across the board pay raise for every public school teacher in the state, a raise that would have catapulted the Palmetto State into a "top 25" ranking of states for average teacher pay - for the first time ever. COVID-19 has delayed that raise; however, I remain committed to this investment toward attracting and retaining talented teachers for our classrooms.

In the meantime, I am proposing an appropriation of \$35 million to maintain the state's financial commitment to funding our classrooms. According to the state Revenue and Fiscal Affairs office, these funds, along with this executive budget's lifting of the current suspension of teacher step salary increases, will allow school districts to resume all scheduled step salary increases for their teachers.

Every South Carolina taxpayer should know that school districts in our state have received over \$1.2 billion in COVID-19 relief from the federal government. These investments, in addition to the ones being made with state funds, have provided every school district with the resources necessary to operate full-time, and teach in-person, five days a week. This is critical for a solid education.

It is also critical that parents in South Carolina have confidence that their children are safe and secure while at school. Once again, my executive budget provides funding to place a certified law enforcement school resource officer in every school, in ever county, all day every day.

Page Four January 8, 2021

Further, this executive budget provides the necessary funding to place a school nurse in every school in our state and provides every school with access to a mental health counselor. For students in the classrooms after months of interrupted or virtual instruction, isolation and disruption of normal routines, these resources are certainly necessary, and will be of great comfort to their parents.

Our state's public charter schools have seen an unprecedented 25% increase in 2020 student enrollment. This is largely a consequence of working parents' strong desire for five-day, inperson classroom instruction for their children. The virtual instruction adopted by numerous public school districts was not deemed adequate. I believe the best policies provide that state dollars follow the student to the school of their parents' choice. Accordingly, this executive budget sends \$25 million to follow the students to their new schools.

"Common Core" textbooks used in our classrooms do not represent South Carolina standards and values and must be replaced. My executive budget, like previous ones, provides the necessary funding for the state Department of Education - and directs it - to eliminate them from our classrooms.

The COVID-19 pandemic has demonstrated that access to broadband connectivity is a necessity and priority for our state, for health care access, education delivery, and remote access to the workplace. This executive budget dedicates \$30 million for the Office of Regulatory Staff to continue its critical efforts to expand broadband in South Carolina through public and private match investments.

Access and affordability to higher education for every South Carolinian is essential to ensuring that our state has the trained and skilled workforce to compete for jobs and investment in the future. That means we must invest to make all of higher education - our colleges, universities and technical colleges - accessible and affordable for the sons and daughters of South Carolina.

This executive budget provides \$60 million so that every South Carolinian who qualifies for federal needs-based financial aid - as measured by federal Pell Grants - has additional state financial assistance to attend any in-state public college, university or technical college. Students at private, independent and historically black colleges and universities will receive an additional \$20 million for tuition grants and assistance.

Also, this budget provides an additional \$60 million for high-demand jobs skills training. This includes such programs as our ReadySC direct training for prospective manufacturers locating in our state and for workforce scholarships and grants for South Carolinians to receive skills-based certificates and accreditation at our state's technical colleges.

Page Five January 8, 2021

Active duty members of the South Carolina Army or Air National Guard attending college in our state will have 100% of their college tuition paid by the state under my budget proposal.

As I recommended last year, we must address the repairs needed at the aging, state-owned buildings and infrastructure on the campuses of our colleges, universities and technical colleges. I ask the General Assembly to join me in paying down the state's deferred maintenance liability with available capital reserve funds to be distributed pro-rata based on each institution's fall 2020 in-state enrollment - rather than borrowing it and creating more debt in the future through a bond bill.

To keep South Carolinians safe, we must maintain a robust law enforcement presence - and properly "fund the police."

Our state law enforcement agencies continue to lose valuable and experienced personnel because they are unable to remain competitive with pay and benefits. Our highways are dangerous without troopers on patrol. Every school must have a resource officer on duty all day. Fires must be battled and contained. Justice requires investigations be properly conducted. Correctional facilities need guards. And our waterways and lakes must remain navigable, clean and safe.

This budget dedicates over \$13 million in new dollars to law enforcement, public safety and first response agencies for recruitment and retention. This includes pay raises for troopers, state law enforcement division agents, wildlife officers, probation agents and corrections officers.

Every member of the General Assembly is aware of the struggles facing the men and women working at our Department of Corrections. Each day they are confronted with the challenges of contraband, violence, gangs, staffing, health care and facilities that are inadequate, outdated or simply broken.

This executive budget authorizes the Department of Corrections to utilize up to \$100 million in federal CARES Act funds the agency will receive to make our prisons safer and more secure, both inside and outside the fence, by replacing and repairing existing infrastructure, facilities and control systems.

During times of national or state emergency, we call on the South Carolina National Guard to do many things, including defending the country, safely evacuating and securing our coast and, recently, fighting the pandemic. These brave men and women are known around the world for their ability, service and sacrifice. However, the conditions of many armories are unsafe, unusable or inadequate for training and drill. This budget will provide for a timely and significant reinvestment into improving the condition of our armories around the state.

Page Six January 8, 2021

In addition, I once again call on the General Assembly to eliminate all state income taxes on the retirement pay of career military veterans and first responders, as well as retired state and federal law enforcement officers, firefighters and peace officers. Many states have already done this. The decision-makers at the Department of Defense take note of such actions or lack of them as they weigh decisions on base closures, realignment and new missions for America's military. Our state's military installations are at risk, like all others. It is past time for the General Assembly to act on this issue.

Finally, I would once again encourage the General Assembly to end the practice of appropriating to agencies undisclosed "pork barrel" earmarks in the budget that are shielded from public view, debate and scrutiny. No matter how deserving the project, the practice itself undermines the public's trust and confidence in their government. The General Assembly's continuous overriding of vetoes of successive governors, including this one, further exacerbates this distrust.

There is a better way for the taxpayers. It is time for such appropriations to be publicly disclosed, debated and allowed to stand or fall based on their own merits. To that end, this budget creates a public competitive grants process. Funds will only be made available to entities with demonstrated community support and missions which advance the agencies' underlying objectives. Further, all applications and awards will be placed online, allowing for public scrutiny and total transparency.

The people of South Carolina have demonstrated remarkable stamina and courage. Together, we have made it through one of the hardest years in our history. As we emerge from the COVID-19 pandemic, the competition for economic prosperity - between people, states and nations - will be more vigorous and ferocious than ever. Let us remain resolute. Let us continue working together. If we do that, I am confident South Carolina will grow stronger and more prosperous than ever. I believe in South Carolina and I believe in America. The best is yet to come.

Yours yery truly mm, WMath

Henry McMaster

This page intentionally blank.

This page intentionally blank.



Table of Contents

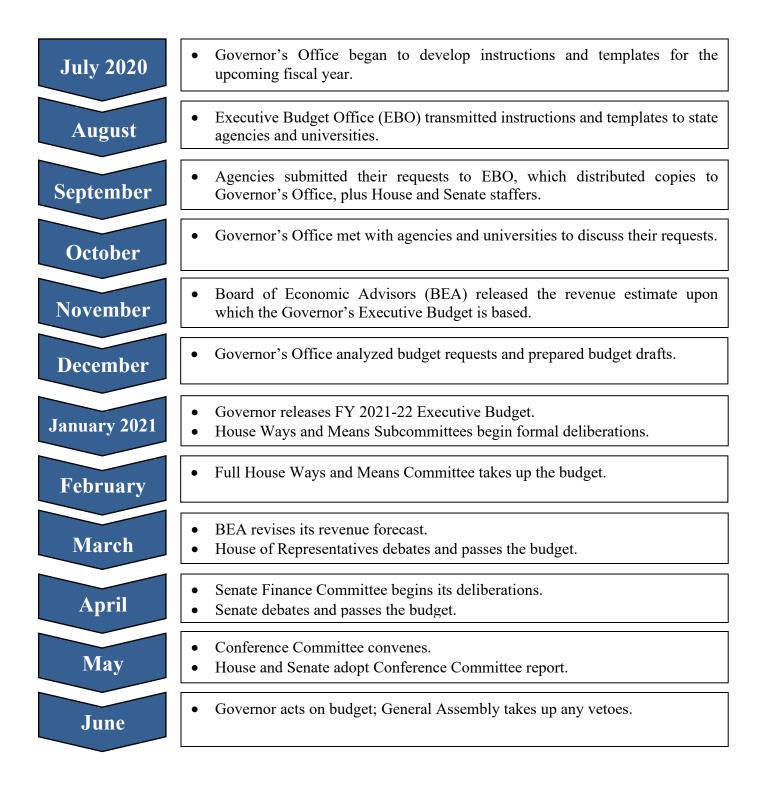
Budget Process	1
FY 2021-22 Budget Themes	5
Statewide Enterprise Strategic Objectives	35
Financial Overview	
EIA, Lottery, CRF, and Nonrecurring	43
Reserve Funds and Debt	55
Executive Budget Summary	59
Recapitulation	65
Governor's Recommended Appropriations	69
Governor's Proviso Recommendations	79
Summary Control Document	107
Appendices	135

This page intentionally blank.



Budget Process

This page intentionally blank.



This page intentionally blank.



Executive Budget Summary FY 2021-22

COVID-19

In January 2020, South Carolina was in the midst of a stunning resurgence, with economic growth, innovation and a record low unemployment rate of 2.4% - one of the lowest in the country, and far outpacing the contemporaneous United States average of 3.6%. Over three years, the Palmetto State had added \$10 billion in new capital investment and announced 35,000 new jobs through the Department of Commerce.

Then, the COVID-19 pandemic came, and the damage was dramatic. To date, South Carolina has lost more than 5,000 of its citizens, with over 300,000 people having contracted the virus. Businesses and workers continue to experience serious financial ramifications. During the worst week of the Great Recession, we saw nearly 14,000 initial jobless claims filed. During the worst week of the COVID-19 pandemic, we saw more than 87,000.

Yet, confronted with these substantial challenges, South Carolina has established a public health and economic revitalization effort unprecedented in modern history.

Public Health Response. As of January 2, South Carolina has:

- Received more than 3.7 million test results, including results from 2,074,355 distinct individuals in South Carolina (40.3% of the state's population).
- Increased contact tracers from 20 people statewide prior to COVID-19 to more than 700 currently.
- Held more than 9,550 testing events and scheduled over 2,100 more events through January 21, 2021.
- Conducted over 20,000 virtual inspections of retail food establishments to maintain food safety standards.
- Provided 179 nursing homes with point of care antigen testing devices from the federal government.
- Dedicated over one million hours to response efforts.

America developed a coronavirus vaccine in record time – one of our most important accomplishments in decades. According to December 30 data from DHEC, South Carolina is above the national average of vaccine administrations per doses received. Based on current dashboards and reports, the utilization rates (doses administered and doses allocated and/or shipped of Pfizer and Moderna vaccine) indicates:

- South Carolina: 35,158/112,125 (31%)
- North Carolina 63,500/323,125 (20%)
- Georgia: 52,242/372,900 (14%)

• Alabama: 20,354/128,175 (16%)

Nationally, the vaccine administration percentage, based on doses distributed and doses administered is 19% as of December 30.

However, this pace remains slower than anticipated – and South Carolina must eliminate the bottlenecks which are slowing distribution down. It is imperative that South Carolinians have a complete and public accounting of the status and location of every COVID-19 vaccine dose received and distributed by state authorities. We must have 100% utilization as quickly as possible.

To maintain the public's confidence and participation in the vaccination effort, Governor McMaster has asked DHEC to disclose this information on its online COVID-19 information dashboard. Further, DHEC has agreed to the Governor's request that a deadline of January 15 be established for distribution of vaccines to phase 1(a) individuals, after which South Carolina will move on to phase 1(b) individuals.

accelerateSC. South Carolina's reasonable approach of limited and measured actions targeted at slowing the spread of the virus allowed our state's economy to weather the pandemic. In April, Governor McMaster created accelerateSC to serve as South Carolina's coordinated economic revitalization task force. The group, consisting of business leaders, medical professionals, educators and legislators from across the political spectrum, created a set of recommendations that is to this day serving as our baseline for confronting this crisis – safely.

accelerateSC was made up of five total components: Response, Protection, Governance, Resources and Information. Each component carried the dual mandate of identifying specific issues created by COVID-19 and analyzing solutions and assets to be employed in response to those issues. Team members were asked to employ open lines of communication, collaboration and cooperation to recommend a phased, healthcare and data-driven path to safely re-invigorate South Carolina's economy.

In carrying out its mission, accelerateSC held five whole-team and ten component-level meetings, all open to the public. Each meeting accepted both oral testimony and written recommendations from state leaders and officials from a cross-section of our state, including: business, healthcare, education, tourism, state political subdivisions and public interest organizations. The accelerateSC team then incorporated this information into its immediate, intermediate, and long-term recommendations.

Specific Sub-Group Missions

• **Response** – The "Response" sub-group was tasked with two assignments: 1) identifying challenges related to workforce capacity, workforce re-entry, critical industries, capital requirements, regulatory issues and supply chain logistics; and 2) providing recommended actions as restrictions were lifted.

- **Protection** The "Protection" sub-group sought to identify protocols for protection in the workplace and in public, enhanced testing and contact tracing, obtaining adequate personal protective equipment and long-term mitigation efforts to ensure economic revitalization and minimize future outbreaks.
- **Governance** The purpose of the "Governance" sub-group was to identify challenges faced by state and local governments, educational institutions, law enforcement, emergency services and first responders and to identify the impacts on these groups as the state proceeds with its economic revitalization.
- **Resources** The "Resources" sub-group was tasked with: 1) providing input on how to expend the CARES Act funds allocated to South Carolina; and 2) recommending policies that ensure accountability and transparency of all expenditures.
- Information As the coordinating agency for the accelerateSC Information sub-group, the Department of Administration ("Admin") created, and continues to establish, multiple platforms for citizens to easily and centrally access information and resources related to COVID-19 and the state's revitalization efforts, including accelerate.sc.gov a one-stop, ombudsman-style website for all COVID-19 related information.

At the end of its thirty-day initial period, accelerateSC produced a report with 41 comprehensive recommendations for revitalizing South Carolina, including for allocation of funding from the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act. The General Assembly, in turn, adopted many of these recommendations. Specifically:

- South Carolina invested in broadband, approving \$50 million for infrastructure, hot spot distribution and the development of a statewide broadband plan so South Carolinians can learn and work remotely.
- South Carolina invested in small- and minority-owned businesses, creating grant programs to provide reimbursement for expenses and revenue loss due to COVID-19. 286 non-profits and 2,284 small and minority businesses received grants.
- South Carolina twice replenished the Unemployment Trust Fund, allocating more than \$835 million in CARES Act dollars to the Trust Fund and allowing us to freeze tax rates on South Carolina businesses.

Most importantly, Governor McMaster and accelerateSC took a carefully targeted approach, working closely with public health officials to identify those types of businesses where spread of the virus was most likely to occur – including entertainment venues, athletic facilities, close-contact service providers, retail stores – and produce guidelines for those businesses to guard against COVID-19, allowing our people to get back to work quickly and safely.

This approach has succeeded. At the peak of the pandemic's economic impact, in April, South Carolina's unemployment rate was 12.4%. Today, it is 4.4% - the lowest in the southeast and the 7th lowest in the nation. By contrast, other states which implemented draconian restrictions,

shuttering businesses and destroying livelihoods, continue to experience unabated spread of the virus, while hurting economically, too.

Federal Response/CARES Act. At the federal level, the Administration and the United States Congress, acting in concert, provided critical assistance to South Carolina citizens and businesses.

Prior to January 1, federal and state authorities allocated \$1.2 billion in federal CARES Act resources to efforts that mitigated and combated the spread of COVID-19 in South Carolina. This includes:

- \$835 million for the Unemployment Trust Fund at DEW.
- \$385 million for COVID-19-related expenses by local and state government;
- \$222.7 million for the South Carolina Department of Education.
- \$135.6 million for DHEC & MUSC to administer statewide COVID testing.
- \$125 million for the Hospital Relief Fund.
- \$50 million for access to broadband internet through mobile hot spot devices and infrastructure.
- \$40 million for a minority and small business relief grant program.
- \$15 million for a nonprofit relief program.
- \$10 million for grant administration.

BUDGET, TAXES AND REGULATORY REFORM.

Responsible Fiscal Stewardship. South Carolina roared into 2020 with a vibrant economy, innovation and a growing population. The Palmetto State's success created a large, nearly \$2 billion surplus. These dollars allowed South Carolina to withstand the worst financial effects of the pandemic without raising taxes, taking on debt or making cuts to state government. With COVID-19 still surging around the country, such fiscal responsibility must continue.

In 2008, South Carolina produced a \$1 billion surplus for the first time ever. The General Assembly appropriated these dollars – and then the Great Recession hit, forcing the legislature to make significant, across-the-board cuts to state agencies in order to balance the budget.

Today, this state is in a similar situation – one which calls for continued conservative, intelligent budgetary decision-making. To that end, in August, Governor McMaster asked all Cabinet agencies to refrain from requesting any increase in base appropriations. He also recommended that the General Assembly not spend any new money until a better picture of South Carolina's economic future is available. The General Assembly wisely heeded this recommendation.

Today, if South Carolina had expended its surplus dollars, state government would be making cuts to public safety, education and in many other state sectors just as the General Assembly did in 2008. States around the country are doing exactly that. For example, as of late December, states have slashed their education budgets by an average of 8%, resulting in hundreds of thousands of jobs lost. In July, Georgia made cuts to education totaling \$950 million. Maryland enacted \$413 million in emergency spending cuts, including large cuts to colleges and universities. Florida cut \$1 billion in pre-pandemic spending, including money for community colleges and behavioral health services.

Instead, South Carolina has \$136,483,282 in recurring dollars and \$1,093,888,511 in nonrecurring dollars – a fortuitous position, given the state of other states – but not an accidental one. Instead, it is the result of conservative and cautious decision-making on behalf of state government.

South Carolina's fiscal success has not gone unnoticed. In an August review of the fiscal health of state governments, National Public Radio said, "South Carolina's exceptionally strong economy over the last two fiscal years has allowed the state to weather the pandemic with little budget disruptions to date."

The pandemic has not curbed the appetites of state government. In recurring dollars alone, agencies requested \$934,747,900 in new spending this year. This budget proposes using state funds only for the vital purpose of laying a foundation for future growth – by investing in education, small businesses and savings to guard against future economic uncertainties, should they arise.

There are few threats more dangerous to the well-being of South Carolinians than state-wide economic ruin. This Executive Budget places \$500 million, or 38 cents of every new dollar, in

into South Carolina's Contingency Reserve Fund, so that the state continues to have a "rainy day" surplus to call on in the event virus-related economic hardship continues to impact the Palmetto State. By saving this money instead of spending it, something that has served our state well this year, South Carolina will be prepared for any eventuality.

Last year, South Carolina received \$525,000,000 in settlement funds from the federal government resulting from litigation surrounding the ongoing storage of nuclear materials at the Savannah River Site. In order to maintain full accountability, transparency and equitable distribution of these dollars, this Executive Budget does not propose allocation of any of these funds. Rather, that issue should be debated openly by the General Assembly via stand-alone legislation to allow for close public scrutiny.

With 2020 behind us, the time is now to reaffirm our responsible fiscal stewardship of this state – to protect our people and prosperity in the year ahead.

Taxes. Reducing the tax burden on people and businesses continues to be one of the most important ways South Carolina can lay a foundation for future growth. South Carolina maintains the highest marginal tax rate (7%) in the southeast and the 11th highest in the nation. We must take steps to make our state more competitive.

Last year, as in years past, Governor McMaster proposed a 1% rate reduction over five years for all personal income tax brackets, starting with an immediate \$160 million cut, paid for and certified in the FY 2020-21 Executive Budget.

In addition, Governor McMaster issued a \$69 million dollar (34%) cut to the unemployment insurance taxes paid by our state's employers thanks to successful reforms to the Department of Employment and Workforce's Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund. In 2020, by remaining frugal and supplementing the Unemployment Trust Fund with CARES Act dollars, we were able to freeze taxes on South Carolina businesses, saving them approximately \$172.4 million for 2021. Insurance tax rates for 86.3% of businesses will remain unchanged or will decrease in 2021 compared to 2020, and there will be no flat rate tax increases on employers as a result of the pandemic.

Given the economic damage inflicted by the COVID-19 pandemic, this budget – for the first time since Governor McMaster took office – does not propose an immediate tax reduction. However, it includes a triggering mechanism via proviso, which would implement the aforementioned 1% tax reduction over five years in the event South Carolina experiences a 5% or more increase in General Fund Revenue. Should the state bounce back faster than expected, this tax reduction will kick in, serving to reduce impediments on our people and future prosperity.

For the fourth year in a row, this budget also includes a full retirement income exemption for military veterans and first responders, including retired state and federal law enforcement, firefighters and peace officers. This exemption would be effective immediately upon ratification and extend into perpetuity. Under Governor McMaster's plan, retired veterans and first responders will never pay state taxes on their retirement income again – ever.

Regulatory Reform. The costs of regulatory creep are well studied. Nationally, according to estimates by the Competitive Enterprise Institute, regulatory compliance costs total \$1.9 trillion, constituting a "hidden tax" of \$14,615 annually per household. Researchers at the Mercatus Center at George Mason University have estimated that federal regulation is slowing national economic growth by about 0.8 percentage points a year.

Regulations also have the pernicious effect of distorting markets by influencing the decisions of companies – often serving as the determinative factor in where a company decides to do business. In South Carolina, Governor McMaster has focused on eliminating overburdensome regulations to better facilitate innovation, investment, vision, creativity and prosperity. In April of 2017, he issued an executive order requiring a reduction of regulatory scope and impact. Later that year, he embarked on a statewide listening tour to solicit suggestions from Main Street business owners about ways government can make it easier for them to do business.

South Carolina's reputation as an attractive destination for business has benefited from this reform-based approach, and Governor McMaster remains committed to streamlining regulatory requirements for South Carolina businesses. Last year, the Governor signed legislation – reflecting a proposal included in his FY 2020-21 Executive Budget – which simplified how more than 200 local and county governments around the state assess and implement business license taxes. Different due dates, collection methods and appeals processes had created a tax scheme that was both overly and burdensome for businesses with locations in different jurisdictions. This legislation standardized the process and represents the kind of common-sense reform South Carolina needs to remain competitive in the COVID-19 era.

EDUCATION

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates:

For PreK-12:

- \$47,915,814 in Education Improvement Act (EIA) dollars for the statewide expansion of the full-day 4K program for at-risk children;
- \$35,223,664 in recurring dollars to maintain State Aid to Classrooms at the current level and to provide step increases for teachers;
- \$23,400,000 in recurring dollars to complete the placement of school resource officers in every school in every district all day, every day;
- \$100,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for purchase of instructional materials;
- \$15,000,000 in recurring dollars and \$9,588,000 in non-recurring EIA dollars for charter schools to account for increased enrollment at brick-and-mortar and virtual charters;
- \$13,900,000 in certified surplus lottery dollars for the creation of Education Savings Accounts;
- \$7,000,000 in non-recurring EIA dollars for the South Carolina Department of Education's Grants Committee;
- \$5,726,409 in recurring dollars for the Educational Television Commission;
- \$5,577,165 in EIA dollars to place a school nurse in every school all day, every day;
- \$2,500,000 in EIA dollars for instructional costs at the Department of Juvenile Justice;
- \$1,250,000 in EIA dollars to expand the Teaching Fellows Program and other recruitment initiatives;
- \$700,000 in non-recurring EIA dollars for computer science and coding instruction; and
- \$600,000 in non-recurring dollars for \$1,500 signing bonuses for school mental health counselors.

For Higher Education:

- \$60,000,000 in lottery dollars for need-based grants at CHE;
- \$20,000,000 in lottery dollars for tuition grants at the Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission;
- \$750,000 in lottery dollars for scholarships for students with intellectual disabilities attending College Transition Programs.

No government function in South Carolina is more important than educating our children and young adults. Preparing young people for college career and real life is the objective.

This year, Governor McMaster urges the General Assembly to focus on providing an effective education for all students and ensuring access and affordability to higher education. *Full-Day 4K*. Poverty is the enemy of education. Some of South Carolina's children live in circumstances so dire that education is but a fleeting experience. For parents struggling to put food on the table, building a strong educational foundation can be a challenge – particularly

during the pandemic. Governor McMaster is calling on the General Assembly to invest in early childhood education – to at last offer choice to those without any.

Last year, Governor McMaster called on the General Assembly to expand full-day 4K to every Medicaid-eligible child in the state, as well as children with family incomes 185% or less of the federal poverty index. In his FY 2021-22 Executive Budget, the Governor renews this call, recommending \$47,915,814 for the full-day 4K program.

Full-day 4K means expanding statewide the full-day four-year-old program for "at-risk" children. Today, eligible four-year-old children in only 61 of the 79 traditional school districts in our state can participate.

Under Governor McMaster's plan, parents may choose to enroll their child in a public school approved by the South Carolina Department of Education or in a private child-care center, military child-care facility or non-profit, independent school approved by the Office of First Steps to School Readiness. Parents need choices.

The Department of Education will receive \$27,035,912 and the Office of First Steps will receive \$20,879,902 to expand the program. Under this budget, the line item appropriation for the halfday 4K program is eliminated. A district that opts not to participate in the full-day 4K program may continue to receive funds to support half-day 4K programs. For any district that opts not to participate in the full-day 4K program, the Department of Education will be required to develop and implement inter-district transfer policies that give parents or guardians the option of their eligible child attending an out-of-district school that participates in the Child Early Reading and Development Education Program or enrolling with a private provider.

The need for expanded full-day 4K is clear. According to the *2019 State Report Card*, in the spring of 2019, pre-pandemic, only 39% of the students who graduated from our public high schools were college and career ready. In the fall of 2019, only 39% of the children who entered kindergarten in our public schools were "ready to learn." That this number is identical is not a coincidence. The data clearly show that kindergarten readiness matters.

A 2019 study from University of Colorado entitled "The Effects of Full-Day Prekindergarten: Experimental Evidence of Impacts on Children's School Readiness" explores the hypothesis that "expanding the length of the school day will provide children with more exposure to high-quality learning opportunities, which, in turn, will yield greater and longer lasting benefits." The study provides compelling evidence that "a full-day, full-week preschool supports young children's development."

Such studies demonstrate what is already self-evident. We should provide all-day, high quality early childhood education for every four-year-old living in poverty in our state

Right now, in spite of the COVID-19 pandemic, South Carolina has more than 80,000 available jobs. The time is now to act, to take dramatic and decisive action – to secure our prosperity for generations to come, and to assure all of South Carolina's parents that their children will not go forgotten.

Teachers and Learning. In FY 2019-20, we began the process of investing in South Carolina's educational strength by raising all teachers' salaries. In Governor McMaster's 2020-21 Executive Budget, he asked the General Assembly to give each and every teacher in South Carolina a 33,000 salary increase – to help attract the best and brightest young people and keep our successful and experienced teachers in the classrooms. This proposed teacher pay raise would have catapulted the Palmetto State into the top 25 states nationally for average teacher pay – for the first time ever.

The COVID-19 pandemic paused these bold plans – but they have not gone forgotten. Today, South Carolina continues to experience a disheartening departure of teachers from classrooms. According to a recent study, teacher vacancies in South Carolina are up 26% from the same time last year.

Officials know that low pay remains a key contributing factor in the ongoing teacher shortage. But poor working conditions also contribute to our inability to retain teachers in the profession. We must continue investing in our teachers, and in future teachers, to ensure that our young people receive the best education possible. To facilitate robust recruitment and retention, salaries must be competitive with fellow teachers in the southeast – and compelling enough to attract more to enter the profession.

In school year 2019-20, the average teacher salary in South Carolina was \$53,329, a 4.8% increase over the prior year and \$116 above the Southeastern average teacher salary \$53,213. In November of 2020, the South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office estimated that the Southeastern average teacher salary will be \$53,426 in 2021.

As soon as South Carolina is able, we must resume investment in our teachers.

As we await greener economic pastures, this Executive Budget proposes an appropriation of \$35 million to lift the current suspension of teacher step salary increases, while providing the necessary funding to resume them. According to the Office of Revenue and Fiscal Affairs, these dollars are more than sufficient to get teachers back on their expected salary trajectories.

In addition, this Executive Budget recommends \$1.25 million in new dollars to expand the number of ProTeam and Teacher Cadet classes and the number of Teaching Fellows Scholarships. The ProTeam program identifies middle school students who are interested in a teaching career, while the Teacher Cadet program serves as a dual credit course for high school students who are academically talented and considering teaching as a career. The South Carolina Teaching Fellows Program recruits high-achieving high school seniors into the teaching profession and equips them to become effective and successful educators. This Executive Budget also funds a teacher working conditions survey to better understand why our teachers, especially teachers in the first five years of their career, are leaving the profession. This request was recommended by the Education Oversight Committee.

Classroom Instruction. For many young children, being out of school is dangerous. Every summer, the Department of Social Services (DSS) sees a decrease in the number of reported

cases of child abuse and neglect. In 2020, DSS began seeing that decrease in April, when reports dipped nearly 50% from the previous year. The abuse didn't stop – it just went unreported. Teachers were not watching our children.

In addition, the South Carolina Department of Education lost contact with more than 10,000 students when schools closed. Through the concerted efforts of DSS, South Carolina has now reestablished contact with nearly all of them.

The fact remains that a generation of students is now being left behind. In the fall of 2020, students in grades 3–8 performed similarly in reading to same-grade students in the fall of 2019, but about 5-10 percentile points lower in math. More troubling, a quarter of students were missing from the data set entirely because they did not take the Measure of Academic Progress test this fall. According to this national research, these children are more likely to be from high-poverty schools and students of color.

We cannot abandon these young people. Governor McMaster firmly believes that we must reopen all schools for face-to-face instruction – now.

The evidence is clear: schools can be opened safely. Ten months into the coronavirus pandemic, researchers have now established more than sufficient data to clearly discern the extent to which COVID-19 is spread in schools. According to a recent report from the Center for Education Data & Research, the National Center for Analysis of Longitudinal Data in Education Research and the Education Policy Innovation Collaborative, as long as infection rates are under control, inperson classroom instruction does not significantly contribute to community spread.

In November, Governor McMaster's office conducted a survey of the 15 districts that had successfully reopened for full-day instruction to that point (seven additional districts have since reopened). By identifying and consulting with community leaders like local health care providers, public health officials, school nurses, and district and school personnel – school districts were able to develop innovative strategies and protocols for re-opening classrooms on time. These successes can and should serve as a model for other schools across the state.

It is absolutely critical that South Carolina's students, teachers, administrators, and other school employees are provided the resources they need to operate our schools in the safest possible manner. In August, Governor McMaster directed the Department of Administration to distribute \$10 million in masks and other personal protective equipment to 70 public schools around the state. In November, the Governor signed an executive order authorizing DHEC to provide all public schools with rapid antigen tests for use by students and school staff. These tests will give students, teachers, and faculty members another layer of defense against the virus.

It is also critical that parents in South Carolina are confident that their children are safe and secure when they are at school. Governor McMaster is calling on the General Assembly to invest \$23,400,000 to complete the process of placing a school resource officer (SRO) in every South Carolina school. Currently, 302 schools have no SRO on staff.

Further, Governor McMaster is proposing a \$5,577,165 appropriation to put a full-time nurse in every school in every district – all day, every day. These dollars would allow for the hiring of 78 new nurses and the conversion 32 part-time nurses to full-time. Finally, this budget includes \$600,000 non-recurring dollars for recruitment bonuses for school-based mental health counselors – to incentivize recruitment and begin the process of ensuring that every school-aged child in South Carolina has access to mental health services.

In the coronavirus era, providing resources to school children doesn't just mean safety and wellness. If we are to get our young people learning again, we must also re-double our commitment to ensuring they have sufficient funding for educational materials. The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget provides:

- \$100,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for new instructional materials at the Department of Education. These funds will ensure that all Common Core textbooks are replaced with textbooks aligned with South Carolina standards and values.
- \$15,000,000 in recurring dollars and \$9,588,000 in EIA dollars for charter schools to account for increased enrollment at brick-and-mortar and virtual charters.
- \$700,000 in recurring dollars for computer science and coding instruction to help prepare our students for post-pandemic career opportunities.

Due to the ongoing pandemic, the lack of options for parents in traditional public schools has resulted in a 25% increase in enrollment at South Carolina charter schools. As such, Governor McMaster is calling the General Assembly to fund charter schools through the General Fund, so that they no longer have to rely on EIA dollars every year. Growth in the number of charter schools represents an educational option our South Carolina parents are increasingly choosing.

In addition, the Governor is directing \$13,900,000 for the creation of Education Savings Accounts, pending a change in the law by the General Assembly. Every child deserves a fair shot at success, no matter their background or family income. Under this proposal, parents would be allowed to take a more active role in tailoring academic experiences of their children to address their individual needs.

Access and Affordability in Higher Education. South Carolina must continue its collaborative efforts to make public universities and colleges – technical and comprehensive – more affordable and accessible for all South Carolinians. In FY 2019-20, we took the dramatic step of freezing college tuition for in-state students.

According to 2020 data, South Carolina is #5 in the nation for student debt. Average borrower debt is \$38,300. This is unacceptable.

In spite of these high numbers, undergraduate enrollment for the 2020 school year in South Carolina was only slightly down – around 1%. This is significantly less than many other states. Nationwide, it's down an average of 4%, with 26 states exceeding that number. Enrollment is down 15.8% in Rhode Island, 10.6% in New Mexico and 9.7% in Michigan.

South Carolina has fared better than much of the nation, but we must maintain our commitment to our young people. We must not raise tuition at this critical time.

This budget makes a substantial investment in tuition scholarships and grants, including:

- \$236,771,166 in lottery dollars for LIFE Scholarships, \$71,173,280 in lottery dollars for Palmetto Fellows Scholarships and \$10,372,104 in lottery dollars for HOPE Scholarships;
- \$60,000,000 in lottery dollars for need-based grants at CHE to provide tuition assistance for every eligible student in private colleges;
- \$51,100,000 in lottery dollars for tuition assistance at 2-year institutions (CHE and Tech Board);
- \$20,000,000 in lottery dollars for tuition grants at the Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission.

In FY 2019-20, Governor McMaster proposed and signed into law a tuition mitigation plan which placed a 7% increase in higher education's base appropriation (totaling \$42 million) with schools, which then had to verify that they had not increased tuition before spending a single dollar. Public colleges that pledged to forego tuition increases received these dollars on a prorata basis after certification by the Commission on Higher Education (CHE).

This year, the FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates the entirety of the Capital Reserve Fund, \$176,095,044, to capital improvement projects at our institutions of higher education. This funding will be distributed on a pro-rata basis, based on in-student enrollment at each of our state colleges and universities. These dollars are for <u>deferred maintenance only</u> – not new construction projects.

Deferred maintenance amounts by institution:

Two-, Four-Year and Research Universities

Institution	Non-Recurring Dollars
The Citadel	\$2,769,529.57
Clemson University College of Charleston	\$18,390,986.78 \$7,449,765.42
Coastal Carolina University	\$6,001,232.42
Francis Marion University	\$4,553,869.48 \$3,747,698.86
Lander University South Carolina State University	\$3,747,098.80 \$2,416,171.76
USC - Columbia	\$24,691,754.30
USC - Aiken	\$3,944,268.76

USC - Upstate
USC - Beaufort
USC - Lancaster
USC - Salkehatchie
USC - Sumter
USC - Union
Winthrop University
Medical University of South Carolina

Total

Technical Colleges

Institution

Non-Recurring Dollars

\$96,410,518.44

\$6,647,104.97 \$1,983,249.94 \$2,080,364.84 \$932,536.99 \$1,564,368.83 \$1,164,208.67 \$5,595,221.96 \$2,478,184.88

Trident Technical College	\$13,453,337.96
Northeastern Technical College	\$1,700,095.67
Florence Darlington Technical College	\$3,728,977.92
Greenville Technical College	\$11,791,854.23
Horry-Georgetown Technical College	\$6,486,806.89
Midlands Technical College	\$10,030,915.49
Orangeburg-Calhoun Technical College	\$2,584,660.25
Piedmont Technical College	\$5,378,761.05
Spartanburg Technical College	\$4,731,718.45
Central Carolina Technical College	\$3,363,919.52
Tri-County Technical College	\$6,090,156.90
York Technical College	\$4,852,234.52
Aiken Technical College	\$1,986,760.12
Denmark Technical College	\$545,247.48
Technical College of the Lowcountry	\$2,216,091.68
Williamsburg Technical College	\$742,987.44
Τ. 4.1	\$70 (Q4 525 5(

Total

\$79,684,525.56

We must redouble our efforts to ensure more of our in-state students are able to get an education in South Carolina. To that end, this Executive Budget also dedicates \$750,000 to expand scholarships for South Carolina resident students with intellectual disabilities enrolled in College Transition Programs such as ClemsonLIFE, which offers a collegiate experience for young men and women with intellectual disabilities to prepare them for competitive employment and independent living through a combination of academic coursework and career exploration.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, WORKFORCE & INFRASTRUCTURE

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates:

- \$123,205,312 in non-recurring dollars to create the Small Business Relief Grant Program at the Department of Commerce;
- \$30,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for broadband expansion at the Office of Regulatory Staff;
- \$20,167,126 in lottery dollars for workforce scholarships and grants at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$17,000,000 in lottery dollars for the SC WINS program at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$12,500,000 in lottery dollars for high-demand job skill training equipment at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$10,000,000 in lottery dollars for ReadySC at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$3,129,944 in non-recurring dollars for the Rural Infrastructure Fund at the Rural Infrastructure Authority;
- \$4,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for the "Locate SC" economic development recruitment program at the Department of Commerce;
- \$2,700,000 in non-recurring dollars for the Closing Fund at the Department of Commerce.

Following the first difficult months of the COVID-19 pandemic, Team South Carolina took swift and decisive action to reignite our economy. According to a December report from TD, "[a]n aggressive reopening strategy earlier in the year set the Palmetto State up for a swift economic rebound. By many accounts, this strategy appears to have paid off over the last few months."

Indeed, as of October, about 66% of the payrolls lost in leisure and hospitality during the spring have been recovered, a higher share than at the national level (58%). After losing 272,700 jobs in April with the beginning of the pandemic, South Carolina added 16,300 jobs in November. This follows the addition of 11,700 jobs in October, 24,800 jobs in September and a total of 221,000 jobs since the initial loss in April. This represents an 81.3% gain, a figure which vastly exceeds broader U.S. job gains – 55.4% since April.

Our economic development figures remain strong. Over the past decade, South Carolina's economy has grown faster than all but seven other states. Since 2017, we have announced \$12.7 billion in new capital investment and more than 43,000 new jobs through the Department of Commerce. According to Census data, we have the sixth fastest growing population in the nation; since 2000, we have added more than one million new residents. In recent years, we have added approximately 60,000 people annually – an average of more than 170 each day.

According to *Area Development* magazine's 2020 ranking, which analyzes metrics such as cost of doing business and access to capital, South Carolina places third overall for best places in the country to do business. As a result, our economy continues to see tremendous wins, including in

our manufacturing sector. Boeing, for example, recently announced the consolidation of all its production lines here in South Carolina.

South Carolina remains open for business. We never close.

Small Businesses. In South Carolina, the Small Business Administration (SBA) issued over \$5.7 billion in Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans to 67,176 small businesses as well as \$2.1 billion in Economic Injury Disaster Loans to 46,576 small businesses.

Governor McMaster firmly believes these small businesses are the lifeblood of South Carolina's economy. However, in spite of federal programs created by the CARES Act, many of them are still hurting. According to the National Federation of Independent Businesses, one-in-four small business owners report that they will have to close their doors in the next six months if the current economic conditions don't improve, up 5% from last month. Another 22% of small business owners anticipate they will be able to operate no longer than 7-12 months under current economic conditions.

In November, Governor McMaster announced the Minority and Small Business Relief Grant Program and the Nonprofit Relief Grant Program, recommended by Governor McMaster and passed into law by the General Assembly using \$65 million in CARES Act dollars. In the first two weeks of their existence, these programs received over 11,000 applications. To date, they have directly assisted 2,284 businesses and 686 non-profits.

To qualify for either grant program, certain eligibility criteria were put in place. Specifically, they had to demonstrate that they:

- Employ 25 or fewer employees;
- Be physically located in South Carolina;
- Be in operation from Sept. 13, 2019, to present; and
- Be able to demonstrate a financial or operational impact due to COVID-19.

At the same time, due to the significant amount of interest and applications, more than 8,000 businesses were unable to receive these grants. This Executive Budget proposes the immediate establishment of the Small Business Relief Grant Program at the Department of Commerce using \$ 123,205,312 in non-recurring dollars. The Department of Commerce has significant experience with pandemic-impacted businesses, having worked diligently over the past ten months to help them with Paycheck Protection Program loans, advising them on guidelines and providing authorization for events. The agency is well suited to administer this exciting new program.

Employment and Workforce Development. The Department of Employment and Workforce has never faced a crisis like COVID-19. During the worst week of the Great Recession, we saw nearly 14,000 initial jobless claims filed. During the worst week of the COVID-19 pandemic, we saw more than 87,000.

Our people are getting back to work. Thanks to the General Assembly and accelerateSC, and thanks to the strength of all South Carolinians – we are maintaining our prosperity.

Over the course of the pandemic, South Carolina wisely used more than \$800 million in CARES Act dollars to replenish the Unemployment Trust Fund. To date, the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce has paid out \$4.7 billion in federal and state funds to help our friends and neighbors who have lost jobs. As we endeavor to regain lost jobs, we must also take steps to ensure businesses have access to a pipeline of future employees who are trained, educated and ready to work.

In recent years, South Carolina has taken bold steps to empower the next generation's workforce. Governor McMaster has directed more resources toward enhancing workforce training, development and education than ever before – to make sure all the assets and opportunities are in place to help South Carolinians achieve and sustain financial independence and prosperity.

Now is not the time to pause those efforts. With many people out of work, and with 80,000 jobs available throughout the state, this Executive Budget continues to place focus on training and retraining our people – to get these jobs and prosper in them. We must give South Carolinians every advantage.

According to the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce, "critical needs" jobs account for 45% of the workforce, while only 29% of people have the necessary skills to fill those jobs. And, according to a report by the Lumina Foundation, by 2025, 60% of Americans will need some type of high-quality credential beyond high school to participate in the workforce.

South Carolina has all the people and all the resources it needs – what is important is that we expand our investment in technical education and workforce development so that our people continue to play a decisive role in recruiting new business.

To help achieve this goal, the FY 2021-22 Executive Budget provides a total of \$73,567,126 in workforce development dollars, including:

- \$ 37,167,126 in lottery dollars for workforce scholarships and grants at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$17,000,000 in lottery dollars for the SC WINS program at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$12,500,000 in lottery dollars for high-demand job skill training equipment at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education;
- \$10,000,000 in lottery dollars for direct training through ReadySC at the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education.

Infrastructure and Broadband. South Carolina's unmatched global connectivity continues to provide unlimited opportunities for our people. The Palmetto State has one of the nation's fastest-growing container ports, two innovative inland ports, 2,300 miles of rail lines and more than

41,000 miles of state-maintained highways. There are 208 million people within two days drive of South Carolina.

With global trade rebounding, activity at South Carolina ports is up - in November, the South Carolina Ports Authority set a record for number of containers handles (up 12% from the previous year). The port will continue to benefit from WalMart's newly-announced distribution center – a large scale investment expected to create 1,000 full-time jobs, while boosting port volumes by 5%.

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget includes \$5,000,000 for continued construction of the Jasper Ocean Terminal, a 1,500-acre site along the north bank of the Savannah River in Jasper County, which will increase the region's capacity to efficiently handle cargo throughput into in the region over the next 35 years.

By continuing to invest in our infrastructure and logistics assets, we will ensure that South Carolina maintains its unmatched global connectivity.

Gaps in our online connectivity require a significant investment this year. Broadband is a powerful catalyst for economic and social advancement. It is no longer a luxury – it is a necessity, critical to ensuring a level playing field for those in rural areas. Emergency response, health care access, education – all rely increasingly on Internet access.

In South Carolina, nearly half a million people (434,725) are below the Federal Communications Commission standard for broadband connectivity -94% of them are in rural areas. 160,655 people in rural South Carolina are completely unserved.

The COVID-19 pandemic laid bare these inadequacies. Accordingly, accelerateSC recommended a substantial investment in broadband and the General Assembly, with Governor McMaster's support, acted in short order – approving \$50,000,000 for infrastructure, hot spot distribution and the development of a statewide broadband plan to address gaps in our wireless infrastructure.

Further steps are required. The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates \$30,000,000 for the Office of Regulatory Staff to continue its critical efforts to expand broadband in South Carolina. Specifically, these dollars will go to the South Carolina Broadband Infrastructure Program, intended to emphasize services to rural communities with a high prevalence of COVID-19 or with demographics consistent with risk factors for COVID-19. The program provides reimbursement for expenditures for infrastructure expansion necessary for the COVID-19 public health emergency and must increase capacity for distance learning, telework or telehealth.

Working together, we can level the playing field for all South Carolinians, regardless of where they live.

LAW ENFORCEMENT, PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates:

- \$15,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for continued construction of the National Guard Readiness Center and Cyber DreamPort;
- \$10,200,000 for non-recurring dollars for the creation of a case management at the Prosecution Coordination Commission;
- \$5,000,000 in recurring dollars for continued start-up costs at new state veterans' nursing homes administered by the Department of Mental Health;
- \$4,000,000 in recurring dollars for pay increases at the Department of Public Safety;
- \$3,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for armory revitalization at the Adjutant General's Office;
- \$3,000,000 in recurring dollars for recruitment and retention at the Department of Corrections;
- \$2,085,300 in recurring dollars for recruitment and retention at the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services;
- \$1,000,000 for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Warehouse Operational Expenses at the Adjutant General's Office;
- \$1,483,670 in recurring dollars for recruitment and retention at SLED;
- \$1,301,389 in recurring dollars for recruitment and retention at the Department of Juvenile Justice;
- \$1,200,000 for repairs at the Olympia Armory;
- \$1,000,000 in recurring dollars for expansion of the drug court system;
- \$1,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for new firefighting equipment and \$1,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for equipment replacement at the Forestry Commission;
- \$850,000 for the Urban Search and Rescue Task Force and the Helicopter Aquatic Rescue Team at the Department of Labor, Licensing and Review;
- \$750,000 in non-recurring dollars for the Alston Wilkes Society at the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services;
- \$706,066 in recurring dollars for recruitment and retention at the Department of Natural Resources;
- \$597,204 in non-recurring dollars for COVID-related law enforcement overtime at the Department of Natural Resources;
- \$356,298 in recurring dollars and \$452,500 in non-recurring dollars to stand up the Department of Veterans' Affairs;
- \$250,000 in non-recurring dollars for SLED and \$250,000 in non-recurring dollars at the Department of Labor, Licensing and Review for PTSD treatment.

There has never been a more difficult time to be in law enforcement. Over the past year, police officers in America have been subjected to a disgraceful level of disrespect and abuse – from both sides of the aisle.

Governor McMaster's top priority is keeping South Carolinians safe. The first step is maintaining a robust law enforcement presence – and <u>funding the police</u>. The FY 2021-22

Executive Budget makes a significant investment in law enforcement recruitment and retention, dedicating \$13,173,629 in new, recurring dollars across agencies for pay and step increases, including at: the State Law Enforcement Division, the Department of Public Safety, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, and the Department of Juvenile Justice.

The Department of Corrections (SCDC), in particular, needs new and continued investment. Every member of the General Assembly is aware of the struggles facing the men and women working at SCDC. Each day they are confronted with the challenges of contraband, violence, gangs, staffing, health care and facilities that are inadequate, outdated or simply broken – a problem exacerbated by the pressures of the COVID-19 pandemic. This budget dedicates \$3,000,000 for retention increases. Further, this budget includes a proviso allowing SCDC to utilize up to \$100,000,000 in carry-forward dollars available after COVID-19 reimbursements for prison safety upgrades.

In addition, via proviso, this budget removes the \$10,000 retirement cap for anyone enrolled in the Police Officers Retirement System, which limits the pay of retirees who return to work for state or local agencies. In previous budgets, Governor McMaster has pledged to place a school resource officer in every school, in every county – all day, every day. Removing this cap will incentivize retired law enforcement to return to work in schools and in other law enforcement organizations to help us ensure that all our people are safe.

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget also makes a substantial investment in law enforcement infrastructure. Specifically, it includes \$10,000,000 to create a statewide case management system at the Prosecution Coordination Commission and \$1,000,000 to expand the drug court system to judicial circuits where drug court programs do not currently exist.

While a strong law enforcement is critical to ensuring South Carolina's safety, ending recidivism is equally important. On a logistical level, limited docket time due to the pandemic has made it difficult to expeditiously adjudicate many cases. Drug courts play a vital role in this process, offering a public health approach in which the judiciary, prosecution, defense bar, probation, law enforcement, mental health, social services, and treatment communities work together to help addicted offenders into long-term recovery.

Military and Veterans. South Carolina is a military state. We have more than 50,000 active duty and reserve members of the military, eight major military installations and more than 400,000 veterans in South Carolina. 50% percent of all soldiers entering the Army each year come through Fort Jackson.

Governor McMaster was proud to work with the General Assembly to support legislation creating the South Carolina Department of Veterans' Affairs. Veterans in South Carolina now have a gubernatorial-appointed secretary leading this cabinet-level agency to act as their advocate on the state and federal level. This budget provides \$808,798 in combined recurring and non-recurring dollars to continue efforts to stand-up this critical new agency.

This Executive Budget also provides \$2,500,000 to expand the South Carolina National Guard College Assistance Program (SCNG CAP). Currently, SCNG CAP offers financial assistance to members of the South Carolina Army and Air National Guard as an incentive for enlisting or remaining for a specified period of time in either body. Recipients may receive up to a maximum of \$4,500 for the Army National Guard and up to a maximum of \$9,000 for the Air National Guard per academic year, with the cumulative total not to exceed \$18,000. In many cases, these dollar amounts are not sufficient to cover all tuition costs at our state institutions of higher education. With this additional investment, based on FY 2019-20 numbers, SCNG CAP recipients will have all of their tuition covered.

We should always seek to honor and reward those that dedicate their time and efforts to serve our nation. This adjustment will do so - and may also encourage more in-state enrollment in the process. In other words, if you join the South Carolina Army or National Guard, and you meet qualifications, your tuition will be paid for - all of it.

Finally, this budget includes significant funding for facility repair and construction, including \$15 million for phase two of construction of the National Guard Readiness Center and Cyber DreamPort – a state-of-the-art facility that will provide cyber training and modernization of the National Guard's cyber mission. The facility will provide the basis for a collaborative effort between military, education, business, industry, and research centers to be able to protect the infrastructure and continue to attract new industry to the state. Further appropriations include significant dollars for equipment and facility revitalization, including \$4,200,000 in non-recurring dollars for armory revitalization and \$1,000,000 for the Personal Protective Equipment Warehouse at the Adjutant General's Office.

GOOD GOVERNMENT & HEALTH

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates:

- \$32,411,836 in recurring dollars for increased employer contributions to the state pension system;
- \$30,225,247 in non-recurring dollars for deferred maintenance at state agencies;
- \$20,000,000 in recurring dollars and \$5,000,000 in non-recurring dollars for the "Caring for South Carolina's Children" initiative at the Department of Social Services;
- \$8,730,000 to end roll-up appropriations and replace them with a competitive grant appropriation for each agency;
- \$10,000,000 in recurring dollars for maintenance of effort annualization at the Department of Health and Human Services;
- \$5,928,000 to maintain the State Health Plan at current levels;
- \$3,000,000 in recurring dollars for sustainability of addiction crisis efforts at the Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services.

Budgetary Reform. Too often, the General Assembly uses the practice of "rolling up" funding in the budget for individual earmarks, pet projects and "pork" commonly intended for local projects in certain legislators' districts. They are placed on lines inside a specific state agency budget and given vague names like "Parks Revitalization" and "Sports Marketing." Ninety percent of the membership – and one hundred percent of the public, to whom these tax dollars actually belong – is unaware of the intended recipients of these appropriations, as no public list is provided. In practice, months after the budget has become law, an agency head is contacted by legislators or their staffers and instructed where and to whom these funds are to be sent.

In FY 2019-20, Governor McMaster vetoed over \$20 million in "roll up" funds in the FY 2019-20 General Appropriations Act and provided the following explanation:

"This line represents a pass-thru earmark void of necessary transparency. The appropriation lacks disclosure or explanation, justification, description, purpose, location or amount. These earmarks should be publicly disclosed and debated through the normal appropriations process and allowed to stand on their own merits, not rolled up into one line thereby sheltered from scrutiny."

These vetoes were subsequently overridden by the General Assembly and became law. This has become a routine exercise between governors and the legislature.

This budget takes steps towards maintaining the public's trust in government by implementing new procedures to ensure transparency in the appropriations process – ending rollups and replacing them with a competitive grant appropriation for each agency. Agencies shall establish a process for entities, organizations and individuals to apply for funding. Applications will be required to provide detailed explanation, justification, description and intended use of these funds. Agencies shall also post online all information about grants, the application process, required criteria and award information.

In the future, organizations, festivals, tournaments and other standard recipients of earmarked dollars will apply for these grants and awards will be determined through a merit-based process established by an agency director. This new process will be transparent and accountable to taxpayers. Moreover, it will demonstrate to the people of South Carolina that their money is being spent wisely.

Amounts appropriated to each agency will be based on last year's funding levels, totaling \$8,730,000. Line-item appropriations are clearly delineated in this budget, as follows:

- Medical Contracts (DHHS) \$2,000,000
- Local Law Enforcement Grants (DPS) \$2,000,000
- Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants (DAH) \$1,000,000
- Parks Revitalization Grants (PRT) \$1,500,000
- Sports Marketing Grants (PRT) \$1,500,000
- Cultural Arts and Theater Grants (Arts Commission) \$450,000
- Local Fire Department Grants (LLR) \$280,000

Revenue expenditures should always be listed on the line. The Governor has made clear – if the General Assembly allows these allocations to stand on their own merits, he will issue a veto only where they fail to live up to the standards expected by the taxpayers, who are the true owners of every government brick and building in the state.

Ethics. South Carolinians must trust their representatives, and representatives must demonstrate they are deserving of that trust.

Along with former Attorney General Medlock, Governor McMaster co-chaired the South Carolina Ethics Commission, and made a series of ethics reform recommendations – some of which have been implemented, and some of which have not. It is the continued goal of the McMaster Administration to see them <u>all</u> enacted.

South Carolina needs stronger and expanded investigative authority for the State Ethics Commission to obtain, verify and confirm information related to campaign finance disclosures and statements of economic interest. This budget doubles the registration fee for lobbyists from \$100 to \$200, allowing for increased investigation and enforcement efforts by the State Ethics Commission.

We should require anyone paid to influence decisions made by county, city or town councils to register as lobbyists. And we should require that Members of the General Assembly comply with the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). After all these years, the legislature still shields itself from FOIA requests. If we are to hold all public servants accountable, this self-imposed exemption must end.

Pensions. We have been ringing the alarm bell for years. South Carolina's \$24 billion unfunded pension liability threatens to place unprecedented strain on state government if steps are not taken to address this crisis.

In 2017, Governor McMaster signed into law legislation increasing employee and employer contributions to the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) and Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), an unfortunate but necessary first step to begin reducing the state's unfunded liability. To that end, this Executive Budget includes \$32,411,836 to account for this time. However, it is time for the legislature to make some hard decisions and implement systemic reforms to correct this problem.

We must maintain our commitment to the 11.5% of South Carolina's population that relies on state retirement systems, while protecting taxpayers from bearing any additional financial burden caused by inaction or indecision. That means enacting a date-certain transition away from defined benefit pension plans to defined contribution retirement plans for new state employees. This budget includes proviso language which closes enrollment in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) to new members. A person who otherwise would have been required or eligible to become a member of SCRS and employed by the state after December 31, 2020, instead shall join the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA).

Adopting this reform will require a concerted expenditure of political willpower on behalf of the General Assembly. Yet, it pales in comparison to the cost of inaction, which threatens a much more permanent paralysis.

Santee Cooper. South Carolina's bright economic future and continued job growth require an abundant supply of clean and affordable energy. Without it, we are at a competitive disadvantage.

Governor McMaster has pushed for Santee Cooper's sale for years and commends the General Assembly for approving a process to field and evaluate offers from companies to purchase or take over management of the utility, which supplies power to 2 million South Carolinians.

However, continued delay in fielding purchase offers has backfired. At a time when all South Carolinians are tightening their belts, this rogue agency took on \$100 million in new debt, directly contravening the will of the General Assembly and its own customers, while muddying the waters for a potential sale.

Governor McMaster urges the men and women of the General Assembly to again consider the sale of Santee Cooper. Ratepayers deserve it and prudence demands it.

We must provide the state with the best solution possible, one which protects ratepayers while recognizing the valuable contributions of current and former employees of Santee Cooper, both now and in the future.

Health and Social Services. Effectively protecting the health and well-being of all South Carolinians is critical to good governance – made all the more important in the COVID-19 pandemic.

During these uncertain times, many South Carolinians may have feelings of stress and anxiety. South Carolinians are currently experiencing depression at three times the rate of the national average, according to the CDC. Alcohol and drug abuse, consequently, has risen significantly during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget includes \$3,000,000 in recurring dollars for sustainability of addiction crisis efforts at the Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services. With this funding, the South Carolina Department of Alcohol and Other Abuse Services will be better able to ease the trauma and anguish attendant to alcoholism and drug abuse.

Our health care system must not be used to funnel tax dollars to organizations which do not represent South Carolina values or priorities. For the fourth year in a row, this budget includes a proviso preventing the funneling of taxpayer dollars to abortion providers like Planned Parenthood. There are a variety of agencies, clinics, and medical entities in South Carolina that receive taxpayer funding to offer important women's health and family planning services without performing abortions. South Carolinians do not want their money spent that way; this budget safeguards against spending tax dollars in a manner that is contrary to the values we hold dear.

ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget dedicates:

- \$7,500,000 in non-recurring dollars for conservation grants at the Conservation Land Bank;
- \$2,995,000 in non-recurring dollars for maintenance of the State Water Plan at the Department of Natural Resources;
- \$250,000 in recurring dollars to hire a Chief Resiliency Officer and an Administrative Assistant at the South Carolina Office of Resilience;

Resilience. So far this year, South Carolina has largely escaped the wrath of a major hurricane. But we know well what to expect. In South Carolina, four major flooding disasters affected us in the period between 2012 and 2018. Collectively, these events resulted in 37 deaths and damage to nearly 150,000 homes. Financially, the cost exceeded \$800 million, with an estimated total loss of \$320 million in tourism dollars.

It's a challenge of the utmost urgency. That's why Governor McMaster took a proactive approach to mitigate disaster and protect our people, property and way of life.

In 2018, he created the South Carolina Floodwater Commission. Thousands of hours of volunteerism went into producing a report which endeavors to address our many challenges in a balanced, holistic manner. One of the top recommendations: consolidating flood response under a single entity.

S. 259, passed by the General Assembly and signed by the Governor in 2020, created the South Carolina Office of Resilience, to be governed by a Chief Resilience Officer appointed by the Governor who will develop, implement, and maintain the Statewide Resilience Plan with the goal of coordinating statewide resilience and disaster recovery efforts with federal, state, local and non-governmental entities. This Executive Budget includes funding to hire a Chief Resilience Officer and administrative support.

Many Floodwater Commission recommendations have yet to be implemented. We must address deferred maintenance of our state's drainage systems. We must plant more native vegetation – to deter erosion and aid in groundwater infiltration. We must protect, replenish and expand our marshes. We must ensure under-resourced local governments have the means to apply for and access much-needed recovery funds.

Offshore Drilling. For years, Governor McMaster has opposed the prospect of seismic testing and oil exploration off the coast of South Carolina.

Our beaches, sea islands and marshes are among the most beautiful in the nation, drawing 28.5 million people to South Carolina each year. Our 187-mile coastline and 2,876 miles of coastal shoreline drive a \$24 billion tourism industry – one of our largest. From Myrtle Beach to Charleston to Hilton Head, our seaside communities are dependent on a pristine coastline that

brings visitors here from all over the globe. Such reliance means we simply cannot afford to accept the risk of adverse environmental impacts attendant to offshore drilling.

Every town council along the South Carolina coastline has voted to oppose seismic testing. They are right to do so. Our commercial seafood fishing industry enjoys a vibrant offshore ecosystem. The impacts and habitat disruption that marine life might suffer due to seismic testing is simply not worth whatever benefit our state might see from placing oil rigs offshore.

In 2019, Governor McMaster signed into law a budget proviso prohibiting the construction of industrialized infrastructure on South Carolina soil. In 2020, he strongly opposed the ruling by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration suggesting that searching for oil "outweighs any potential short-term, limited, and localized adverse coastal effects to fisheries and sea turtles." In September, the Trump Administration halted this proposal.

Governor McMaster will continue to oppose all efforts to despoil our coastline – by any means necessary.



Statewide Enterprise Strategic Objectives

Statewide Strategic Objectives

South Carolina Government has a number of goals, priorities and key initiatives that transcend agency and other organizational boundaries. These enterprise-level strategic objectives seek to capture the core functions and responsibilities of state government into five strategic areas. They provide important input into agencies' planning processes, serve as a baseline for assessing progress on key issues and require cooperative efforts in order to affect performance in a meaningful way.

Education, Training and Human Development

• Improve educational infrastructure to elevate the levels of educational preparedness of every South Carolinian to lead a healthy and productive life, including success in a job or career and in the community.

Healthy and Safe Families

• Enhance public well-being by delivering efficient and cost-effective public health and support services.

Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security

• Protect the safety, integrity and security of statewide public resources, infrastructure and citizens including timely response to emergencies and disasters.

Public Infrastructure and Economic Development

• Build a world-class and safe public infrastructure to enhance the quality of life of our citizens and to promote the state in global competiveness as a location for business, investment, talent, innovation and visitors.

Government and Citizens

• Deliver a government that serves the needs of South Carolinians and achieves interagency collaboration to deliver highly effective, efficient and innovative programs.

Note:

Copies of each agency's Accountability Report and Strategic Plan may be found at: <u>https://admin.sc.gov/budget/accountability</u>



Financial Overview

Financial Overview

GENERAL FUND – RECURRING		
SOURCES:		
Sales and Use Tax	\$	3,419,654,000
Individual Income Tax		4,807,984,000
Corporate Income Tax		347,300,000
Other Recurring Sources		1,014,988,000
		9,589,926,000
Less: Income Tax Revenues Credited to the Tax Relief Trust Fund (§11-11-150)		(650,023,221)
Net General Fund Revenues	\$	8,939,902,779
USES:		
General Fund Appropriations	\$	8,939,902,779
GENERAL FUND – NONRECURRING		
SOURCES:		
FY2018-19 Contingency Reserve Fund	\$	103,451,091
FY2019-20 Contingency Reserve Fund		671,514,950
FY2020-21 Debt Service Lapse		125,239,577
FY2020-21 Projected General Fund Surplus		36,311,463
	\$	936,517,081
USES:		
Transfer to General Reserve Fund (§11-11-310)		18,723,614
Nonrecurring Appropriations		417,793,467
Unappropriated for Reserve Fund		500,000,000
	\$	936,517,081
CAPITAL RESERVE FUND		
SOURCES:		
Funds Appropriated to the FY2020-21 Capital Reserve Fund,	¢	176 005 044
Part IA, Section 107, FY2020-21 General Appropriations Act	Э	176,095,044
USES:		
Capital Reserve Fund Appropriations	\$	176,095,044
	Ŷ	1,0,0,0,0,0,1
EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT		
SOURCES:		
Recurring:		
Education Improvement Act Sales Tax	\$	905,400,000
USES:		
EIA Appropriations	\$	905,400,000
EDUCATION LOTTERY EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT		
SOURCES:		
Recurring:	¢	501 000 000
Lottery Proceeds	\$	501,000,000
Investment Earnings		3,250,000
Unclaimed Prizes		19,000,000
Nonrecurring:		12 000 000
FY2020-21 Estimated Revenue Surplus	¢	13,900,000
Total:	\$	537,150,000
USES:		
0.52.67		
Lottery Appropriations	\$	523,250,000
,	-	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES ESTIMATE OF GENERAL, SCHOOL, TRANSPORTATION, EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT AND EDUCATION LOTTERY REVENUES FISCAL YEAR 2021-22

FISCAL	YEAR 2021-22		
	Continuing Resolution Estimate FY 2020-21	Board of Economic Advisors Estimate FY 2021-22 November 10, 2020	Governor's Estimate FY 2021-22
General Fund Revenues:			
Sales and Use Tax	\$ 3,294,402,000	\$ 3,419,654,000	\$ 3,419,654,000
Individual Income Tax	4,661,029,000	4,827,103,000	4,807,984,000
Corporate Income Tax	400,997,000	347,300,000	347,300,000
Insurance Taxes	266,000,000	256,190,000	256,190,000
Admissions Tax	32,429,000	24,354,000	24,354,000
Aircraft Tax	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Alcoholic Liquor Tax	85,920,000	84,811,000	84,811,000
Bank Tax	54,851,000	52,015,000	52,015,000
Beer and Wine Tax	110,764,000	115,434,000	115,434,000
Bingo Tax	362,000	112,000	112,000
Business Filing Fees	7,750,000	9,210,000	9,210,000
Circuit & Family Court Fines	6,917,000	5,500,000	5,500,000
Corporation License Tax	105,162,000	101,200,000	101,200,000
Documentary Tax	84,652,000	98,692,000	98,692,000
Earned on Investments	60,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Indirect Cost Recoveries	16,500,000	15,569,000	15,569,000
Motor Vehicle Licenses	11,476,000	11,952,000	11,952,000
Nursing Home Licenses/Fees	3,600,000	3,600,000	3,600,000
Parole & Probation Supervision Fees	3,393,000	3,393,000	3,393,000
Private Car Lines Tax	6,596,000	6,622,000	6,622,000
Public Service Authority	17,000,000	17,450,000	17,450,000
Purchase Card Rebates	3,147,000	3,643,000	3,643,000
Record Search Fees	4,461,000	4,461,000	4,461,000
Savings & Loan Association Tax	803,000	3,048,000	3,048,000
Security Dealer Fees	27,300,000	28,666,000	28,666,000
Surcharge on Vehicle Rentals	870,000	-	-
Tobacco Tax	23,142,000	29,280,000	29,280,000
Uncashed Checks	2,000,000	-	-
Unclaimed Property Fund Transfer	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000
Workers' Compensation Insurance Tax	11,137,000	9,382,000	9,382,000
Other Source Revenues	10,502,000	12,904,000	12,904,000
Subtotal Less: Income Tax Revenues Credited to	9,330,662,000	9,609,045,000	9,589,926,000
Tax Relief Trust Fund (§11-11-150)	(614,053,000)	(650,023,221)	(650,023,221)
Total General Fund Revenues	8,716,609,000	8,959,021,779	8,939,902,779
Add: Non-Recurring Revenues and Transfers	20,403,313		
General Fund Revenues	8,737,012,313	8,959,021,779	8,939,902,779
Education Improvement Act Fund Revenues	861,235,000	905,400,000	905,400,000
Nonrecurring:			
Estimated FY2020-21 EIA Surplus	-	17,288,000	17,288,000
Total Education Improvement Act Fund Revenues	861,235,000	922,688,000	922,688,000
Transportation Fund Revenues	2,595,096,860	-	2,479,624,237
Education Lottery Account Revenues	463,200,000	523,250,000	523,250,000
FY2019-20 Projected Surplus Lottery Proceeds	45,900,000		
FY2020-21 Projected Surplus Lottery Proceeds	13,700,000	13,900,000	13,900,000
Total Education Lottery Account Revenues	509,100,000	537,150,000	537,150,000
Total Estimated Revenues (§11-11-410)	\$ 13,316,497,173	\$ 11,068,883,000	\$ 13,529,388,237



EIA, Lottery, CRF, and Nonrecurring Recommendations

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT		FY 2020-21		FY 2021-22	
		C.R.	Ex	ecutive Budget	Notes
ANDARDS, TEACHING, LEARNING, ACCOUNTABILITY					
1. Student Learning					
Classified Positions Other Operating Expenses					
Industry Certifications/Credentials	\$	550,000	\$	3,000,000	Requested by SCDE
Adult Education	\$	15,073,736	\$	15,073,736	Requested by SCDE
Add to Districts	\$	24,401,779	\$	24,401,779	
Students at Risk of School Failure	\$	79,551,723	\$	79,551,723	
Arts Curricula	\$	1,487,571	\$	1,487,571	
Career & Technology Education	\$	20,072,135	\$	20,072,135	
Summer Reading Camps	\$	7,500,000	\$	7,500,000	
Reading Coaches	\$	9,922,556	\$	19,922,556	1
EEDA	\$	8,413,832	\$	8,413,832	
Subtota	ıl: \$	166,973,332	\$	179,423,332	
2. Student Testing					
Classified Positions	\$	548,518	\$	548,518	
Other Operating Expenses	\$	678,748	\$	678,748	_
Assessment/Testing	\$	27,261,400	\$	29,261,400	2
Subtota	ıl: \$	28,488,666	\$	30,488,666	
3. Curriculum & Standards					
Classified Positions	\$	126,232	\$	126,232	
Other Personal Service	\$ \$	4,736	\$	4,736	
Other Operating Expenses	\$	41,987	\$	41,987	
Reading	\$	3,271,026	\$	3,271,026	
Instructional Materials	\$	20,922,839	\$	20,922,839	
Subtota		24,366,820	\$	24,366,820	
		, ,	+	;; * * ;; * _ *	
4. Assistance, Intervention, & Reward					
Classified Positions	\$	1,236,436	\$	1,236,436	
Other Operating Expenses	\$	1,374,752	\$	1,374,752	
School Safety Program	\$	10,000,000			3
Student Health and Fitness - School Nurses			\$	5,577,165	Level requested by SCDE
Student Health and Fitness - School Nuises			ф	5,577,105	Level requested by SCDE
EAA Technical Assistance	\$	23,801,301	\$	23,801,301	
PowerSchool/Data Collection	\$	7,500,000	\$	7,500,000	
School Value Added Instrument	\$	1,400,000	\$	1,400,000	
Subtota	ıl: \$	45,312,489	\$	40,889,654	
rly Childhood	¢	021 246	¢	021 246	
Classified Positions	<u>\$</u> \$	831,246	\$ \$	831,246	
Other Operating Expenses Alloc EIA - 4 YR Early Childhood	\$		\$	330,392	4
CDEPP - SCDE	\$ \$	15,513,846 41,441,053	\$	68,476,965	4 5
CDEPP - SCDE Subtota		<u>58,342,737</u>		68,476,965 69,864,803	3
	ı. 9	50,544,757	φ	07,004,003	
ACHER OLALIIY					
CACHER QUALITY 1. Certification			\$	1,263,470	
1. Certification	\$	1.263.470		1,579	
1. Certification Classified Positions	\$ \$	1,263,470 1,579	\$		
1. Certification		1,263,470 1,579 638,999	\$ \$	638,999	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service	\$ \$	1,579		638,999 1,904,048	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses	\$ \$	1,579 638,999	\$		
Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota Subtota Retention & Reward	\$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048	\$	1,904,048	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota	\$ \$ <i>11:</i> \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000	\$ \$	1,904,048 155,000	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota Subtota Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission	\$ \$ ul: \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724	\$ \$	1,904,048 155,000 372,724	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota Subtota Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions	\$ \$ 11: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000	\$ \$	<u>1,904,048</u> <u>155,000</u> <u>372,724</u> <u>80,000</u>	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota 2. Retention & Reward Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions Teacher Salary Supplement	\$ \$ <i>al:</i> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota Subtota Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions	\$ \$ 11: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	<u>1,904,048</u> <u>155,000</u> <u>372,724</u> <u>80,000</u>	
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota 2. Retention & Reward Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions Teacher Salary Supplement	\$ \$ <i>al:</i> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766	1% employer contribution increa
Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota Retention & Reward Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions Teacher Salary Supplement Teacher Supplies	\$ \$ ul: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766 14,721,500	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766 14,721,500	* •
1. Certification Classified Positions Other Personal Service Other Operating Expenses Subtota 2. Retention & Reward Teacher of the Year Award Teacher Quality Commission Classified Positions Teacher Salary Supplement Teacher Salary Supplement – Fringe/Employer Cont.	\$ \$ 11: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,579 638,999 1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766 14,721,500 39,524,934	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,904,048 155,000 372,724 80,000 181,230,766 14,721,500 43,533,934	1% employer contribution increa Reduction in number of Nationa Board Teachers

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT			FY 2020-21 C.R.		FY 2021-22 Contine Budget	Notes
3. Professional Development	_		U.K.	EXC	ecutive Budget	notes
Professional Development		\$	2,771,758	\$	2,771,758	
ADEPT		\$	873,909	\$	873,909	
		\$	3,645,667		3,645,667	
		*	-,,	*		
4. ADEPT						
Classified Positions		\$	65,000	\$	65,000	
	Subtotal:	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	
EADERSHIP						
Classified Positions		\$	82,049	\$	82,049	
Other Personal Service		\$	83,121	\$	83,121	
Other Operating Expenses		\$	279,032	\$	279,032	
Technology		\$	12,271,826	\$	12,271,826	
	Subtotal:	\$	12,716,028	\$	12,716,028	
A FMDI OVED CONTRIDUTIONS						
A EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Employer Contributions		\$	1,269,821	\$	1,269,821	
		5 \$	1,269,821	-	1,269,821	
	Subioilli.	φ	1,207,021	φ	1,207,021	
RTNERSHIPS						
ETV - K-12 Public Education (H670)		\$	3,576,409			6
ETV - Infastructure (H670)		\$	2,150,000			6
Literacy and Distance Learning (P360)		\$	415,000	\$	415,000	-
Reach Out and Read (A850)		\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	
S.C. Youth Challenge Academy (E240)		\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	
Arts Education Programs (H910)		\$	1,170,000	\$	1,170,000	
Education Oversight Committee (A850)		\$	1,793,242		1,793,242	
Science PLUS (A850)		\$	563,406	\$	563,406	
STEM Centers SC (H120)		\$	1,750,000	\$	1,750,000	
Teach for America South Carolina (A850)		\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	
Gov. School for Arts & Humanities (H630)		\$	1,619,531	\$	1,619,531	
Wil Lou Gray Opp. School (H710)		\$	736,678	\$	736,678	
School for Deaf & Blind (H750)		\$	7,933,774	\$	7,933,774	
Dept. of Disabilities & Special Needs (J160)		\$	408,653	\$	408,653	
S.C. Council on Economic Education (H270)		\$	300,000	\$	300,000	
John de la Howe School (L120)		\$	417,734	\$	417,734	
Clemson Agriculture Education Teachers (P200)		\$	1,144,356	\$	1,144,356	
Center for Educational Partnerships (H270)		\$	715,933	\$	715,933	
Centers of Excellence (H030)		\$	1,137,526	\$	1,137,526	
Teacher Recruit Program (H030)		\$	4,243,527	\$	4,243,527	
Teacher Loan Program (E160)		\$	5,089,881	\$	5,089,881	
BabyNet Autism Therapy (J020)		\$	3,926,408	\$	3,926,408	
Call Me Mister (H120)		\$	500,000	\$	500,000	
Regional Education Centers (P320)		\$	1,952,000	\$	1,952,000	
Family Connection S.C. (H630)		\$	300,000	\$	300,000	
Gov. School for Math & Science (H630)		\$	1,207,122	\$	1,207,122	
Center for Educ. Recruit, Reten., & Adv. (CERRA) (H470)	\$	531,680	\$	1,781,680	Teaching Fellows Scholarship an Teacher Working Conditions Sur
						reacher working Conulions Sur
Transform SC (A850)		\$	400,000	\$	400,000	
EOC Partnerships for Innovation (NR)		\$	500,000			
SDE Grants Committee		\$	504,313	\$	504,313	
National Student Clearinghouse (E500)				\$	56,100	EOC Recommendation
Dept. of Juvenile Justice (N120)				\$	2,500,000	
Save the Children (A850)				\$	1,000,000	Rural Initiative with matching priv funds
	Subtotal:	\$	49,987,173	\$	48,566,864	<i>J</i>
RANSPORTATION		_				
		\$	22,032,195	\$	22,032,195	
Other Operating		Ψ				

H. SOUT<u>H CAROLINA PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOL DISTRICT</u>

S.C. Public Charter Schools	\$	126,461,481 \$	126,461,481
	Subtotal: \$	126,461,481 \$	126,461,481

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT		FY 2020-21 C.R.	FY 2021-22 ecutive Budget	Notes
IRST STEPS TO SCHOOL READINESS				
Classified Positions	\$	2,179,885	\$ 2,179,885	
Unclassified Positions	\$	121,540	\$ 121,540	
Other Personal Services	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000	
Other Operating	\$	1,906,225	\$ 1,906,225	
County Partnerships	\$	14,435,228	\$ 14,435,228	
CDEPP	\$	9,767,864	\$ 30,647,766	5
Employer Contributions	\$	775,485	\$ 775,485	
	Subtotal: \$	29,336,227	\$ 50,216,129	

J. EIA NON-RECURRING

Computer Science Certification and Professional Learning	\$	700.000
Instructional Materials		,
SDE - Grants Committee	\$	7,000,000
Charter Schools	\$	9,588,000
Subtotal \$	- \$	17,288,000

Request from SCDE -Moved to nonrecurring

TOTAL : \$ 861,235,000 \$ 922,688,000

Available FY 2021-22 EIA Revenue (Recurring):	\$ 905,400,000
Available FY 2020-21 EIA Revenue (Non-Recurring):	\$ 17,288,000
Available FY 2021-22 EIA:	\$ 922,688,000
Surplus / (Deficit):	\$ -

Notes:

1. Transfer from General Fund to EIA

2. Transfer from half-day 4K to assessment for early literacy assessments

3. Transfer from EIA to General Fund (program moved to Department of Public Safety)

4. Transfer of funds to full-day 4K

5. Expansion of full-day 4K

6. Transfer from EIA to General Fund

EDUCATION LOTTERY ACCOUNT

Certified Net Lottery Proceeds and Investment Earnings (\$504.25M)		
(1) Commission on Higher Education and State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - Tuition Assista	nce \$	51,100,000
(2) Commission on Higher Education - LIFE Scholarships (Chapter 149, Title 59)	\$	236,771,166
(3) Commission on Higher Education - HOPE Scholarships (Section 59-150-370)	\$	10,371,104
(4) Commission on Higher Education - Palmetto Fellows Scholarships (Section 59-104-20)	\$	71,173,280
(5) Commission on Higher Education - Need-Based Grants	\$	60,000,000
(6) Higher Education Tuition Grant Commission - Tuition Grants	\$	20,000,000
(7) State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - Workforce Scholarships and Grants	\$	9,167,126
(8) Commission on Higher Education - National Guard Tuition Repayment Program (Section 59-111-75)	\$	2,631,129
(9) State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - SC WINS	\$	17,000,000
(10) South Carolina State University	\$	2,500,000
(11) State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - ReadySC	\$	10,000,000
(12) State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - High Demand Job Skill Training Equipment	\$	12,500,000
(13) Commission on Higher Education - SREB Program and Assessments	\$	236,195
(14) Commission on Higher Education - College Transition Program Scholarships	\$	750,000
(15) Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services - Gambling Addiction Services	\$	50,000
	Subtotal: \$	504,250,000

Unclaimed Prizes (\$19M)		
(1) Commission on Higher Education - Higher Education Excellence Enhancement Program	\$	6,072,474
(2) State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education - Workforce Scholarships and Grants	\$	11,000,000
(3) Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services - Gambling Addiction Services	\$	50,000
(4) Commission on Higher Education - SREB Program and Assessments	\$	377,526
(5) Commission on Higher Education - PASCAL	\$	1,500,000
	Subtotal: \$	19,000,000

Total Certified by BEA: \$ 523,250,000

FY 2020-21 Projected Surplus Lottery Proceeds (\$13.9M)

Subtotal:	\$ -
Total:	\$ 523,250,000

Sect.	CAPITAL RESERVE FUND Agency/Item	Amount
Sect.	Agency/item	Amount
13	The Citadel	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 2,769,530
14	Clemson University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 18,390,987
15	University of Charleston	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 7,449,765
16	Coastal Carolina University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 6,001,232
17	Francis Marion University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 4,553,869
18	Lander University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 3,747,699
19	South Carolina State University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 2,416,172
20A	University of South Carolina - Columbia	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 24,691,754
20B	University of South Carolina - Aiken	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 3,944,269
20 C		
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 6,647,105
20D	University of South Carolina - Beaufort	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 1,983,250
20 E	University of South Carolina - Lancaster	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 2,080,365
20F	University of South Carolina - Salkehatchie	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 932,537
20G		
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 1,564,369
20H	University of South Carolina - Union	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 1,164,209
21	Winthrop University	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 5,595,222
23	Medical University of South Carolina	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	\$ 2,478,185

e	c	

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND Agency/Item

Amount

25	State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education	
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Aiken Technical College	\$ 1,986,760
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Central Carolina Tech College	\$ 3,363,920
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Denmark Technical College	\$ 545,247
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Florence Darlington Tech College	\$ 3,728,978
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets- Greenville Technical College	\$ 11,791,854
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Horry-Georgetown Tech College	\$ 6,486,807
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Midlands Technical College	\$ 10,030,916
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Northeastern Technical College	\$ 1,700,095
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Orangeburg-Calhoun Tec College	\$ 2,584,660
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Piedmont Technical College	\$ 5,378,761
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Spartanburg Technical College	\$ 4,731,718
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Tech College Of The Lowcountry	\$ 2,216,092
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Tri-County Technical College	\$ 6,090,157
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Trident Technical College	\$ 13,453,338
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Williamsburg Technical College	\$ 742,987
	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - York Technical College	\$ 4,852,235

Capital Reserve Fund Total: \$ 176,095,044

	Non-Recurring Funds		
Sect.	Agency/Item		Amount
1			
1	State Department of Education Instructional Materials	\$	100,000,000
	Department Headquarters Relocation - Rent	<u> </u>	2,500,000
	Department Headquarters Relocation - Moving Expenses	\$	2,500,000
5	Wil Lou Gray Opportunity School		
	Security Cameras and Keyless Entry	\$	200,000
	Classroom Security and Flooring	\$	300,000
7	Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe		
	L.S. Brice School Renovation	\$	5,827,112
12	Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission		
	Student Information System	\$	200,000
26	Department of Archives & History		
	SC Revolutionary War Sestercentennial Commission	\$	1,460,000
	SC African American Heritage Commission (SCAAHC) Green Book of South Carolina	\$	100,000
	Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants	\$	1,000,000
28	Arts Commission	<u>ф</u>	10,000,000
	Greenville Cultural & Arts Center	\$	19,000,000
	Sumter Opera House	\$	15,000,000
	Cultural Arts and Theatre Center Grants	\$	450,000
33	Department of Health & Human Services		
	Medical Contract Grants	\$	2,000,000
35	Department of Mental Health		(00.000
	\$1,500 Signing Bonus for School Mental Health Counselors	\$	600,000
36	Department of Disabilities & Special Needs		
	South Carolina Genomic Medicine Initiative at Greenwood Genetic Center	\$	2,000,000
20			
38	Department of Social Services Caring for South Carolina's Children	\$	5,000,000
		Φ	5,000,000
39	Commission for the Blind		
	HVAC and Lighting Renovation	\$	5,101,685
43	Forestry Commission		
10	Firefighting Equipment	\$	1,000,000
	Expedited Equipment Replacement	\$	1,000,000

	Non-Recurring Funds		
Sect.	Agency/Item		Amount
Sect.	Agency/item		Amount
44	Department of Agriculture		
	Federal Hemp Farming Compliance	\$	1,100,000
	Hemp Testing Equipment	\$	425,000
	Operational Costs	\$	850,000
47	Department of Natural Resources		
	Law Enforcement Officer - Overtime Pay	\$	597,204
	Agency Headquarters Relocation	\$	2,002,500
	Marine Research Lab Shoreline Protection	\$	585,500
	State Water Plan - Pee Dee and Broad River Basins	\$	2,995,000
49	Department of Parks, Recreation & Tourism		
		\$	1,000,000
	Charles Towne Landing Animal Forest Enclosure Repairs and Upgrades	\$	500,000
	Comfort Station/Rest Station Renovations	\$	500,000
	Parks Revitalization Grants	\$	1,500,000
	Sports Marketing Grants	\$	1,500,000
	Columbia Convention Center	\$	15,000,000
50	Department of Commerce	0	122 205 212
		\$	123,205,312
	Closing Fund Locate-SC	\$	2,700,000
	Locate-SC	\$	4,000,000
53	Conservation Bank		
- 33	Conservation Bank Conservation Grant Funding	\$	7,500,000
		Φ	7,500,000
54	Rural Infrastructure Authority		
	Rural Infrastructure Fund	\$	3,129,944
	Water and Sewer Regionalization Fund	\$	3,000,000
		*	-))
60	Prosecution Coordination Commission		
	Case Management System	\$	10,200,000
62	State Law Enforcement Division		
	PTSD Treatment - FAST Program	\$	250,000
63	Department of Public Safety		
	Local Law Enforcement Grants	\$	2,000,000
64	Law Enforcement Training Council		
	Emergency Generator for Academy Main Building	\$	2,750,000
66	Department of Probation, Parole & Pardon Services		
	Alston Wilkes Society	\$	750,000
73	Office of Regulatory Staff	0	20.000.000
	Statewide Broadband Funding	\$	30,000,000

	Non-Recurring Funds	
Sect.	Agency/Item	Amount
81	Department of Labor, Licensing & Regulation	
	PTSD Treatment - FAST Program	\$ 250,000
	Sumter Landfill Search	\$ 200,760
	Urban Search & Rescue Task Force and Helicopter Aquatic Rescue Team	\$ 850,000
	Local Fire Department Grants	\$ 280,000
87	Division of Aeronautics	
	Exterior Roofing & Coating	\$ 400,000
	Surplus Equipment Acquisition	\$ 20,000
88	State Ports Authority	
	Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund	\$ 5,000,000
93	Department of Administration	
	Division of State Human Resources - Class & Compensation Reform	\$ 500,000
	Deferred Maintenance Projects	\$ 6,198,000
100	Adjutant General	
	Armory Revitalization	\$ 3,000,000
	PPE Warehouse	\$ 1,000,000
	Aiken Readiness Center	\$ 15,000,000
	Olympia Armory Repairs	\$ 1,200,000
	SCEMD - Phase 1 of 3 HVAC Replacements	\$ 162,950
101	Veterans' Affairs	
	Office of the Secretary of Veterans' Affairs	\$ 452,500

Non-Recurring Funds Total: \$ 417,793,467



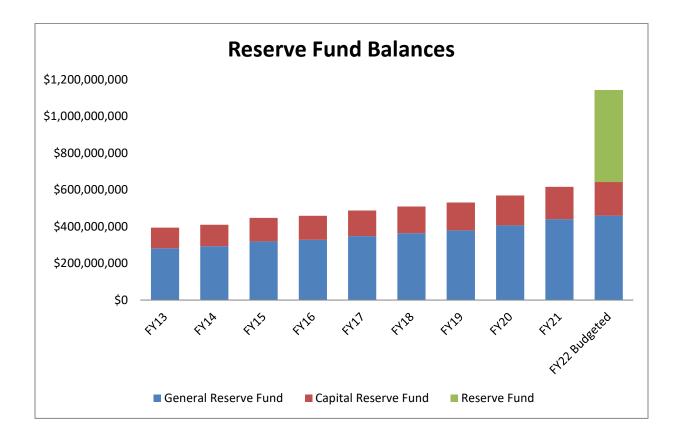
Reserve Funds & Debt

Reserve Funds

The General Reserve Fund is required to be 5 percent of the revenues of the most recently completed fiscal year. For FY 2019-20, 5 percent of revenues is \$458,961,225. The Executive Budget fully funds this amount for FY 2021-22.

The Capital Reserve Fund (CRF) is a recurring appropriation that must equal 2 percent of General Fund revenue. If a year-end deficit is forecast, the CRF is reduced to the extent necessary before mandating operating reductions. If no year-end deficit is projected, the CRF may be appropriated in separate legislation for capital improvements or nonrecurring projects. For FY 2021-22, \$183,584,490 is set aside for the Capital Reserve Fund in the Executive Budget.

The FY 2021-22 Executive Budget also provides \$500,000,000 in additional reserves.



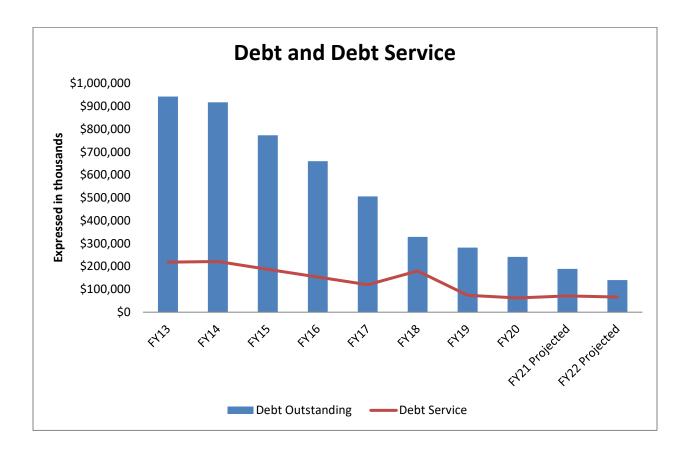
Debt and Debt Service

The State of South Carolina issues debt in the following categories:

- Capital Improvement Bonds
- State Highway Bonds (excluded from the chart below)
- State School Facilities Bonds
- Infrastructure Bank Bonds (excluded from the chart below)
- State Economic Development Bonds
- Research University Infrastructure Bonds
- Air Carrier Hub Terminal Facilities Bonds

The chart below displays debt that is serviced by the General Fund.

More information about debt can be found at: <u>https://treasurer.sc.gov/government/bond-debt-information/</u>





Executive Budget Summary

Executive Budget Summary

APPROPRIATIONS OVERVIEW

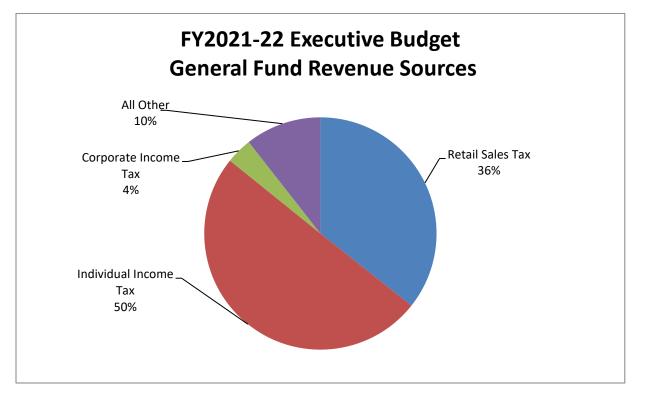
The Executive Budget recommendations for Fiscal Year 2021-22 total \$30.1 billion, of which \$8.9 billion is from General Funds:

	FY21 Budget	FY22 Exec. Budget	\$ Change	% Change
General Funds	\$8,750,622,051	\$8,939,902,779	\$189,280,728	2.16%
Federal Funds	\$8,809,788,162	\$9,150,868,069	\$341,079,907	3.87%
Other Funds	\$11,922,865,871	\$12,108,398,319	\$185,532,448	1.56%
Total	\$29,483,276,084	\$30,199,169,167	\$715,893,083	2.43%

REVENUE

Over 85% of South Carolina's General Fund revenue comes from income and retail sales taxes.

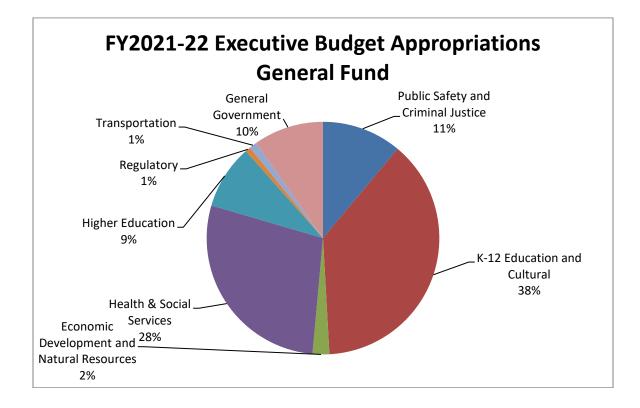
General Fund Revenue Sources	<u>FY2021-22</u>	<u>%</u>
Retail Sales Tax	\$3,419,654,000	35.66%
Individual Income Tax	\$4,807,984,000	50.14%
Corporate Income Tax	\$347,300,000	3.62%
All Other	\$1,014,988,000	10.58%
Total Regular & Misc Revenue	\$9,589,926,000	100.00%



AGENCY RECOMMENDATIONS

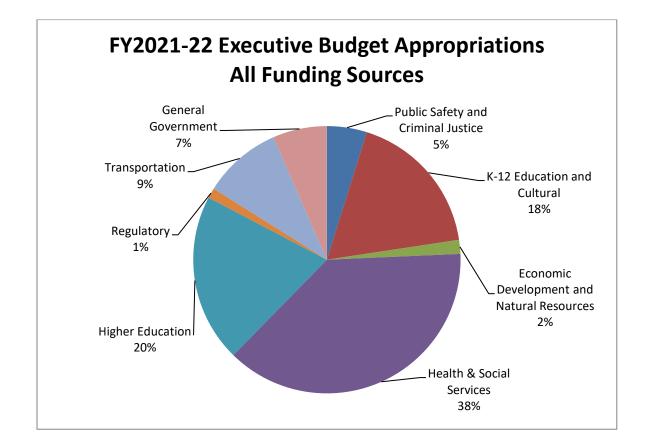
The Executive Budget recommends 47% of General Funds for K-12 and higher education, 28% for health and social rehabilitation agencies, 11% for public safety agencies, and 14% for all other agencies.

General Fund Appropriations	<u>FY2021-22</u>	<u>%</u>
Public Safety and Criminal Justice	\$991,051,845	11.1%
K-12 Education and Cultural	\$3,399,794,172	38.0%
Economic Development and Natural Resources	\$208,534,941	2.3%
Health & Social Services	\$2,510,292,266	28.1%
Higher Education	\$798,477,083	8.9%
Regulatory	\$65,124,953	0.7%
Transportation	\$94,528,906	1.1%
General Government	\$872,098,613	9.8%
Total General Fund	\$8,939,902,779	100.0%



The Executive Budget recommends 38% of Total Funds for K-12 and higher education, 38% for health and social rehabilitation agencies, 5% for public safety agencies, 10% for transportation agencies, and 9% for all other agencies.

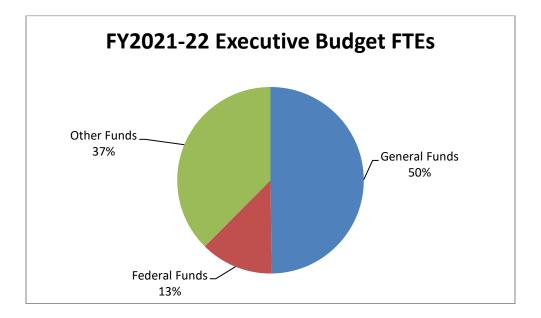
All Funding Sources	<u>FY2021-22</u>	<u>%</u>
Public Safety and Criminal Justice	\$1,459,673,421	4.8%
K-12 Education and Cultural	\$5,369,868,859	17.8%
Economic Development and Natural Resources	\$510,788,992	1.7%
Health & Social Services	\$11,487,108,648	38.0%
Higher Education	\$6,144,344,608	20.3%
Regulatory	\$371,401,139	1.2%
Transportation	\$2,874,811,476	9.5%
General Government	\$1,981,172,024	6.6%
Total General Fund	\$30,199,169,167	100.0%



AUTHORIZED FTES

The Executive Budget recommends a total of 72,041.47 authorized FTEs for Fiscal Year 2021-22 from all funding sources.

Source	FY21 Authorized	FY22 Executive Budget	# Chg	% Chg
General Funds	35,786.86	35,875.84	88.98	0.25%
Federal Funds	8,985.96	9,114.70	128.74	1.43%
Other Funds	26,753.50	27,050.93	297.43	1.11%
Total	71,526.32	72,041.47	515.15	0.72%



This page intentionally blank.



Recapitulation

	Appropriations by Agency FY 2021-22 Executive Budget GF Change in Appropria							
Approg	priations by Agency	General	FY 202 Federal	Earmarked	Restricted	Grand Total	Dollars	Percentage
Public	Safety & Criminal Justice							
57	Judicial Department	70,008,010	835,393	22,123,000		92,966,403	0	
58	Administrative Law Court	3,157,701	(0.002.(54	1,655,986		4,813,687	0	0.00%
59 60	Attorney General's Office Prosecution Coordination Commission	14,633,341 30,075,368	60,003,654 355,583	26,764,911 8,325,000		101,401,906 38,755,951	1,000,000	0.00%
61	Commission On Indigent Defense	31,900,161	121,477	2,472,600	12,824,272	47,318,510	0	0.00%
62	Governor's Off-State Law Enforcement Division	57,295,729	25,000,000	23,548,045	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	105,843,774	2,534,848	4.63%
63	Department Of Public Safety	137,277,561	26,363,242	40,260,544	5,696,886	209,598,233	38,571,778	39.08%
64	Law Enforcement Training Council	8,708,307	729,000	6,805,025	700.477	16,242,332	0	0.00%
65 66	Department Of Corrections Department Of Probation, Parole & Pardon Services	458,647,384 48,002,362	3,773,785 206,000	65,486,733 21,044,391	722,477	528,630,379 69,252,753	3,000,000 2,085,300	0.66%
67	Department Of Juvenile Justice	117,987,400	3,000,000	18,285,284	707,415	139,980,099	1,301,389	1.12%
100	Adjutant General's Office	10,816,564	84,318,912	6,646,961		101,782,437	0	0.00%
	Department of Veterans' Affairs	2,541,957		445,000	100,000	3,086,957	356,298	16.30%
Public	Safety & Criminal Justice Total	991,051,845	204,707,046	243,863,480	20,051,050	1,459,673,421	48,849,613	
K-12 E	ducation							
1	Department Of Education	3,350,206,174	979,200,886	46,869,238	924,088,000	5,300,364,298	15,812,060	0.47%
4	Education Oversight Committee				1,793,242	1,793,242	0	0.00%
5	Wil Lou Gray Opportunity School	6,612,764	240,000	950,321	35,000	7,838,085	0	0.00%
6	School For The Deaf And The Blind	15,516,449	1,739,000	11,570,455	200,000	29,025,904	0	0.00%
7 9	John De La Howe School Governor's School for Arts and Humanities	5,328,674 8,662,827	353,227	481,512 1,004,771	302,535	6,465,948 9,667,598	346,473 8,662,827	6.95% 0.00%
9 10	Governor's School for Arts and Humanities Governor's School for Science and Mathematics	13,467,284		1,004,771		14,713,784	13,467,284	0.00%
	ducation Total	3,399,794,172	981,533,113	62,122,797	926,418,777	5,369,868,859	38,288,644	0.0070
Econon 43	nic Development & Natural Resources Forestry Commission	22,004,592	4,763,560	9,678,713		36,446,865	0	0.00%
43	Department Of Agriculture	14,081,288	4,763,560	9,678,713		29,013,907	0	0.00%
47	Department Of Natural Resources	36,956,532	31,748,635	18,513,340	30,575,875	117,794,382	706,066	1.95%
48	Sea Grant Consortium	755,722	4,550,000	450,000	, <u>,</u>	5,755,722	0	0.00%
49	Department Of Parks, Recreation & Tourism	51,006,441	4,505,110	65,110,122	4,342,000	124,963,673	0	
50	Department Of Commerce	52,624,576	19,465,015	32,231,500	22,380,000	126,701,091	0	0.00%
51	Jobs-Economic Development Authority		18,000	405,150	12.926.012	423,150	0	0.00%
52 53	Patriots Point Development Authority SC Conservation Bank	9,070,134		2,564,400	13,836,012	13,836,012 11,634,534	0	0.00%
	Rural Infrastructure Authority	22,035,656	700,000	2,304,400	21,484,000	44,219,656	0	0.00%
	nic Development & Natural Resources Total	208,534,941	71,492,924	138,143,240	92,617,887	510,788,992	706,066	
	& Social Services Department Of Vocational Rehabilitation	17,058,843	122,342,107	35,340,201		174,741,151	0	0.00%
32	Department Of Vocational Kenabilitation	1,424,414,700	5,476,528,181	571,509,446	465,410,402	7,937,862,729	8,191,563	0.00%
	Department Of Health & Environmental Control	145,115,520	286,140,200	195,589,511	25,310,221	652,155,452	0	0.00%
	Department Of Mental Health	263,102,713	22,270,928	266,356,451		551,730,092	6,221,294	2.42%
36	Department Of Disabilities & Special Needs	273,747,689	340,000	536,913,227		811,000,916	1,808,437	0.67%
37	Department Of Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Services	14,983,171	54,872,054	974,397	100,000	70,929,622	3,000,000	25.04%
38 39	Department Of Social Services Commission For The Blind	223,759,127 4,011,040	528,956,823 9,564,818	55,496,311 403,000	849,986	809,062,247 13,978,858	20,000,000	9.82%
40	Department on Aging	19,624,978	27,349,923	4,870,197	1,184,100	53,029,198	778,706	4.13%
41	Department of Children's Advocacy	7,982,182	451,680	7,096,060	3,931,628	19,461,550	0	0.00%
42	Housing Finance & Development Authority		182,115,503	18,667,897	17,200,000	217,983,400	0	0.00%
70	Human Affairs Commission	2,606,319	336,225	750,000		3,692,544	0	0.00%
71	Commission On Minority Affairs	1,517,245		261,814	15 202 000	1,779,059	0	0.00%
99	Retirement System Investment Commission Public Employee Benefit Authority	112 268 720			15,303,000	15,303,000	0	0.00%
	& Social Services Total	112,368,739 2,510,292,266	6,711,268,442	1,694,228,512	42,030,091 571,319,428	154,398,830 11,487,108,648	40,000,000	0.00%
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Higher 12	Education Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission	27,903,097		225,000	6,025,000	34,153,097	0	0.00%
12	The Citadel	12,500,686	34,852,554	111,039,240	0,025,000	158,392,480	0	0.00%
14	Clemson University - Education & General	95,282,172	141,964,252	867,504,947	152,854,296	1,257,605,667	0	0.00%
15	University Of Charleston	30,814,507	19,500,000	194,062,766	29,000,000	273,377,273	0	0.00%
16	Coastal Carolina University	16,482,897	21,000,000	211,457,613		248,940,510	0	0.00%
17	Francis Marion University	18,521,662	12,988,495	52,668,968	7.000 (2.5	84,179,125	0	0.00%
18 19	Lander University South Carolina State University	9,980,053 16,110,132	7,240,741 54,501,255	60,243,138 51,756,047	7,999,626	85,463,558 122,367,434	0	0.00%
20A	University Of South Carolina	155,969,788	178,603,631	930,529,343		1,265,102,762	0	0.00%
20B	USC - Aiken Campus	10,554,060	11,500,000	41,457,362		63,511,422	0	0.00%
20C	USC - Upstate	15,583,026	16,450,838	68,376,142		100,410,006	0	0.00%
20D	USC - Beaufort Campus	5,964,148	6,977,915	27,307,011		40,249,074	0	0.00%
20E 20F	USC - Lancaster Campus USC - Salkehatchie Campus	3,569,928 2,479,154	4,390,048 3,880,454	13,784,453 8,373,545		21,744,429 14,733,153	0	0.00%
20F	USC - Saikenatchie Campus	3,918,318	2,706,397	8,373,545		14,733,153	0	0.00%
20G 20H	USC - Union Campus	1,569,565	1,928,258	5,161,055		8,658,878	0	0.00%
21	Winthrop University	20,193,076	51,197,500	87,348,235	13,968,320	172,707,131	0	0.00%
23	Medical University Of South Carolina	86,254,975	177,455,169	505,226,383		768,936,527	0	0.00%
24	Area Health Education Consortium	11,152,584	844,700	2,808,927		14,806,211	0	0.00%
25 45	State Board For Technical & Comprehensive Education Clemson University - Public Service Activities	166,552,440 46,722,293	52,614,581 22,525,000	502,130,285 23,395,568		721,297,306 92,642,861	0	0.00%
45	South Carolina State University - Public Service Activities	46,722,293	4,173,741	25,395,308		92,642,861	0	0.00%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-,005,105		1	523,250,000	523,250,000	0	0.00%
	Lottery Expenditure Account							
3 11	Lottery Expenditure Account Commission On Higher Education	35,515,339	4,729,832	4,583,904	885,284	45,714,359	0	0.00%

Appropriations by Agency			FY 202	1-22 Executive B	udget		GF Change in A	ppropriations
		General	Federal	Earmarked	Restricted	Grand Total	Dollars	Percentage
Regulatory	- · ·							0.000
72 Public Service Com			006.060	5,495,450	4 630 446	5,495,450	0	0.00%
73 Office Of Regulator		0.550.400	886,960	9,940,433	4,639,446	15,466,839	0	0.00%
74 Workers' Compens		2,578,439		5,607,845		8,186,284	0	0.00%
75 State Accident Fund		6 000 100		10,811,063		10,811,063	0	0.00%
78 Department Of Insu		5,329,109		11,675,754	2,355,000	19,359,863	800,000	17.66%
80 Department Of Con		1,689,148	2 00 1 2 1 1	2,218,896		3,908,044	0	0.00%
	oor, Licensing & Regulation	1,482,653	3,904,264	47,038,208		52,425,125	0	0.009
	ployment And Workforce	504,659	150,987,848	16,017,884	05.000	167,510,391	0	0.009
109 Department Of Rev		51,881,400		34,082,093	95,000	86,058,493	0	0.009
110 State Ethics Comm		1,480,648		517,508		1,998,156	0	0.009
111 Procurement Revie	w Panel	178,897	155 550 053	2,534	7 000 446	181,431		0.009
Regulatory Total		65,124,953	155,779,072	143,407,668	7,089,446	371,401,139	800,000	
Fransportation								
82 Department Of Mot	tor Vehicles	92,348,386	1,700,000	15,247,596		109,295,982	1,000,000	1.09%
84 Department Of Tra		57,270	,,	.,,_,,,,,,,	2,479,624,237	2,479,681,507	0	0.00%
85 Infrastructure Banl	•	,			126,231,870	126,231,870	0	0.00%
86 County Transporta					148,000,000	148,000,000	0	0.00%
87 Division Of Aerona		2,123,250	3,478,867	6,000,000		11,602,117	0	0.00%
Transportation Total		94,528,906	5,178,867	21,247,596	2,753,856,107	2,874,811,476	1,000,000	
General Government & Cul			200.000	10 500 510		21.000.170	5 5 5 400	220.24
8 Educational Televis		7,465,168	200,000	18,700,719	5,514,281	31,880,168	5,726,409	329.34%
26 Department Of Arc	hives & History	2,976,823	897,583	1,294,158		5,168,564	0	0.00%
27 State Library		15,416,200	2,701,146	187,000	80,000	18,384,346	0	0.00%
28 Arts Commission		4,366,187	1,335,641	148,707		5,850,535	0	0.00%
29 State Museum Com		3,942,954		3,100,000		7,042,954	0	0.00%
	Room and Military Museum Commission	936,763		419,252		1,356,015	0	0.00%
79 State Board Of Fina				5,816,804		5,816,804	0	0.00%
91A Leg Dept - The Sena		15,149,409		300,000		15,449,409	0	0.00%
91B Leg Dept - House O		22,966,544		200.000		22,966,544	0	0.00%
	tion Of Laws & Legislative Council	4,585,492		300,000		4,885,492	0	0.00%
91D Leg Dept - Legislati		6,459,276				6,459,276	0	0.00%
91E Leg Dept - Legislati		2,105,478		400,000		2,505,478	0	0.00%
	Executive Control Of State	3,122,331		200.000		3,122,331	0	0.00%
	Mansion And Grounds	333,868	100.000.000	200,000		533,868	0	0.00%
92D Office of Resilience		250,000	100,000,000	146.070.022	200.2(0	100,250,000	250,000	0.00%
93 Department of Adm		61,511,393	81,237,600	146,078,032	390,268	289,217,293	702,550	1.16%
94 Office Of Inspector		834,890				834,890	0	0.00%
96 Secretary Of State's		1,356,839		2,469,255		3,826,094	110,000	8.82%
97 Comptroller Genera		2,560,272		875,434		3,435,706	0	0.00%
98 State Treasurer's O		2,162,016		8,522,809		10,684,825	50,000	2.37%
102 Election Commissio		6,627,413	2 511 274	1,640,700	45 000 000	8,268,113	0	0.00%
103 Revenue & Fiscal A		5,214,709	2,511,274	6,569,274	45,000,000	59,295,257	0	0.00%
104 State Fiscal Accoun 105 SFAA - State Audit		1,700,213 4,753,588		11,953,271 2,579,639	7,627,343	21,280,827	0	0.00%
		, ,		2,579,639		7,333,227		
106 Statewide Employee		38,339,836				38,339,836	38,339,836	0.009
107 Capital Reserve Fu	na	183,584,490				183,584,490	7,489,446	4.25%
112 Debt Service		191,630,298				191,630,298	0	0.009
113 Aid To Subdivisions		261,324,893				261,324,893	6,968,164	2.749
	- Department Of Revenue	20,421,270				20,421,270	0	0.00
115 Tax Relief Trust Fu		0.55	100 577 7 1	650,023,221		650,023,221	0	0.00
General Government & Cul	itural Total	872,098,613	188,883,244	861,578,275	58,611,892	1,981,172,024	59,636,405	
		8,939,902,779	9,150,868,069	6,944,451,206	5,163,947,113	30,199,169,167	189,280,728	2.16%

This page intentionally blank.



Governor's Recommended Appropriations



GOVERNOR'S RECOMMENDED APPROPRIATIONS

Public Safety and Criminal Justice-----

Prosecution Coordination (Sec. 60)

- \$1,000,000 in recurring funding to establish drug courts
- \$10,200,000 in one-time funding for a case management system for the Offices of Circuit Solicitors

State Law Enforcement Division (Sec. 62)

- \$1,483,670 for agent step increases
- \$250,000 in one-time funding for PTSD treatment
- \$177,756 to fully fund the Illegal Immigration Unit
- Transfer the Statewide Interoperability Coordinator from the Department of Administration to SLED in the amount of \$110,200

Department of Public Safety (Sec. 63)

- \$4,000,000 for recruitment and retention
- \$2,000,000 for Local Law Enforcement Grants
- \$23,400,000 in recurring funds in addition to a transfer from the Department of Education of \$11,935,000 for School Resource Officers

Law Enforcement Training Council (Sec. 64)

• \$2,750,000 for a generator for the Academy Main Building

Department of Corrections (Sec. 65)

• \$3,000,000 for recruitment and retention

Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services (Sec. 66)

- \$2,085,300 for recruitment and retention
- \$750,000 for the Alston Wilkes Society

Department of Juvenile Justice (Sec. 67)

• \$1,301,389 for recruitment and retention

Adjutant General's Office (Sec. 100)

- \$3,000,000 for Armory Revitalization
- \$1,000,000 for personal protective equipment warehouse operational expenses
- \$15,000,000 for the Aiken Readiness Center
- \$1,362,950 for Olympia Armory and SCEMD repairs

Department of Veterans' Affairs (Sec. 101)

- \$356,298 and 1.00 FTE in recurring funding for agency operations
- \$452,500 in one-time funding for operating expenses and claims management system

K-12 Education and Cultural-

Department of Education (Sec. 1)

- \$35,223,644 to maintain the Base Student Cost, ensuring State Aid to Classrooms increases with inflation and enrollment growth
- \$15,000,000 of recurring funds and \$9,588,000 of non-recurring EIA funds to support charter schools
- \$100,000,000 in non-recurring funds for new instructional materials
- \$2,500,000 in non-recurring funds to re-locate the department's headquarters
- \$2,500,000 in non-recurring for the department's rent at their new location
- \$2,450,000 of EIA funding for industry certifications and credentials
- \$2,000,000 of EIA funding for early childhood literacy assessments
- \$5,577,165 of EIA funding for a full-time school nurse in all schools that do not currently have one
- \$47,915,814 of EIA funding for the expansion of statewide full-day 4K
- \$4,009,000 of EIA funding for the 1% employer contribution increase for SCRS
- \$1,250,000 of EIA funding for Teaching Fellows Scholarships and the Teacher Working Conditions Survey
- \$56,100 of EIA funding for access to the National Student Clearinghouse
- \$2,500,000 of EIA funding for the Department of Juvenile Justice's educational expenses
- \$1,000,000 of EIA funding for the Save the Children rural education initiative
- \$700,000 of non-recurring EIA funding for Computer Science Certification and Professional Learning
- \$7,000,000 of non-recurring EIA funding for the Department of Education's Grants Committee

Wil Lou Gray Opportunity School (Sec. 5)

- \$300,000 non-recurring for classroom security improvements
- \$200,000 non-recurring for a security camera and keyless entry system

John de la Howe School (Sec. 7)

• \$5,827,112 for renovations to L.S. Brice School

Educational Television Commission (Sec. 8)

• \$5,726,409 to restore the agency's general funds and replace EIA funding

Department of Archives and History (Sec. 26)

- \$1,460,000 to support the SC Revolutionary War Sestercentennial Commission
- \$1,000,000 non-recurring for Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants
- \$100,000 non-recurring to support development of merchandise for the SC African American Heritage Commission's Green Book

Arts Commission (Sec. 28)

- \$19,000,000 non-recurring for the Greenville Cultural and Arts Center
- \$15,000,000 non-recurring for Sumter Opera House
- \$450,000 for Cultural and Arts Theatre Center Grants

Economic Development and Natural Resources-

Forestry Commission (Sec. 43)

• \$2,000,000 in one-time funds to purchase firefighting equipment and expedite the replacement process

Department of Agriculture (Sec. 44)

- \$1,100,000 in one-time funds for the Federal Hemp Farming Program Compliance
- \$425,000 in one-time funds to purchase hemp testing equipment
- \$850,000 in one-time funds for increasing operating overhead costs

Department of Natural Resources (Sec. 47)

- \$706,066 for law enforcement officers' rank promotion and other personal services overtime
- \$597,204 in one-time funds for law enforcement overtime
- \$2,002,500 in one-time funds to relocate the Agency's Headquarters
- \$585,500 in one-time funds for the Marine Resources Research Lab Shoreline Stabilization
- \$2,995,000 in one-time funds for the Pee Dee and Broad River Basins State Water Plan

Department of Parks, and Tourism (Sec. 49)

- \$1,000,000 in one-time funds for the Hunting Island Lighthouse repairs
- \$500,000 in one-time funds for Charles Towne Landing Animal Forest enclosure repairs and upgrades
- \$500,000 in one-time funds for the Comfort/Rest Station renovations
- \$1,500,000 in one-time funds for Parks Revitalization Grants
- \$1,500,000 in one-time funds for Sports Marketing Grants

• \$15,000,000 in one-time funds for the Columbia Convention Center

Department of Commerce (Sec. 50)

- \$2,700,000 in one-time funds for the Closing Fund Program
- \$4,000,000 in one-time funds for the Locate SC Program
- \$123,205,312 in one-time funds for the Small Business Relief Grant Program

South Carolina Conservation Bank (Sec. 53)

• \$7,500,000 in one-time funds for the Conservation Bank Grant Fund

Rural Infrastructure Authority (Sec. 54)

- \$3,129,944 in one-time funds for the Rural Infrastructure Fund
- \$3,000,000 in one-time funds to establish the Water and Sewer Regionalization Fund

State Ports Authority (Sec. 88)

• \$5,000,000 in one-time allocations for the Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund

Health and Social Services-

Department of Health and Human Services (Sec. 33)

- \$10,000,000 for annualization;
- \$2,000,000 in one-time funds for medical contract grants

Department of Mental Health (Sec. 35)

- \$2,000,000 for the Sexually Violent Predator Program;
- \$5,000,000 for state veterans nursing homes;
- \$600,000 in one-time funds for recruitment for school mental health counselors;

Department of Disabilities and Special Needs (Sec. 36)

- \$2,000,000 for the South Carolina Genomic Medicine Initiative;
- \$1,808,437 in a transfer from the Department of Health and Human Services for first filled waiver slots

Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (Sec. 37)

• \$3,000,000 for sustainability of addiction crisis efforts

Department of Social Services (Sec. 38)

• \$20,000,000 in recurring and \$5,000,000 in one-time funding for Caring for South Carolina's Children

Commission for the Blind (Sec. 39)

• \$5,101,685 for complex renovations and improvements

Department on Aging (Sec. 40)

• \$778,706 in a transfer from the Department of Mental Health for Alzheimer's funding

Higher Education-

Commission on Higher Education (Sec. 11)

- \$40,000,000 increase in lottery funding to support need-based grant awards
- \$750,000 in lottery funding for College Transition Program Scholarships

Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission (Sec. 12)

- \$10,000,000 increase in lottery funding to support grants for students at independent colleges and universities
- \$200,000 in non-recurring to purchase a new student information system

The Citadel (Sec. 13)

• \$2,769,530 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Clemson University (Sec. 14)

• 18,390,987 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of Charleston (Sec. 15)

• \$7,449,765 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Coastal Carolina University (Sec. 16)

• \$6,001,232 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Francis Marion University (Sec. 17)

• \$4,553,869 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Lander University (Sec. 18)

• \$3,747,699 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

South Carolina State University (Sec. 19)

• \$2,416,172 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina (Sec. 20A)

• \$24,691,754 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Aiken Campus (Sec. 20B)

• \$3,944,269 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Upstate (Sec. 20C)

• \$6,647,105 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Beaufort Campus (Sec. 20D)

• \$1,983,250 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Lancaster Campus (Sec. 20E)

• \$2,080,365 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Salkehatchie Campus (Sec. 20F)

• \$932,537 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Sumter Campus (Sec. 20G)

• \$1,564,369 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

University of South Carolina – Union Campus (20H)

• \$1,164,209 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Winthrop University (Sec. 21)

• \$5,595,222 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

Medical University of South Carolina (Sec. 23)

• \$2,478,185 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets

State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education (Sec. 25)

- \$79,684,525 from the Capital Reserve Fund for Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets at the 16 technical colleges throughout the state
- \$9,167,126 in lottery funding for workforce development scholarships and grants

Regulatory-

Office of Regulatory Staff (Sec.73)

• \$30,000,000 in one-time funding to expand Broadband access around the state

Department of Insurance (Sec.78)

• \$800,000 and 4.00 FTEs for the Insurance Fraud Division

Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation (Sec. 81)

- \$250,000 in one-time funding for PTSD Treatment for firefighters
- \$280,000 in one-time funding for Local Fire Department Grants
- \$850,000 in one-time funding to purchase equipment for the Emergency Response Task Force
- \$200,760 in one-time funding for reimbursement of the Sumter Landfill Search

Transportation-

Department of Motor Vehicles (Sec. 82)

• \$1,000,000 for an agencywide career pathing plan

Division of Aeronautics (Sec. 87)

- \$20,000 in one-time funds for surplus equipment acquisition
- \$400,000 in one-time funds for roof repairs on facilities

General Government-

Office of Resiliency (Sec. 92D)

• \$250,000 and 2.00 FTEs to establish the Office of the Chief Resiliency Officer

Department of Administration (Sec. 93)

- \$312,750 and 3.00 FTEs to enhance the classification and compensation services provided by the Division of State Human Resources
- \$500,000 in one-time funds for the class and compensation services provided by the Division of State Human Resources
- \$500,000 for a budget development system in the Executive Budget Office
- \$6,198,000 for deferred maintenance for state owned buildings

Secretary of State (Sec. 96)

• \$110,000 and 2.00 FTEs to support the Boards & Commissions functions in the office

State Treasurer (Sec. 98)

• \$50,000 to fund administrative costs for Court Fines & Fees and Conviction Surcharges

Statewide Employee Benefits (Sec. 106)

- \$5,928,000 for the employer's share for the State Health Plan to maintain current level
- \$32,411,836 for 1% SCRS and PORS retirement increase.

Capital Reserve Fund (Sec. 107)

• \$7,489,446 to meet statutory funding requirements.

Aid to Subdivisions – State Treasurer (Sec. 113)

- \$5,937,014 to meet statutory funding requirements for the Local Government Fund.
- \$1,031,150 to meet formula funding requirements in Aid to Subdivisions

This page intentionally blank.



Governor's Proviso Recommendations



GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE BUDGET PROVISO RECOMMENDATIONS

/ ACTION TITLE / DESCRIPTION

1.3 EFA Formula/Base Student Cost Inflation Factor

AmendThis proviso mandates the full implementation of the Education Finance Act and specifies the
variables included in the Base Student Cost. This amendment aligns with EFA funding and
maintains Base Student Cost at the same level after factoring in enrollment and inflation.

1.7 Governor's School for Science & Math

This proviso allows for the Governor's School for Science & Math to carry forward unexpended pelete funds at the direction of their Board of Trustees. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to the new Section 10 for the Governor's School for Science & Math.

1.21 Status Offenders/John de la Howe

This proviso distributes funds to John de la Howe to expand residential programs to include court
ordered status offenders. Act 164 of 2020 amended the functions of John de la Howe and created the
Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe. This Executive Budget recommends deleting
the proviso, as the funds should be transferred to the Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la
Howe.

1.22 Governor's School Leave Policy

This proviso authorizes the Governor's Schools to promulgate administrative policies governing
annual and sick leave for faculty and staff in compliance with their school calendars andDeleteinstructional needs of students at both schools. Policy is to be approved by the Board of Directors.
This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to new Sections 9 and 10 for each of the
Governor's Schools.

1.25 School District and Special Schools Flexibility

AmendThis proviso allows school districts and special schools flexibility to use various revenue sources as
they deem appropriate to achieve student outcomes within specified parameters. This amendment
removes references to 90th and 180th day student counts and replaces them with the 135th day count.

1.28	Governor's School for the Arts & Humanities Carry Forward
Delete	This proviso allows for the Governor's School for Science & Math to carry forward unexpended funds at the direction of their Board of Trustees. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to new Sections 9 and 10 for each of the Governor's Schools.
1.29	Governor's Schools' Fees
Delete	This proviso authorizes the Governor's Schools to charge, collect, expend and carry forward student fees as approved by their Board of Directors, establishes policies regarding the collection and publication of student fee schedules, and prohibits students from being denied admittance or participation due to financial inability to pay such fees. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to new Sections 9 and 10 for each of the Governor's Schools.
1.32	S.C. Governor's School for Arts & Humanities Certified Teacher Designation
Delete	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities to employ non-certified classroom teachers teaching in the literary, visual and performing arts subject areas who are otherwise appropriately qualified. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to the new Section 9 for the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities.
1.44	Governor's Schools Residency Requirement
Delete	This proviso requires parents of students at the Governor's Schools to prove that they are legal residents of South Carolina when their student applies to the school, and during the student's tenure at these schools. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to new Sections 9 and 10 for each of the Governor's Schools.
1.46	Student Health and Fitness
Amend	This proviso determines the percentage of Student Health and Fitness funds allocated to school districts for licensed nurses and physical education teachers. This amendment reduces the percentage to be allocated for physical education teachers from 21% to 17% at the request of the Department of Education, and to conform to increased funding for the program to include a full-time nurse at every school.
1.56	Full-Day 4K
Amend	This proviso specifies funding levels for public and private 4K providers. This amendment expands the full-day 4K program statewide, increases per pupil funding to \$4,800 per student and transportation funding to \$587 per student, and directs the expenditure of any carry forward funds.
1.59	Governor's Schools Informational Access to Students
Delete	This proviso allows the Governor's Schools to collaborate with individual schools and their staff to share information with students and families about their offerings. This proviso also details reporting requirements on this collaboration and requires the Governor's Schools to share information necessary to complete school report cards. This proviso is recommended for deletion, to be moved to new Sections 9 and 10 for each of the Governor's Schools.

1.60 Reading/Literacy Coaches

Amend

This proviso sets the funding amount for school reading and literacy coaches for local school districts. This amendment directs the Department of Education to provide additional support for third-grade students based on the statewide English Language Arts assessment and allows unexpended funds to be expended for Summer Reading Camps.

1.63 South Carolina Community Development Block Grants for Education Pilot Program

Delete This proviso creates the Community Development Block Grants for Education Pilot Program at the Education Oversight Committee. This Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, as the funding source will no longer be available.

1.68 CDEPP Unexpended Funds

Delete This proviso directs the purposes for which unexpended CDEPP funds may be used. The Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, with certain provisions being incorporated into proviso 1.56.

1.69 Technology Technical Assistance

AmendThis proviso allows the Department of Education to withhold up to \$350,000 of funds appropriated
to the K-12 Technology Initiative to develop a statewide technology plan for schools and districts.
This amendment requested by the Department of Education strikes references to the creation of a
statewide technology plan, as it has been completed, and creates an annual reporting requirement.

1.70 Technology Technical Assistance

AmendThis proviso requires the Department of Education to use funds appropriated for Technology
Technical Assistance to increase the capacity of districts included in the Abbeville lawsuit. This
amendment, requested by the Department of Education, allows for paper administration of
assessments according to deadlines set by the Department.

1.73 Military Child Care Centers

Delete This proviso allows First Steps to extend 4K provider eligibility to military childcare settings regulated by the Department of Defense. The Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, with certain provisions being incorporated into proviso 1.56.

1.74 First Steps 4K Underserved Communities

Delete This proviso allows 4K providers to apply for one-time supplemental funding to expand their programming to ten or more CERDEP eligible children and outlines the purposes for which the additional funding must be used. The Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, with certain provisions being incorporated into proviso 1.56.

1.80 Safe Schools Initiative

Amend This proviso requires all schools to create Threat Assessment Teams and School Safety plans and submit them to the Department of Education and directs the Department and South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED) to suggest recommended statutory changes and cost estimates to improve school safety. At the request of the Department of Education, this amendment reflects the continuing operations of a threat assessment team at each school.

1.84 School Safety Program

Delete This proviso directs funds appropriated in the School Safety Program to be used for hiring School Resource Officers. This proviso is recommended for deletion, as this Executive Budget re-allocates funds for this program to the Department of Public Safety.

1.87 Teacher Salaries/SE Average

AmendThis proviso establishes the southeastern average teacher salary, requires year of experience
increases by districts, and directs the statewide teacher pay increase. This amendment updates the
Southeastern average teacher salary and updates fiscal year references.

1.88 School District Hold Harmless

Amend
(Technical)This proviso holds harmless from the Fiscal Accountability Act any district that must use reserve
funds to pay for teacher salary or step increases, if the Education Finance Act formula funding is not
increased. This amendment is a fiscal year update.

1.89 Educational Services for Children with Disabilities

Amend This proviso requires the Department of Education to work with other service providing agencies to report on whether children with disabilities are receiving the services they need and whether services or funding should be reformed. This amendment requires the report to include a specific focus on the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on children with special needs.

1.90 Reserve Suspension

Delete This proviso suspends the cash reserve limitations of permanent statute for Dorchester County School District 2. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso in accordance with the Governor's vetoes in the fiscal year 2019-20 Appropriations Bill.

1.91 Standards-Based Assessments Suspended

AmendThis proviso suspends code sections requiring standardized testing for science in eighth grade and
social studies in grades five and seven and directs the expenditure of savings from the assessment
suspension. This amendment is a fiscal year update.

1.93 Master's Plus Thirty

AmendThis proviso requires the Department of Education to process the Master's Plus Thirty certificate(Technical)classification in the same manner as the prior fiscal year. This amendment is a fiscal year update.

1.94 COVID-19 Emergency Powers

This proviso was inserted in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) in order to grant emergency Delete powers to the Superintendent of Education. This proviso is no longer necessary and can be deleted.

1.95 Anti-bullying

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this new proviso requiring a school district to implement a policy that prohibits the unauthorized use of personal electronic communication devices by students during direct classroom instructional time by July 1, 2021 in order to receive increased funding for the base student cost.

1.96 Charter School Funding

This proviso establishes the per pupil General Fund dollars for charter schools authorized by theEstablishPublic Charter School District or an Institution of Higher Education.

1A.7 Disbursements/Other Entities

Amend This proviso directs the disbursement of EIA partnership funds to various state agencies. This amendment replaces references to the Comptroller General with the Executive Budget Office to align with actual practice.

1A.9 Teacher Supplies

Amend This proviso directs the distribution of teacher supply funds. This amendment updates the fiscal year references, updates the statutory name for John de la Howe, and strikes the Felton Lab which is no longer in the category of special school.

1A.14 School District and Special Schools Flexibility

Amend This proviso allows school districts and special schools flexibility to use various revenue sources as they deem appropriate to achieve student outcomes within specified parameters. This amendment removes references to 90th and 180th day student counts and replaces them with the 135th day count.

1A.29 Full-Day 4K

Amend This proviso specifies funding levels for public and private 4K providers. This amendment expands the full-day 4K program statewide, increases per pupil funding to \$4,800 per student and transportation funding to \$587 per student, and directs the expenditure of any carry forward funds.

1A.36 Teacher Salaries/SE Average

AmendThis proviso establishes the southeastern average teacher salary, requires year of experience
increases by districts, and directs the statewide teacher pay increase. This amendment updates the
Southeastern average teacher salary and updates fiscal year references.

1A.42 Aid to Districts Draw Down

Amend This proviso requires that, in order to draw down funds appropriated for Aid to Districts, school districts, Palmetto Unified District, and the Department of Juvenile Justice must work with local law enforcement agencies and have safety plans in place. This amendment adds fire safety plans and engagement with local fire marshals to the safety requirements.

1A.48Public Charter Pupil Counts

This proviso directs charter schools to submit student attendance reports to the Department of
Education, who is to submit them quarterly to designated legislative committees. This amendment,
per the recommendation of the Department of Education, requires state charter school authorizers to
report student enrollment directly to the legislature.

1A.49 South Carolina Public Charter School Funding

AmendThis proviso establishes the per pupil EIA funding for charter schools authorized by the Public
Charter School District or an Institution of Higher Education. This amendment updates the fiscal
year and deletes the reporting requirement by the EOC and reference to funds appropriated from Act
97 of 2017, as the report has been completed and funds have been expended.

1A.53 Reading/Literacy Coaches

Amend This proviso sets the funding amount for school reading and literacy coaches for local school districts. This amendment directs the Department of Education to provide additional support for third-grade students based on the statewide English Language Arts assessment and allows unexpended funds to be expended for summer reading camps.

1A.55 4K Early Literacy Competencies Assessments

AmendThis proviso directs the implementation and funding of early learning assessments and professional
development. This amendment conforms the proviso to the expansion of 4K statewide and allows
school districts to use up to five days a year to administer the kindergarten readiness assessment.

1A.56 CDEPP Unexpended Funds

Delete This proviso directs the purposes for which unexpended CDEPP funds may be used. The Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, with certain provisions being incorporated into proviso 1A.29.

1A.60 Low Achieving Schools

This proviso directs the use of funds appropriated to the Education Oversight Committee forDeletePartnerships for Innovation. This proviso is recommended for deletion, as no funds are included in
the Executive Budget for this purpose.

1A.63 Value-Added Accountability

Delete This proviso directs the Department of Education to use the value-added system to calculate the magnitude of student progress at the school level for state and federal accountability. The Executive Budget recommends deletion of the proviso as the Department has the system under contract and its use is in permanent statute.

1A.66 McCormick County Schools

Delete This proviso requires the Department of Revenue to redirect John de la Howe's EIA appropriations to McCormick County Schools. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso, as the Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe is operating with students enrolled.

1A.67	Grants Committee
Amend	This proviso directs the State Superintendent of Education to create a grants committee to invest in innovative programs and strategies to improve student outcomes. This amendment removes the requirement that projects funded in the prior year be given priority and adds the requirement that an independent evaluation be made of each grantee.
1A.69	Digital Learning Plan
Amend	This proviso directs the implementation of the second year of the digital learning pilot program for school makeup day administered by the EOC. This amendment makes EOC responsible for evaluating the impact and implementation of alternative instruction methods on student learning, as the pilot program is now being operated by the Department of Education.
1A.70	School Safety Program
Delete	This proviso directs funds appropriated in the School Safety Program to be used for hiring School Resource Officers. This proviso is recommended for deletion, as this Executive Budget re-allocates funds for this program to the Department of Public Safety.
1A.71	Teacher Recruitment Program
Amend (Technical)	This proviso directs the funding and reporting requirements of the Teacher Recruitment Program. This amendment is a fiscal year update.
1A.72	Bridge Program
Amend (Technical)	This proviso directs \$1.4 million to SC State University for a Bridge program to recruit minority high school students into the teaching profession. This amendment is a fiscal year update.
1A.73	K-12 Computer Science Plan
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this new proviso directing the Department of Education to develop and the State Board of Education to approve a state K-12 Computer Science plan.
1A.74	School Nurses
Establish	This proviso determines the percentage of Student Health and Fitness funds allocated to school districts that are to be used for licensed nurses and for physical education teachers.
1A.75	National Student Clearinghouse
Establish	This proviso directs that state to utilize funds to utilize the services of the National Student Clearinghouse, as appropriated to the Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office in this Executive Budget.
3.1	Audit
Amend (Technical)	This proviso requires the development of procedures to ensure that lottery proceeds are expended in accordance with law. The Executive Budget recommends updating the fiscal year.
3.4	FY 2021-22 Lottery Funding
Amend	This proviso directs the allocation of the FY 2021-22 lottery revenues.

7.1	Status Offender Carry Forward
Delete	This proviso allowed John de la Howe to carry forward funds appropriated to expand residential programs to include court ordered status offenders. Act 164 of 2020 amended the functions of John de la Howe and created the Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe. This Executive Budget recommends deleting the proviso, as the funds should be transferred to the Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe.
7.4	Reduction in Force Carry Forward
Delete	This proviso allowed John de la Howe to carry forward unexpended funds resulting from their August 2018 Reduction in Force. This proviso is no longer needed and is recommended for deletion.
9.1	Governor's School Leave Policy
Establish	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for the Arts & Humanities to promulgate administrative policies governing annual and sick leave for faculty and staff in compliance with their school calendars and instructional needs of students at both schools. Policy is to be approved by the Board of Directors.
9.2	Governor's School for the Arts & Humanities Carry Forward
Establish	This proviso allows the Governor's School for the Arts & Humanities to carry forward and expend any unexpended funds that were appropriated to the school or generated by the school, pursuant to the discretion of their Board of Trustees.
9.3	Governor's School's Fees
Establish	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities to charge, collect, expend and carry forward student fees as approved by their Board of Directors, establishes policies regarding the collection and publication of student fee schedules, and prohibits students from being denied admittance or participation due to financial inability to pay such fees.
9.4	SCGSAH Certified Teacher Designation
Establish	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities to employ non-certified classroom teachers teaching in the literary, visual and performing arts subject areas who are otherwise appropriately qualified.
9.5	Governor's School Residency Requirement
Establish	This proviso requires parents of students at the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities to prove that they are legal residents of South Carolina when their student applies to the school, and during the student's tenure at the school.
9.6	Governor's School Informational Access to Students
Establish	This proviso allows the Governor's School for Arts & Humanities to collaborate with individual schools and their staff to share information with students and families about their offerings. This proviso also details reporting requirements on this collaboration and requires the Governor's school to share information necessary to complete school report cards.

10.1	Governor's School for Science & Math
Establish	This proviso allows for the Governor's School for Science & Math to carry forward unexpended funds at the direction of their Board of Trustees.
10.2	Governor's School Leave Policy
Establish	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for Science & Math to promulgate administrative policies governing annual and sick leave for faculty and staff in compliance with their school calendars and instructional needs of students at both schools. Policy is to be approved by the Board of Directors.
10.3	Governor's School's Fees
Establish	This proviso authorizes the Governor's School for Science & Math to charge, collect, expend and carry forward student fees as approved by their Board of Directors, establishes policies regarding the collection and publication of student fee schedules, and prohibits students from being denied admittance or participation due to financial inability to pay such fees.
10.4	Governor's School Residency Requirement
Establish	This proviso requires parents of students at the Governor's School for Science & Math to prove that they are legal residents of South Carolina when their student applies to the school, and during the student's tenure at the school.
10.5	Governor's School Informational Access to Students
Establish	This proviso allows the Governor's School for Science & Math to collaborate with individual schools and their staff to share information with students and families about their offerings. This proviso also details reporting requirements on this collaboration and requires the Governor's school to share information necessary to complete school report cards.
11.18	Suspend Governor's Professor of the Year Award
Amend (Technical)	This proviso suspends the Governor's Professor of the Year Award. This amendment updates the fiscal year reference.
11.20	Grant Authorization Adjustment
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this new proviso allowing the Commission on Higher Education to receive increased other funds authorization to expend grant awards received during the year with proper documentation to the Executive Budget Office and reporting to the legislative appropriations committees.
25.5	Aeronautics Training Center
Delete	This proviso allows for funds appropriated for the S.C. Aeronautics Training Center to be carried forward and utilized for the same purpose. This proviso is recommended for deletion, as it is no longer needed.
25.6	Florence Darlington Fund Repurpose
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso redirecting previously appropriated funds for Florence Darlington Technical College as it is no longer needed.

25.7	Health Science Capital Project
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso allowing for the redirection of funds from the New River Workforce Development Center to the Health Science capital project as it is no longer needed.
25.8	Tech Awareness and Education
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso authorizing the Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education to expend \$500,000 to enhance awareness and perception of technical college education as it is no longer needed.
25.9	Northeastern Tech Repurpose
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso redirecting previously appropriated funds for Northeastern Technical College as it is no longer needed.
26.1	Use of Proceeds
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso which instructs that the revenues collected from numerous agency activities be placed in a special account and specifies what these proceeds can be used for by the agency as it is no longer needed with passage of Act 171 of 2020.
26.2	Disposal of Materials
Delete	The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso authorizing Archives and History to sell certain items with the approval of their commission in a manner other than public auction when necessary as it is no longer needed with passage of Act 171 of 2020.
26.3	Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the Department of Archives and History, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.
28.6	Cultural Arts and Theater Center Grants
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the Arts Commission, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.
33.23	BabyNet Compliance
Amend (Technical)	This proviso requires the Department of Health and Human Services to report to the Governor, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee on the status of the Department's efforts to bring the BabyNet program into compliance with federal requirements. This amendment will update the fiscal year language of the proviso.

33.24 Personal Emergency Response System

Delete The proviso requires the department to develop one or more Requests for Proposals, to provide for Personal Emergency Response Systems (PERS) to be issued to Medicaid recipients pursuant to the department's Medicaid Home and Community-based waiver. The proviso also gives guidance regarding required system capability and service. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso in accordance with the governor's vetoes in the FY 2019-20 Appropriations Bill.

33.26 Medical Contract Grants

The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at theEstablishDepartment of Health and Human Services, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external
evaluation of grantees.

33.27 Defunding Planned Parenthood

This proviso prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services from accepting federal funding
for family planning. The agency is also given guidance regarding the prohibition of appropriating
state funds for family planning that directly or indirectly subsidizes abortion services, procedures, orEstablishadministrative functions. An otherwise qualified organization may not be disqualified from receipt of
these funds because of its affiliation with an organization that provides abortion services, provided
that the affiliated organization that provides abortion services is independent of the qualified
organization. The Executive Budget recommends the establishment of this proviso.

34.50 Ocean Water Quality Outfall Initiative

Delete This proviso directs funds appropriated for the Beach Renourishment Fund be made available as state matching funds for Horry County Ocean Water Quality Outfall Initiatives. All funds associated with this proviso have been dispersed.

34.52 Hazardous Waste Fund County Account

Delete This proviso requires funds in each county's Hazardous Waste Fund County Account to be released by the State Treasurer, upon the written request of a majority of the county's legislative delegation representing the economically depressed area of the county, and shall be used for infrastructure within the economically depressed area of that county. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso in accordance with the governor's vetoes in the FY 2019-20 Appropriations Bill.

34.54 State Trauma Registry

This proviso directs that all state verified trauma centers are required to submit relevant patient careAmenddata through the State Trauma Registry. The Department of Health and Environmental Control is(Technical)required to develop policies and regulations to ensure the data is collected. The Executive Budgetrecommends updating the date referenced in the proviso.

34.56 Reimbursement of Expenditures

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing the Department of Health and Environmental Control to use funds received in the current year as reimbursement of expenses incurred in the current or prior fiscal year.

34.57	Organizations Receiving State Appropriations
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso allowing for the Department of Health and Environmental Control to reduce funding in provisos that direct specific appropriations to other entities in the event of a mid-year reduction, up to the specified reduction amount.
35.3	Alzheimer's Funding
Delete	This proviso requires the Department of Mental Health to expend funds for the Community Mental Health Center on contractual services for Alzheimer's patient respite care and diagnostic services. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso and establishes a new proviso at the Department on Aging.
35.11	Fitness to Stand Trial
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso allowing for the Department of Mental Health to initiate a pilot program to determine the efficacy and cost-effectiveness of providing restoration treatment to defendants in a detention center, as an alternative to the current requirement in subsection (3) of Section 44-23-430 that the defendant be hospitalized for the restoration treatment.
35.12	Recruitment Bonuses
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the Department of Mental Health to administer the recruitment bonus program for school based mental health counselors.
36.14	Beaufort DSN Facility
Amend (Technical)	This proviso authorizes the Department of Disabilities and Special Needs to retain the full amount of proceeds from the sale of the local Disabilities and Special Needs Board of Beaufort County property and use the proceeds to purchase a new property for the local Disabilities and Special Needs Board in Beaufort County that more appropriately meets the needs of the individuals served. This amendment will update the fiscal year language of the proviso.
38.1	Fee Retention
Amend	This proviso permits the Department of Social Services to use overpayments from child support collections above \$800,000 to support the collection efforts. The amendment permits the agency to keep the full amount of overpayments and to use them to fund data security and child support operations.
38.14	Family Foster Care Payments
Amend	This proviso dictates payments to foster families for the care of foster children. This amendment increases the payments for ages 0-5 from \$500 to \$605; ages 6-12 from \$523 to \$708; and ages 13 and over from \$589 to \$747.
38.17	Child Support Enforcement System
Delete	This proviso outlines how the Department of Social Services reports on funds appropriated for the development of the Child Support Enforcement System. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the system has been implemented.

38.24 Internal Child Fatality Review Committees

AmendThis proviso directs the Department of Social Services to create and fund Internal Child Fatality(Technical)Review Committees. This amendment will update the fiscal year reference.

38.29 Foster Care Child Placements

Delete This proviso gives specific direction to the Department of Social Services regarding measures they are to implement in the foster care placement process. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso in accordance with the governor's vetoes in the FY 2019-20 Appropriations Bill.

38.30 Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System

Delete This proviso directs the Department of Social Services to use a portion of the recurring funds appropriated to the Department to issue a request for proposal for a vendor to implement a comprehensive case management data and analysis system. The requirements of the proviso have been met and the Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso pursuant to a recommendation by the Department.

38.33 Faith-Based Private Child Placing Agencies

Establish This proviso directs the Department of Social Services regarding faith-based child placing agencies.

40.1 State Matching Funds Carry Forward

Amend
(Technical)This proviso permits any unexpended balance of the required state matching funds appropriated in
Part IA, Section 40, Distribution to Subdivisions, to be carried forward into the current fiscal year to
be used as required state match for federal funds awarded to subdivisions. The Executive Budget
recommends changing "Distribution to Subdivision" to "Aging Assistance" to align with the
agency's current budget structure.

40.2 State Match Funding Formula

This proviso directs the Department on Aging to use the first allocation of funds under "DistributionAmendto Subdivisions" for the provision of required state matching funds according to the Department's(Technical)formula for distributing Older Americans Act funds. The Executive Budget recommends changing
"Distribution to Subdivision" to "Aging Assistance" to align with the Appropriations Act.

40.5 Home and Community Based Services

The proviso calls for state funds appropriated for Home and Community-Based Services to be used toAmendfund services that most directly meet the goal of allowing seniors to live safely and independently at(Technical)home. The Executive budget recommends amending the proviso by striking (formerly Home Care
Level 1) and (formerly Home Care Level II) and changing "Interstate" to "Intrastate."

40.9 Alzheimer's Funding

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the Department on Aging to use \$778,706 for contractual services to provide respite care and diagnostic services to those who qualify as determined by the Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders Association.

41.2 Guardian Ad Litem Program

This proviso requires both the program and the funds appropriated to the Department of Children's
Advocacy Guardian ad Litem Program to be administered separately from other programs and must
be expended for the exclusive use of the Guardian ad Litem program. The Department of Revenue is
also directed to reduce the rate of interest paid on eligible refunds by two percentage points. The
revenue resulting from this reduction will be used for operations of the Guardian ad Litem program.
This amendment grants the Department of Children's Advocacy greater flexibility in expending this
revenue in support of the Guardian Ad Litem program.

43.5 Sale of Promotional Items

The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing the Forestry Commission toEstablishretain revenues received through the sale of promotional items and use for operations. Unexpendedfunds can be carried forward and used for the same purpose.

47.14 Waterfowl Impoundments Projects

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing the Department of Natural Resources to enter into agreements with qualified not-for-profit entities that possess specialized knowledge and skills necessary to plan, develop, construct, improve and/or maintain waterfowl impoundments owned or managed by the Department.

49.14 Beach Access

Delete This proviso directs the Department of Parks, Recreation & Tourism to open pedestrian, non-motorized vehicular and golf cart ingress and egress to Myrtle Beach State Park at the intersection of U.S. Highway 17 and Center South Road in Myrtle Beach. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as it is no longer needed.

49.18 State Park Employee Housing

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso allowing employees of the Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism's State Park Service to make deductions from their compensation for rental payments if their residential housing is located within a South Carolina State Park.

49.19 Local Parks Revitalization Grants

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.*

49.20 Sports Marketing Grants

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the* Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.

50.22	Small Business Grant Program
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to create the Small Business Enterprise Grant Program at the Department of Commerce, to assist qualifying small businesses that have been impacted by COVID-19.
52.2	Clamagore Reef
Delete	This proviso directs Patriots Point to utilize the \$1,000,000 appropriated in Act No. 286 of 2014 by Proviso 118.16, Item (9) for the Medal of Honor Museum for the USS Clamagore Veteran Memorial Reef. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as it is no longer needed.
53.1	Conservation Grant Funding Carry forward Authority
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing the Conservation Bank to carry forward Conservation Bank trust funds into the next fiscal year for the same purpose.
60.4	Solicitor Carry Forward
Amend	The Executive Budget recommends amending this proviso to permit the Prosecution Coordination Commission to carry forward agency operating funds into the next fiscal year for the same purpose.
60.13	Exemption for Pass-Through Funding
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso exempting pass-through funding at the Prosecution Coordination Commission from being included in any budget reduction calculations.
60.14	Solicitor Technology Funding Distribution
Establish	The Executive Budget Recommends adding this proviso directing the Prosecution Coordination Commission to disburse funding provided for case management systems pro-rata to each of the judicial circuits.
61.4	S.C. Appellate Court Rule 608 Appointments
Amend	This proviso authorizes the Commission on Indigent Defense to utilize funds from the death penalty trial fund to hire attorneys to provide representation in capital litigation cases. This amendment extends this authority to the hiring of support personnel for Rule 608 attorneys.
61.11	Capital Case Contract Attorneys
Amend	This proviso outlines payments for capital attorneys. This amendment permits the Commission on Indigent Defense to use funding for capital attorneys to pay for support services for the capital attorneys.
62.23	First Responder PTSD Treatment
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED) to distribute funds to the SLED Assistance Program to reimburse law enforcement officers who incur mental injury as a result of a critical incident during the scope of employment.

63.8	S.C. Law Enforcement Officers Hall of Fame Donations
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso permitting the Department of Public Safety to carry forward all donations made to the Law Enforcement Officers Hall of Fame for use for the same purpose.
63.9	Local Law Enforcement Grants
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the Department of Public Safety, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.
63.10	School Safety Program and School Resource Officers
Establish	This proviso directs funds appropriated in the School Safety Program to be used for hiring school resource officers. The amendment requires local law enforcement agencies to report the number of officers hired by district and by school on a quarterly basis.
65.30	Safety & Security
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to authorize the Department of Corrections to carry forward unexpended funds to be used for deferred maintenance and security upgrades.
67.12	Local District Effort
Delete	This proviso requires the home school districts to transfer funds to the Department of Juvenile Justice for every child in the Department's care. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as requested by the Department.
71.6	Division of Small and Minority Business Contracting and Certification
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso moving the Division of Small and Minority Business Contracting and Certification and related employees and appropriations from the Department of Administration to the Commission for Minority Affairs.
73.6	Broadband Infrastructure Program
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the Office of Regulatory Staff to continue funding the Broadband Infrastructure Program as structured in Act 154 of 2020. Expansion of infrastructure will emphasize services to rural communities and communities with a lack of access to broadband service.
78.4	Insurance Fraud
Establish	The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing the Department of Insurance to retain and use up to ten percent of fees collected to combat and prosecute insurance fraud cases.

81.13 First Responder PTSD Treatment

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation to distribute funds to the South Carolina Firefighter Assistance Support Team (FAST) to reimburse firefighters and emergency medical technicians who incur mental injury as a result of a critical incident during the scope of employment.

81.14 Local Fire Department Grants

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso creating a grants committee at the* Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation, setting criteria for grant awards, and requiring external evaluation of grantees.

81.15 Compensatory Payment

The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso authorizing exempt employees of theEstablishDepartment of Labor, Licensing and Regulation, State Fire Division to be paid for actual hours
worked during a state of emergency declared by the governor.

82.2 Cost Recovery Fee/Sale of Photos or Digitized Images

AmendThis proviso allows the Department of Motor Vehicles to collect and retain fees for various
deliverables and prohibits the sale of driver's license or personal identification card images to
private parties. The Executive Budget recommends amending this proviso to allow the agency to
collect and retain fees for Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests.

82.3 Driver's Privacy Protection Act (DPPA) Compliance Audit

AmendThis proviso allows the Department of Motor Vehicles to charge fees to defray the costs associated
with auditing and enforcing compliance of laws pertaining to personal information for customers
receiving information disseminated by the Department. The Executive Budget recommends amending
the proviso to remove language referencing the Comptroller General's Office.

82.7 Phoenix III Migration Pilot

Delete This proviso allows the Department of Motor Vehicles to utilize the remainder of earmarked funds for the Phoenix project. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as it is no longer needed.

82.8 Real ID

Amend This proviso grants the Department of Motor Vehicles the flexibility to spend any remaining cash, except funds designated for the Phoenix project, on Real ID implementation. The Executive Budget recommends amending this proviso to update the fiscal year reference and to remove language exempting the Phoenix III funds.

82.10 Minor Identification Card Fees

AmendThis proviso allows the Department of Motor Vehicles to waive the \$5 fee for individuals under the
age of 17, if issuance is through an established partnership with a state or federal agency. The
Executive Budget recommends amending this proviso to allow the fee to be waived for individuals of
all ages.

82.11 Temporary License Plate Revenue Direction

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso allowing the Department of Motor Vehicles to retain and use the revenue collected from trackable temporary license plates.*

83.5 Unemployment Insurance (UI) Tax System Modernization

Amend This proviso allows the Department of Employment and Workforce to dispose of unused property which has federal equity and, in compliance with the Reed Act, use the funds for the Unemployment Insurance program. This amendment decreases the amount of funds authorized (resulting from disposition of property) to be used for the Unemployment Insurance program's tax system modernization as requested by the agency.

83.6 Employment Training Outcomes Data Sharing

Amend This proviso requires the integration of data for the improvement of employment assessment outcomes by various providers and allows the Department of Employment and Workforce to charge for providing employment related data to state agency recipients. The Executive Budget recommends removing language exempting the Department of Commerce from being charged for data sharing, which conforms the language to federal law.

84.15 Compensatory Payment

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to allow the Department of Transportation to exempt employees to be paid for actual hours worked in lieu of accruing compensatory time during a state of emergency declared by the governor.

84.16 Non-Federal Aid Highway fund

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso clarifying the language on the use of funds from Act 176, so that funds may be used to repair and maintain the existing highway system, consistent with the language of the Infrastructure Maintenance Trust Fund established in Act 40 of 2017.

87.6 Aircraft acquisition through the Department of Defense Surplus Equipment Program

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this new proviso authorizing the Division of Aeronautics to acquire aircraft for state service through the Department of Defense Surplus Equipment Program without meeting the requirements set forth in Section 1-11-405 and as long as the aircraft can be used to meet the typical mission requirements of the Division's operations.

88.1 Charleston Cooper River Bridge Project

AmendThis proviso directs the State Ports Authority to pay the State Transportation Infrastructure Bank(Technical)\$1,000,000 to continue the Charleston Cooper River Bridge Project. The Executive Budget
recommends updating the fiscal year reference.

88.5 Jasper Ocean Terminal Permitting

Delete This proviso directs that any funds appropriated to the State Ports Authority for the Jasper Ocean Terminal shall be utilized for activities approved and directed by the Joint Venture Governing Board and associated with advancing the project during the upcoming fiscal year. In FY 2019-20, the proviso also directed the State Ports Authority to utilize not more than \$5,000,000 for the purchase of real property at the Sherwood Plantation. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso and consolidating with proviso 88.6 to create a new proviso.

88.6 Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund

This proviso provides carry forward authority for funds appropriated for the Jasper Ocean TerminalDeletePort Facility. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso and consolidating with proviso88.5 to create a new proviso.

88.7 Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to allow the State Ports Authority to maintain the Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund. This fund must be used exclusively by the State Ports Authority for capital infrastructure expenditures supporting the development of the Jasper Ocean Terminal Port facility and shall be carried forward and used for the same purpose.

91.23 Technology Panel

AmendThis proviso directs the K-12 Technology Panel Initiative partnership to submit an annual report(Technical)detailing the expenditure of K-12 Technology funds. The Executive Budget recommends amending
this proviso to update the fiscal year reference.

93.2 State House Operation & Maintenance Account

Amend This proviso directs the Department of Administration to maintain a separate account for funds appropriated for State House maintenance, operations, and renovations. The Executive Budget recommends amending this proviso to update the account reference to "Capitol Complex and Mansion" as requested by the Department.

96.1 Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) Filing Fees

Amend This proviso allows the Secretary of State to retain up to \$180,000 of UCC filing fees for administration of the UCC program. This amendment increases the amount the agency is allowed to retain to \$250,000.

96.4 Charity Fine Revenue

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to increase the amount of charity fines the Secretary of State is authorized to retain from \$200,000 to \$300,000.*

96.5 Boards & Commissions

Establish This proviso directs funds appropriated to the Secretary of State's Office be used for the processing and maintaining of appointments to local, municipal, county and statewide boards and commissions.

97.4 Unemployment Compensation Fund Administration

Amend Currently this proviso allows the Comptroller General's Office to retain the lesser of 2% or \$200,000 of the Unemployment Compensation Fund balance for administration of the program. The Executive Budget strikes the "lesser of 2%" so that the retained amount becomes \$200,000.

100.13 National or State Guard State Active Duty

Amend This proviso requires \$500,000 from the general fund to be set aside to cover costs incurred by the Adjutant General in the event the SC National Guard or State Guard is activated during a declared emergency. This amendment increases the amount set aside to \$1,000,000.

102.12 Match for Additional HAVA Funds

AmendThis proviso authorizes the State Election Commission to utilize funds appropriated for primary and
general elections and voting system refurbishments to provide the state match should Help America
Vote Act (HAVA) federal funds become available. This amendment deletes the reference to voting
system refurbishment as a new voting system has been implemented.

102.13 Third Party Consultant

Delete This proviso directs the State Election Commission to expend funds to contract for a third-party consultant to advise the Richland County Election Commission on the conduct of elections. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso.

103.6 NG911 Strategic Plan

Delete This proviso directs the Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office to expend \$150,000 to develop a statewide NG911 strategic plan. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the strategic plan has been developed.

106.2 Suspend SCRS & PORS Employer Contribution Rate Increase

This proviso suspends the increase in the employer contribution rate imposed by Section 9-1-1085and Section 9-11-225 for Fiscal Year 2021-2022. The employer contribution rate for the SouthAmendCarolina Retirement Systems and the Police Officers Retirement Systems, expressed as a percentage
of earnable compensation, will increase by 1% for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 instead of 2%.

108.3 Health Plan Tobacco User Differential

Amend This proviso authorizes the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) to charge a tobacco surcharge to health plan members who utilize tobacco products. The proviso is amended to authorize PEBA to charge a surcharge on e-cigarette users in addition to tobacco users.

108.6 State Health Plan

Amend This proviso establishes the employer and subscriber premiums for the State Health Plan. This amendment updates the date references to ensure employer and subscriber premiums remain the same for Plan Year 2022 as in Plan Year 2021.

108.12 South Carolina Retirement Systems

The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to close the South Carolina RetirementEstablishSystem to new enrollees effective December 31, 2021 and directs all new enrollees to join the State
Optional Retirement Plan.

108.13 Earnings Limitation for First Responders

The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to retain experienced Law EnforcementOfficers and First Responders by exempting the earnings limitation imposed pursuant Section 9-11-Establish90 of the 1976 Code for retired members of the Police Officers Retirement System who retired beforeDecember 31, 2020 and returns to covered employment to enhance the state's efforts to providequality public safety.

109.12 Food Manufacturing Equipment

Delete This proviso requires the exemption of sales and use taxes on clothing and equipment used in food preparation as defined by the North American Industry Classification system. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso.

109.13 Collection of Business License Taxes

Delete This proviso prohibits counties from using third parties to assess, collect, and process business license taxes for telecommunication providers and insurers. The Executive Budget recommends the deletion of this proviso.

109.14 Cigarette Stamps

Delete This proviso provides an extension to taxpayers filing a report stating the number of unstamped packages of cigarettes. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the extension date has passed.

109.15 Individual Income Tax

Establish The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso directing the Department of Revenue to reduce the individual income tax rates in each bracket by subtracting 0.2 percent each year for five years. The proviso includes a minimum threshold of 5% general fund growth annually before a reduction may be implemented.

110.1 Ethics Commission Website Changes

Delete This proviso requires the Ethics Commission to obtain approval of the General Assembly prior to making changes to the agency's Reporting System. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso.

110.3 Lobbyists and Lobbyist Principal Registration Fee

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding a new proviso to authorize the Ethics Commission to increase the lobbyist and lobbyist principal registration fee from \$100 to \$200.*

113.2 Quarterly Distributions

AmendThis proviso provides guidance on the quarterly distribution of funds to local governments. This(Technical)amendment updates the fiscal year reference.

113.5 Local Government Fund

Delete This proviso suspends provisions of the Code of Laws that pertained to the Local Government Fund. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as changes to the Local Government Fund have been codified in permanent law.

113.7 Political Subdivision Flexibility

Delete This proviso allows political subdivisions to reduce support of state-mandated programs by percentage reductions to the Local Government Fund. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as changes to the Local Government Fund have been codified in permanent law.

117.2 Appropriations from Funds

AmendThis proviso states that funds appropriated in the Act are for the current fiscal year. This(Technical)amendment updates the fiscal year reference.

117.3 Fiscal Year Definitions

Amend *This proviso defines "current fiscal year." This amendment updates the fiscal year reference.* (Technical)

117.69 Printed Report Requirements

AmendThis proviso provides reporting guidance to higher education institutions. This amendment updates(Technical)the fiscal year reference.

117.106 Charleston & Dorchester County Sound Barriers

Delete This proviso allows Charleston and Dorchester Counties to construct sound barriers with the Department of Transportation's easements along Interstate 26. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso.

117.116 Retail Facilities Revitalization Act Repeal Suspension

AmendThis proviso suspends the repeal of Chapter 34 of Title 6 of the 1976 Code related to property and(Technical)income tax credits for rehabilitation expenses incurred during renovation of former retail or service
facilities. This amendment updates the fiscal year reference.

117.118 BabyNet

AmendThis proviso requires the Executive Budget Office to conduct an inventory of all BabyNet-related(Technical)spending, which shall be submitted to the Governor, the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee,
and the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee. This amendment updates the fiscal year
reference.

117.119 South Carolina Telemedicine Network

AmendThis proviso requires the development of a telemedicine network that complies with federal
regulations and requires the Department of Health and Human Services to report compliance to
House Ways and Means and Senate Finance Committees. This amendment deletes the reporting
requirement.

117.120 Distribution Facility

Delete This proviso classifies the State Ports Authority as a distribution facility for the purpose of sales tax exemptions associated with the purchase of equipment and construction materials. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as this classification has been codified by Act 37 of 2019.

117.121 Catastrophic Weather Event

AmendThis proviso authorizes any improvements made to real property or personal property used as a(Technical)residence, damaged during the catastrophic weather event in October 2015 or Hurricane Matthew of
2016, after the event and before June 30, 2019, not be considered an improvement and does not
require a re-appraisal. This amendment updates the cut-off date extension from June 30, 2019 to
June 30 of the current fiscal year.

117.123 SCRS & PORS Trust Fund

AmendThis proviso directs the use of funds appropriated to the Public Employee Benefit Authority for credit(Technical)given to participating employers of the South Carolina Retirement System and the Police Officers
Retirement System. This amendment updates the fiscal year reference.

117.125 Opioid Abuse Prevention and Treatment Plan

Amend This proviso requires the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services to establish a coalition of state agencies, providers and other related entities to combat the opioid epidemic in a collaborative manner. The Executive Budget recommends amending the proviso to remove directives that have been completed in sections (D) and (H) within the proviso.

117.128 Statewide Administrative Services

AmendThis proviso authorizes the Department of Administration to provide consolidated administrative(Technical)services to state agencies. This amendment updates the fiscal year reference.

117.130 State Flag Study Committee

Delete This proviso establishes the South Carolina State Flag Study Committee to propose an official, uniform design for the state flag. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the committee's work has been completed.

117.136 Georgetown County Boat Ramps

Delete This proviso directs the Department of Transportation to transfer the remaining balance from Proviso 118.17(B)(43)(f) in Act 101 of 2013 to the Department of Natural Resources to be credited in the Georgetown County Water Recreation Fund. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the transfer and credit have been completed.

117.137 CDBG-DR Flexibility

Delete This proviso directs the Department of Commerce to transfer the remaining funds appropriated for Non-CDBG Disaster Recovery to the Department of Administration. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the transfer has been completed.

117.140 Voting System Funds Transfer

Delete This proviso directs the State Election Commission to transfer funds previously appropriated for the purchase or refurbishment of voting machines to the Department of Administration to purchase a new statewide voting system. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the transfer has been completed.

117.144 Intrastate Motor Carrier Fee Collections

Delete This proviso requires the Department of Motor Vehicles to consult with the Department of Revenue and other key entities regarding the collection of road use fees. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the report has been completed.

117.147 Early Childhood Education Study Committee

Delete This proviso establishes the Early Childhood Education Study Committee to study the creation of a cabinet-level agency that would organize all early childhood services. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as the committee's findings have been completed.

117.148 Authorization for Expenditure of COVID-19 Federal Funds

This proviso was included in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) and pertains to the direction Delete related to the COVID-19 Response. The Executive Budget recommends deletion as this is no longer necessary.

117.149 Mandatory Furlough Flexibility - COVID-19

This proviso was included in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) and pertains to direction Delete related to the COVID-19 Response. The Executive Budget recommends deletion as this is no longer necessary.

117.150 Other Funds Flexibility to Maintain Critical Programs Impacted by COVID-19

This proviso was included in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) and pertains to directionDeleterelated to the COVID-19 Response. The Executive Budget recommends deletion as this is no longer
necessary.

117.151 Voluntary Support Payments to Employees Furloughed - COVID-19

This proviso was included in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) and pertains to direction Delete related to the COVID-19 Response. The Executive Budget recommends deletion as this is no longer necessary.

117.152 Statewide Strategic Personnel Budgeting

This proviso instructs agencies to submit all personnel-related budget requests to the ExecutiveEstablishBudget Office and the Division of State Human Resources on or before September 1 of the current
fiscal year.

117.153 Educational Fee Waivers for In-State Students

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso allowing institutions of higher education to offer up to an additional four percent of student's fee waivers, limited exclusively to in-state undergraduate students with family incomes under two-hundred percent of federal poverty guidelines.*

117.154 Meals in Emergency Operations

Establish This proviso allows agencies to purchase meals for employees who are engaged in emergency response and are unable to leave their post, or when travel may be restricted due to the emergency response.

118.1 Year End Cutoff

AmendThis proviso sets the year end cutoff dates for processing payments. This amendment updates the(Technical)fiscal year reference.

118.9 Tax Relief Reserve Fund

AmendThis proviso establishes the Tax Relief Reserve Fund to provide tax relief to businesses and(Technical)individuals. This amendment updates this fiscal year reference.

118.11 Tobacco Settlement

Amend This proviso directs the use of payments from the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement. This amendment removes the authorization granted to the Attorney General to expend funds on information technology and infrastructure upgrades.

118.14 Taxpayer Rebate

Delete This proviso was included for a one-time taxpayer rebate. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso.

118.15 Farm Aid

Delete This proviso establishes the South Carolina Farm Aid Fund to provide grants to persons that experienced a loss due to Hurricanes Michael and Florence. The Executive Budget recommends deleting this proviso as federal funds were provided for this purpose.

118.16 Accrual of Tax Payments

Delete This proviso was included in Act 135 of 2020 (Continuing Resolution) and pertains to direction related to the COVID-19 Response. The Executive Budget recommends deletion as this is no longer necessary.

118.17 Nonrecurring Revenue

Establish *The Executive Budget recommends adding this proviso to appropriate nonrecurring revenue sources for Fiscal Year 2021-22.*

This page intentionally blank.



Summary Control Document

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Stat	e		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1	ESTIN	IATED REVENUES									1
2		General Fund Revenue (BEA Forecast 11/10/2020)		9,609,045,000			9,609,045,000			9,609,045,000	2
3		Less: Transfer to Tax Relief Trust Fund/Res Prop Tax [Capped at FY 01-02 Level]		(650,023,221)			(650,023,221)			(650,023,221)	3
4		General Fund Revenue (Net of Tax Relief Transfer)		8,959,021,779			8,959,021,779			8,959,021,779	4
5				.,,			-			.,,	5
		Net General Fund Revenue Available for Appropriation		8,959,021,779			8,959,021,779			8,959,021,779	
6				8,555,021,775			8,959,021,779			8,555,021,775	6
7 8		Local EV 2021 22 Appropriation Pace		(9.750.622.051)			(0.750.622.051)			(0.750.622.051)	7
9		Less: FY 2021-22 Appropriation Base		(8,750,622,051)			(8,750,622,051)			(8,750,622,051)	8 9
10		"New" Recurring Revenue		208,399,728		-	- 208,399,728			208,399,728	9 10
10				208,355,728		-	208,399,728			208,355,728	10
11	-	ENHANCEMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS:									11
12		Military Retirement Income Tax Reduction		(9,611,000)			(9,611,000)			(9,611,000)	12
13	-	Police Officers, Peace Officers, and Firefighters Retirement Income Tax Exemption		(9,508,000)			(9,508,000)			(9,508,000)	15
14		Police Officers, Peace Officers, and Filengiters Retirement income Tax Exemption		(9,508,000)			(9,508,000)			(9,508,000)	14
16		Subtotal, Enhancements and Adjustments		(19,119,000)			(19,119,000)			(19,119,000)	
10				(13,113,000)			(13,113,000)			(13,113,000)	10
18		Subtotal, Part I Revenues		189,280,728		-	189,280,728			189,280,728	18
19		Subout, Furt Revenues		105,200,720		-	105,200,720			105,200,720	10
20		NONRECURRING REVENUES									20
20	-	FY 2020-21 Capital Reserve Fund				176,095,044	176,095,044			176,095,044	20
22	-	FY 2018-19 Contingency Reserve Fund			103,451,091	176,095,044	103,451,091			176,095,044	21
23		FY 2019-29 Contingency Reserve Fund			671,514,950		671,514,950			671,514,950	22
23		FY 2020-21 Debt Service Lapse			125,239,577		125,239,577			071,514,550	24
25		Projected FY 2020-21 General Fund Surplus			36,311,463		36,311,463			36,311,463	25
26		Less: General Reserve Contribution [§ 11-11-310] (FY 2021-22 Balance = \$458,961,225)			(18,723,614)		(18,723,614)			50,511,405	26
27					(10)/ 20)01 ()		(10)/20)011/				27
28		Subtotal, Nonrecurring Revenues			917,793,467	176,095,044	1,093,888,511			1,093,888,511	28
29					,,		_,,,.			_,,	29
30		FEDERAL & OTHER FUNDS REVENUE PROJECTIONS SUPPORTING APPROPRIATIONS									30
31		FY 2021-22 Base						8,809,788,162	11,922,865,871	20,732,654,033	31
32		FY 2021-22 Adjustment						341,079,907	109,079,448	450,159,355	32
33		FY 2021-22 Projected EIA Revenue Increase (See EIA Section)						512,075,507	61,953,000	61,953,000	33
34		FY 2021-22 Lottery Revenue (See Lottery Section)							14,500,000	14,500,000	34
35									,,	,,	35
36		Subtotal, Federal & Other Funds Revenue					-	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	21,259,266,388	36
37											37
38		TOTAL "NEW" FUNDS		189,280,728	917,793,467	176,095,044	1,283,169,239	341,079,907	185,532,448	1,809,781,594	38
39											39
40		TOTAL ALLOCATIONS									40
40		Recurring Allocations		189,280,728	-	-	189,280,728	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	30,199,169,167	40
42		Nonrecurring Allocations			417,793,467	176,095,044	593,888,511	.,,,,,,	,,,,	593,888,511	42
43		GRAND TOTAL RECOMMENDED ALLOCATIONS	8,750,622,051	189,280,728		176,095,044	783,169,239	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	30,793,057,678	43
44	İ			<u> </u>							44
45		RESIDUAL BALANCE		1							45
46		RESIDUAL—Recurring Appropriations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46
47		RESIDUAL—EIA		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
48		RESIDUAL—Nonrecurring LOTTERY		-	-		-	-	13,900,000	13,900,000	48
49		RESIDUAL—Nonrecurring Appropriations		-	500,000,000	-	500,000,000	-	-	500,000,000	49
50											50
51		GRAND TOTAL RESIDUAL NOT ALLOCATED		-	500,000,000	-	500,000,000	-	13,900,000	513,900,000	51
52											52
	21-2022	APPROPRIATION ACT RECAP									53
53 FY 202		PART IA	1	8,939,902,779			8,939,902,779	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	30,199,169,167	54
		PARTIA								, , , _ 0 ,	
54				-,,-,			417.793.467			417.793.467	55
54 55		NON-RECURRING PROVISOS			417,793,467	-	417,793,467 9.357.696.246	9.150,868.069	12.108.398.319	417,793,467 30.616.962.634	55 56
54				8,939,902,779	417,793,467	-	417,793,467 9,357,696,246	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	417,793,467 30,616,962,634	55 56 57

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	to		Federal	Other	Total	-
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			510	FY 2020-21		rederal	Other	Total	
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
				FY 2021-22 Agency	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base	Recurring Fullus	1100130	Tunu	State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
59												59
60			GRAND TOTAL		8,939,902,779	417,793,467	176,095,044	9,533,791,290	9,150,868,069	12,108,398,319	30,793,057,678	60
61			FY 2020-21 APPROPRIATION BASE	0 750 600 054								61
62 63			FY 2020-21 APPROPRIATION BASE	8,750,622,051						-		62 63
64	STATEV		LOCATIONS									64
65		Sec #										65
66												66
67	F300	106	Employee Benefits									67
68 69			Maintain Health Insurance At Current Level Retirement Contribution Increase - 1% General Funded State Employees		5,928,000 32,411,836			5,928,000 32,411,836			5,928,000 32,411,836	68 69
70					52,411,030			32,411,030			52,411,030	70
71			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		38,339,836	-	-	38,339,836			38,339,836	71
72			SUBTOTAL EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		38,339,836			38,339,836			38,339,836	72
73 74	F310	107	Capital Reserve Fund	176.095.044				176,095,044			176,095,044	73 74
74	F310	107	Capital Reserve Fund Capital Reserve Fund (2% of FY2020-21 Revenue = \$183,584,490)	176,095,044	7,489,446			7,489,446			7,489,446	74
76												76
77			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		7,489,446	-	-	7,489,446			7,489,446	77
78			SUBTOTAL CAPITAL RESERVE FUND		183,584,490			183,584,490			183,584,490	78 79
79 80	V040	112	Debt Service	191,630,298				191,630,298			191,630,298	80
81	V040	112		151,030,258				-			191,030,298	81
82												82
83			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				83
84		1	SUBTOTAL DEBT SERVICE		191,630,298			191,630,298			191,630,298	84
85 86	X220	113	Aid to Subdivisions - State Treasurer	20,616,033				20,616,033			20,616,033	85 86
87	7220	115	Aid to Subdivisions	20,010,033	1,031,150			1,031,150			1,031,150	87
88												88
89	X220	113	Local Government Fund - State Treasurer	233,740,696				233,740,696			233,740,696	89
90 91			Local Government Fund Formula		5,937,014			5,937,014			5,937,014	90 91
91			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		6,968,164	-	-	6,968,164			6,968,164	91
93			SUBTOTAL AID TO SUBDIVISIONS/LOCAL GOVERNMENT FUND		261,324,893			261,324,893			261,324,893	93
94												94
95	X440	114	Aid to Subdivisions - Dept. of Revenue	20,421,270			-	20,421,270			20,421,270	95
96 97			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	_								96 97
98			SUBTOTAL INCLEMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS SUBTOTAL AID TO SUBDIVISIONS - DEPT OF REVENUE		20,421,270	-	-	20,421,270			20,421,270	98
99	<u> </u>											99
100	X500	115	Tax Relief Trust Fund - Dept. of Revenue				-	-		614,053,000	614,053,000	100
101										25.070.05	25 000 0	10
102 103			Tax Relief Trust Fund [BEA 11/10/20]	_						35,970,221	35,970,221	102
103			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		35,970,221	35,970,221	-
105			SUBTOTAL TAX RELIEF TRUST FUND - DEPT OF REVENUE		-			-		650,023,221	650,023,221	
106			SUBTOTAL STATEWIDE	642,503,341	52,797,446	-	-	695,300,787		650,023,221	1,345,324,008	
107	105310											10
108 109	AGENCY Agy #		AGENCIES	_								10
109	~6y #	3CC #										10
111	H630	1	State Department of Education (See Also Lottery Section)	3,334,394,114				3,334,394,114	879,200,886	902,882,909	5,116,477,909	11
112			State Funds Adjustments:									11
113			State Aid to School Districts - State Aid to Classrooms		35,223,644	400		35,223,644			35,223,644	
114 115			Instructional Materials Department Headquarters Relocation - Rent			100,000,000 2,500,000		100,000,000 2,500,000	l		100,000,000 2,500,000	
115			Department Headquarters Relocation - Kent Department Headquarters Relocation - Moving Expenses			2,500,000		2,500,000			2,500,000	
117	1	1	SC Public Charter School District		15,000,000	,,,,		15,000,000			15,000,000	

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			F
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta			Federal	Other	Total	
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				FY 2020-21					
			it is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
118			Transfer to Governor's School for Arts & Humanities (move to direct appropriation)		(8,662,827)			(8,662,827)			(8,662,827)) 118
119			Transfer to Governor's School for Science & Math (move to direct appropriation)		(13,467,284)			(13,467,284)			(13,467,284)	
120			School Resource Officers to Department of Public Safety		(11,935,000)			(11,935,000)			(11,935,000)) 120
121			Status Offender to Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe		(346,473)			(346,473)			(346,473)) 121
122												122
123			Federal Funds Adjustments:									123
124			Federal Funds Increase						100,000,000		100,000,000	
125												125
126			Other Funds Adjustments:									126
127			Volkswagen Environmental Mitigation Trust (VW EMT) to Purchase School Buses							7,872,600	7,872,600	
128 129			EIA Expenditures Adjustment (Details in EIA Section)							61,953,000	61,953,000	
129			Transfer to Governor's School for Arts & Humanities (move to direct appropriation) Transfer to Governor's School for Science & Math (move to direct appropriation)		1					(1,004,771) (746,500)	(1,004,771) (746,500)	
130			mansier to dovernor s school for science & math (move to direct appropriation)		1					(740,500)	(740,500)	131
131			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		15,812,060	105,000,000	-	120,812,060	100,000,000	68,074,329	288,886,389	
133			SUBTOTAL STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		3,350,206,174			3,455,206,174	979,200,886	970,957,238	5,405,364,298	
134					-,,			-,,,		,,		134
135	H660	3	Lottery Expenditure Account (See Lottery Section for Appropriations)							523,250,000	523,250,000	
136			Other Funds:							,,		136
137												137
138												138
139			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				139
140			SUBTOTAL LOTTERY EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT		-			-		523,250,000	523,250,000	140
141												141
142	A850	4	Education Oversight Committee							1,793,242	1,793,242	
143			State Funds Adjustments:									143
144								-				144
145			Other Funds Adjustments:									145
146												146
147												147
148 149			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE		-	-	-	-		1,793,242	1,793,242	148 149
149			SOBIOTAL EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE	_	-			-		1,793,242	1,795,242	149
150	H710	5	Wil Lou Gray Opportunity School	6,612,764				6,612,764	240,000	985,321	7,838,085	
151	H/10	5	State Funds Adjustments:	0,012,704				0,012,704	240,000	565,521	7,858,085	151
152			Security Cameras and Keyless Entry			200,000		200,000			200,000	
155			Classroom Security and Flooring			300,000		300,000			300,000	
155								,			,	155
156			Federal Funds Adjustments:					-				156
157					1			-				157
158			Other Funds Adjustments:									158
159												159
160												160
161			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	500,000	-	500,000			500,000	161
162			SUBTOTAL WIL LOU GRAY OPPORTUNITY SCHOOL		6,612,764			7,112,764	240,000	985,321	8,338,085	
163												163
164	H750	6	School for the Deaf & Blind	15,516,449	l			15,516,449	1,739,000	11,770,455	29,025,904	
165			State Funds Adjustments:									165
166			Endoral Funde Adjustmonte:					-				166 167
167			Federal Funds Adjustments:									167
168 169			Other Funds Adjustments:		1							168
170												170
170					1							170
172			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				172
173			SUBTOTAL SCHOOL FOR DEAF & BLIND		15,516,449		1	15,516,449	1,739,000	11,770,455	29,025,904	
174					-,,		1	-,, - 13	,,	,,	.,,	174
175	L120	7	Governor's School for Agriculture at John de la Howe	4,982,201	1		1	4,982,201	353,227	784,047	6,119,475	
176			State Funds Adjustments:	.,	1		1	.,,	,,	,	.,,,,,,	176
			L.S. Brice School Renovation		1	5,827,112	1	5,827,112			5,827,112	

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
	-										
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
178		Status Offender from Department of Education		346,473			346,473			346,473	
179											179
180 181		Federal Funds Adjustments:									180 181
181		Other Funds Adjustments:									181
183											183
184											184
185		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		346,473	5,827,112	-	6,173,585			6,173,585	
186		SUBTOTAL JOHN DE LA HOWE SCHOOL		5,328,674			11,155,786	353,227	784,047	12,293,060	
187											187
188	H670	8 Educational Television Commission	1,738,759				1,738,759	200,000	18,715,000	20,653,759	188 189
189 190		State Funds Adjustments: Restoration of General Funds		5,726,409			5,726,409			5,726,409	_
190			-	5,720,409			3,720,405			5,720,409	190
192		Federal Funds Adjustments:									192
193											193
194		Other Funds Adjustments:									194
195		Other Funds Increase							5,500,000	5,500,000	
196				5 726 400			5 736 400		5 500 000	11 226 100	196
197 198		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION		5,726,409 7,465,168	-	-	5,726,409 7,465,168	200,000	5,500,000 24,215,000	11,226,409 31,880,168	
198			-	7,405,108			7,403,108	200,000	24,215,000	51,880,108	198
200	H640	9 Governor's School of Arts & Humanities									200
201		State Funds Adjustments:									201
202		Transfer from Department of Education (move to direct appropriation)		8,662,827			8,662,827			8,662,827	202
203											203
204		Federal Funds Adjustments:									204
205		Osh oo Fuodo Adjusterante									205
206 207		Other Funds Adjustments: Transfer from Department of Education (move to direct appropriation)							1,004,771	1,004,771	206 207
207									1,004,771	1,004,771	207
209		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		8,662,827	-	-	8,662,827		1,004,771	9,667,598	209
210		SUBTOTAL GOVERNOR'S SCHOOL OF ARTS & HUMANITIES		8,662,827			8,662,827		1,004,771	9,667,598	210
211											211
212	H650	10 Governor's School for Science & Math									212
213		State Funds Adjustments:		10.107.001							213
214 215		Transfer from Department of Education (move to direct appropriation)		13,467,284			13,467,284			13,467,284	214 215
215		Federal Funds Adjustments:									215
217											217
218		Other Funds Adjustments:									218
219		Other Funds Increase							500,000	500,000	
220		Transfer from Department of Education (move to direct appropriation)							746,500	746,500	
221				40.000.000			40.000.00			42.000.000	221
222 223		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL GOVERNOR'S SCHOOL FOR SCIENCE AND MATH		13,467,284 13,467,284	-	-	13,467,284 13,467,284		1,246,500 1,246,500	13,967,284 14,713,784	
223				13,407,284			13,407,284		1,240,500	14,/13,/84	223
224	H030	11 Commission on Higher Education (Also see Lottery Section)	35,515,339				35,515,339	4,729,832	5,469,188	45,714,359	
226		State Funds Adjustments:					,,		,	, ,	226
227							-				227
228		Federal Funds Adjustments:									228
229		Autor Production	_								229
230		Other Funds Adjustments:									230 231
231 232			1								231
232		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				232
234		SUBTOTAL COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION	1	35,515,339			35,515,339	4,729,832	5,469,188	45,714,359	
235			T T								235
236	H060	12 Higher Education Tuition Grants (Also See Lottery Section)	27,903,097	1			27,903,097		6,050,000	33,953,097	

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT	Governor's Executive Budget								
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill		-							
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta			Federal	Other	Total	
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base	Accurring Funds	110130	Tunu	State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
237			State Funds Adjustments:									237
238			Student Information System			200,000		200,000			200,000	238
239												239
240			Federal Funds Adjustments:									240
241												241
242 243			Other Funds Adjustments:							200.000	200.000	242 243
245			Tuition Grants							200,000	200,000	245
245			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	200,000	-	200,000		200,000	400,000	245
246			SUBTOTAL TUITION GRANTS		27,903,097			28,103,097		6,250,000	34,353,097	246
247												247
248			HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS									248
249	H090		Citadel	12,500,686				12,500,686	33,936,275	108,120,000	154,556,961	249
250			State Funds Adjustments:		I							250
251		+	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets		 		2,769,530	2,769,530			2,769,530	
252 253			Federal Funds Adjustments:									252 253
255			Authorization Increase						916,279		916,279	254
255									510,275		510,275	255
256			Other Funds Adjustments:									256
257			Authorization Increase							2,919,240	2,919,240	
258												258
259			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	2,769,530	2,769,530	916,279	2,919,240	6,605,049	259
260			SUBTOTAL CITADEL		12,500,686			15,270,216	34,852,554	111,039,240	161,162,010	260
261 262	H120	14	Clemson	95,282,172				95,282,172	127,655,954	945,642,629	1,168,580,755	261 262
263	H120		State Funds Adjustments:	55,282,172				95,262,172	127,055,954	945,042,029	1,108,580,755	263
264			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				18,390,987	18,390,987			18,390,987	264
265								-				265
266			Federal Funds Adjustments:									266
267			Changes to Federal Restricted Funds in the I.B. E&G Restricted and III. Employee Benefits Budgets						13,308,298		13,308,298	267
268			Changes to Federal Funds in the I.A. E&G Unrestricted Budgets						1,000,000		1,000,000	268
269 270			Other Funds Adjustments:									269 270
270			Changes to Other Earmarked Funds in I.A E&G Unrestricted and III. Employee Benefits							51,298,193	51,298,193	270
272			Changes to Other Earmarked Funds in II. Auxiliary Enterprises and III. Employee Benefits Budgets							15,720,330	15,720,330	
273			Changes to Other Restricted Funds in I.B E&G Restricted and III. Employee Benefits							7,698,091	7,698,091	273
274												274
275			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	18,390,987	18,390,987	14,308,298	74,716,614	107,415,899	275
276		-	SUBTOTAL CLEMSON		95,282,172			113,673,159	141,964,252	1,020,359,243	1,275,996,654	276
277	L150	15	Liniversity of Charleton	20.014.507	 			20.014.507	10 500 000	222.002.700	272 277 272	277
278 279	H150		University of Charleston State Funds Adjustments:	30,814,507	l			30,814,507	19,500,000	223,062,766	273,377,273	278 279
279			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets		 		7,449,765	7,449,765			7,449,765	279
281		1			I +		.,	-			.,	281
282			Federal Funds Adjustments:									282
283												283
284			Other Funds Adjustments:									284
285					┨─────┼							285
286 287			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		┣────┼	-	7,449,765	7,449,765			7,449,765	286 287
287			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL UNIVERSITY OF CHARLESTON		- 30,814,507		7,449,705	38,264,272	19,500,000	223,062,766	280,827,038	287
289		1		_	33,014,307			55,204,272	10,000,000	223,002,700	200,027,030	289
200	H170	16	Coastal Carolina	16,482,897	I +			16,482,897	21,000,000	211,457,613	248,940,510	200
291	1		State Funds Adjustments:	,,,.,.,.,.,.,,,,,,,,,,				.,,,	,,,	,,	.,,.10	291
292			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				6,001,232	6,001,232			6,001,232	292
293								-				293
294	I		Federal Funds Adjustments:									294
295												295

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					-
Line			Agency Reginping Race	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total State Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds	Total Funds	Line
296			Beginning Base				State Funds	Fullus	Funds	Fullus	296
296		Other Funds Adjustments:									296
298											298
299											299
300		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	6,001,232	6,001,232			6,001,232	
301		SUBTOTAL COASTAL CAROLINA		16,482,897			22,484,129	21,000,000	211,457,613	254,941,742	
302											302
303	H180		18,521,662				18,521,662	12,988,495	52,668,968	84,179,125	
304 305		State Funds Adjustments:				4 552 050	4 552 050			4,553,869	304 305
305		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				4,553,869	4,553,869			4,553,869	305
307		Federal Funds Adjustments:	1	1			-				307
308	1		1	1							308
309	1	Other Funds Adjustments:									309
310											310
311											311
312		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	4,553,869	4,553,869	10.000		4,553,869	
313	<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL FRANCIS MARION		18,521,662			23,075,531	12,988,495	52,668,968	88,732,994	-
314	11210		0.000.053				0.000.053	7 240 744	67 220 224	04 550 040	314
315 316	H210	18 Lander State Funds Adjustments:	9,980,053				9,980,053	7,240,741	67,338,224	84,559,018	315 316
317		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				3,747,699	3,747,699			3,747,699	
318						-,,	-			-,,	318
319		Federal Funds Adjustments:									319
320											320
321		Other Funds Adjustments:									321
322		Additional Other Funds FTEs							904,540	904,540	
323 324		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	2 747 000	3,747,699		904,540	4,652,239	323 324
325		SUBTOTAL LANDER		- 9,980,053	-	3,747,699	13,727,752	7,240,741	68,242,764	4,652,239 89,211,257	325
326				5,566,655			13,727,732	7,240,741	00,242,704	05,211,257	326
327	H240	19 SC State	16,110,132				16,110,132	54,501,255	51,756,047	122,367,434	-
328		State Funds Adjustments:									328
329		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				2,416,172	2,416,172			2,416,172	329
330							-				330
331 332		Federal Funds Adjustments:									331 332
333		Other Funds Adjustments:									333
334											334
335											335
336		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	2,416,172	2,416,172			2,416,172	336
337		SUBTOTAL SC STATE		16,110,132			18,526,304	54,501,255	51,756,047	124,783,606	337
338											338
339	L	USC System									339
340	H270		155,969,788				155,969,788	178,603,631	930,529,343	1,265,102,762	
341		State Funds Adjustments:				24 604 75 4	24 601 754			24 004 75 4	341
342 343	+	Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	1	1		24,691,754	24,691,754			24,691,754	342 343
343	1	Federal Funds Adjustments:	1	1			-				343
345			1	1							345
346		Other Funds Adjustments:									346
347											347
348											348
349		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	24,691,754	24,691,754	100 000 00		24,691,754	
350	<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL USC COLUMBIA		155,969,788			180,661,542	178,603,631	930,529,343	1,289,794,516	
351 352	H290	20B -Aiken	10,554,060	l			10,554,060	10,500,000	41,457,362	62,511,422	351 352
352	H290	20B -Aiken <u>State Funds Adjustments:</u>	10,554,060	1			10,554,000	10,500,000	41,457,302	02,511,422	352
354		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets	1	1		3,944,269	3,944,269			3,944,269	
355	1			1		2,2,205	-			5,5,205	355

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		_		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
356		Federal Funds Adjustments:									356
357		Federal Funds Increase						1,000,000		1,000,000	
358											358
359 360		Other Funds Adjustments:									359 360
361											361
362		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	3,944,269	3,944,269	1,000,000		4,944,269	362
363		SUBTOTAL USC AIKEN		10,554,060			14,498,329	11,500,000	41,457,362	67,455,691	363
364											364
365	H340	20C -Upstate	15,583,026				15,583,026	16,450,838	68,376,142	100,410,006	365
366		State Funds Adjustments:	_								366
367 368		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				6,647,105	6,647,105			6,647,105	367 368
368		Federal Funds Adjustments:		1			-				368
370				1							370
371		Other Funds Adjustments:									371
372											372
373								ļ			373
374		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL USC UPSTATE		-	-	6,647,105	6,647,105	16 450 000	C0 276 442	6,647,105	374
375 376		SOBIOTAL OSC OFSTATE		15,583,026			22,230,131	16,450,838	68,376,142	107,057,111	375 376
376	H360	20D -Beaufort	5,964,148				5,964,148	5,477,915	27,307,011	38,749,074	370
378	11500	State Funds Adjustments:	5,504,140				5,504,140	5,477,515	27,307,011	30,743,074	378
379		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				1,983,250	1,983,250			1,983,250	
380							-				380
381		Federal Funds Adjustments:									381
382		Federal Funds Increase						1,500,000		1,500,000	382
383 384		Other Funds Adjustments:									383 384
385											385
386											386
387		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	1,983,250	1,983,250	1,500,000		3,483,250	387
388		SUBTOTAL USC BEAUFORT		5,964,148			7,947,398	6,977,915	27,307,011	42,232,324	388
389											389
390	H370	20E -Lancaster	3,569,928				3,569,928	4,390,048	13,784,453	21,744,429	
391 392		State Funds Adjustments: Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				2,080,365	2,080,365			2,080,365	391 392
393						2,080,303	-			2,080,303	393
394		Federal Funds Adjustments:									394
395											395
396		Other Funds Adjustments:									396
397								ļ			397
398 399	<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS				2,080,365	2,080,365	 		2,080,365	398 399
399 400		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		- 3,569,928	-	2,080,365	2,080,365	4,390,048	13,784,453	2,080,365	400
400				3,303,328			5,050,255	.,550,048	10,704,400	20,024,734	400
402	H380	20F -Salkehatchie	2,479,154	1			2,479,154	3,880,454	8,373,545	14,733,153	
403		State Funds Adjustments:									403
404		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				932,537	932,537			932,537	
405		Fadaval Funda Adiustananta					-				405
406 407		Federal Funds Adjustments:									406 407
407		Other Funds Adjustments:		1							407
403				1							408
410											410
411		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	932,537	932,537			932,537	411
412		SUBTOTAL USC SALKEHATCHIE		2,479,154			3,411,691	3,880,454	8,373,545	15,665,690	
413											413
414	H390	20G -Sumter	3,918,318	I			3,918,318	2,206,397	10,419,706	16,544,421	414

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									-
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	-
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve	Total	Fodoral	Othor	Total	
Line			Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total State Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds	Total Funds	Line
415		State Funds Adjustments:	beginning bube				State Funds	T diffd3	1 dinds	T dildo	415
416		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				1,564,369	1,564,369			1,564,369	-
417							-				417
418		Federal Funds Adjustments:									418
419 420		Federal Funds Increase						500,000		500,000	419 420
421		Other Funds Adjustments:									420
422											422
423											423
424		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	1,564,369	1,564,369	500,000		2,064,369	
425		SUBTOTAL USC SUMTER		3,918,318			5,482,687	2,706,397	10,419,706	18,608,790	
426 427	H400	20H -Union	1,569,565				1,569,565	1,928,258	5,161,055	8,658,878	426 427
427	11400	State Funds Adjustments:	1,509,505				1,505,505	1,920,230	5,101,055	8,038,878	427
429		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				1,164,209	1,164,209			1,164,209	-
430							-				430
431		Federal Funds Adjustments:									431
432		Other Friedd Alfred an att									432
433 434		Other Funds Adjustments:									433 434
434											434
436		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	1,164,209	1,164,209			1,164,209	_
437		SUBTOTAL USC UNION		1,569,565			2,733,774	1,928,258	5,161,055	9,823,087	437
438											438
439	H470	21 Winthrop	20,193,076				20,193,076	51,197,500	101,316,555	172,707,131	439
440 441		State Funds Adjustments: Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				5,595,222	5,595,222			5,595,222	440 441
441						5,595,222				5,595,222	441
443		Federal Funds Adjustments:									443
444											444
445		Other Funds Adjustments:									445
446 447											446 447
447		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	5,595,222	5,595,222			5,595,222	447
449		SUBTOTAL WINTHROP		20,193,076		5,555,222	25,788,298	51,197,500	101,316,555	178,302,353	449
450											450
451	H510	23 Medical University of South Carolina - MUSC	86,254,975				86,254,975	167,455,169	481,560,056	735,270,200	451
452		State Funds Adjustments:									452
453 454		Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets				2,478,185	2,478,185			2,478,185	453 454
454		Federal Funds Adjustments:					-				454
456		Federal Funds Augustinents.		ł	1			10,000,000		10,000,000	
457											457
458		Other Funds Adjustments:									458
459		Other Funds Increase							23,666,327	23,666,327	459
460 461		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	2,478,185	2,478,185	10,000,000	23,666,327	36,144,512	460 461
461		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		- 86,254,975		2,4/8,185	2,478,185 88,733,160	10,000,000	505,226,383	36,144,512	
463				30,234,373			33,733,100	1,400,100	555,220,503	,, 1,717,,12	463
464	H530	24 Area Health Education Consortium (AHEC)	11,152,584				11,152,584	844,700	2,808,927	14,806,211	464
465		State Funds Adjustments:									465
466				ļ			-				466
467		Federal Funds Adjustments:									467
468 469		Other Funds Adjustments:									468 469
469											469
471				1	1						471
472		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				472
473		SUBTOTAL CONSORTIUM OF COMMUNITY TEACHING HOSPITALS		11,152,584			11,152,584	844,700	2,808,927	14,806,211	473

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									-
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	-
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
474								-				474
475 476			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS		- 516,900,731	-	96,410,519	- 613,311,250	747,982,207	3,453,347,123	4,814,640,580	475 476
477					510,500,731			013,311,230	747,382,207	3,433,347,123	4,814,040,580	477
478	H590	25	Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education	166,552,440				166,552,440	52,614,581	502,130,285	721,297,306	478
479			State Funds Adjustments:									479
480 481			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Trident Technical College				13,453,338	13,453,338 1,700,095			13,453,338 1,700,095	480 481
481			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Northeastern Technical College Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Florence Darlington Tech College				1,700,095 3,728,978	3,728,978			3,728,978	481
483			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Greenville Technical College				11,791,854	11,791,854			11,791,854	483
484			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Horry-Georgetown Tech College				6,486,807	6,486,807			6,486,807	484
485			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Midlands Technical College				10,030,916	10,030,916		-	10,030,916	485
486 487			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Orangeburg-Calhoun Tec College Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Piedmont Technical College				2,584,660 5,378,761	2,584,660 5,378,761			2,584,660 5,378,761	486 487
488			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Ficultion reclinical College				4,731,718	4,731,718			4,731,718	488
489			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Central Carolina Tech College				3,363,920	3,363,920			3,363,920	489
490			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Tri-County Technical College				6,090,157	6,090,157			6,090,157	490
491 492			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - York Technical College				4,852,235 1,986,760	4,852,235 1,986,760			4,852,235 1,986,760	491 492
492			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Aiken Technical College Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Denmark Technical College				545,247	545,247			545,247	492
494			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Tech College Of The Lowcountry				2,216,092	2,216,092			2,216,092	494
495			Maintenance and Care of State-Owned Assets - Williamsburg Technical College				742,987	742,987			742,987	495
496								-				496
497 498			Federal Funds Adjustments:									497 498
499			Other Funds Adjustments:									499
500								-				500
501												501
502 503			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL BD. TECHNICAL & COMP. ED		- 166,552,440	-	79,684,525	79,684,525 246,236,965	52,614,581	502,130,285	79,684,525 800,981,831	502 503
503			SUBTOTAL BD. TECHNICAL & CUMP. ED		100,552,440			240,230,905	52,014,581	502,130,285	800,981,831	503
505	H790	26	Department of Archives & History	2,976,823				2,976,823	897,583	1,294,158	5,168,564	505
506			State Funds Adjustments:									506
507			SC Revolutionary War Sestercentennial Commission			1,460,000		1,460,000			1,460,000	
508 509			SC African American Heritage Commission (SCAAHC) Green Book of South Carolina Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants			100,000		100,000			100,000	508 509
510						1,000,000		1,000,000			1,000,000	510
511			Federal Funds Adjustments:									511
512												512
513 514			Other Funds Adjustments:									513 514
514												514
516			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	2,560,000	-	2,560,000			2,560,000	516
517			SUBTOTAL DEPT OF ARCHIVES & HISTORY		2,976,823			5,536,823	897,583	1,294,158	7,728,564	517
518												518
519 520	H870	27	State Library State Funds Adjustments:	15,416,200				15,416,200	2,701,146	267,000	18,384,346	519 520
521			<u>State Funus Aujustinients.</u>					-				520
522			Federal Funds Adjustments:									522
523												523
524 525			<u>Other Funds Adjustments</u> :									524 525
525					1							525
527			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				527
528			SUBTOTAL STATE LIBRARY		15,416,200			15,416,200	2,701,146	267,000	18,384,346	528
529												529
530 531	H910		Arts Commission	4,366,187				4,366,187	1,335,641	148,707	5,850,535	530 531
531		<u> </u>	State Funds Adjustments: Greenville Cultural & Arts Center		1	19,000,000		19,000,000			19,000,000	

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
						-					
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta			Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				FY 2020-21 Capital					
		it is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
533		Sumter Opera House			15,000,000		15,000,000			15,000,000	533
534		Cultural Arts and Theatre Center Grants			450,000		450,000			450,000	534
535											535
536		Federal Funds Adjustments:									536
537 538		Other Funde Adjustmenter									537 538
538		Other Funds Adjustments:									539
540											540
541		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	34,450,000	-	34,450,000			34,450,000	541
542		SUBTOTAL ARTS COMMISSION		4,366,187			38,816,187	1,335,641	148,707	40,300,535	542
543											543
544	H950	29 State Museum (State Museum Commission)	3,942,954				3,942,954		3,100,000	7,042,954	544
545		State Funds Adjustments:									545
546							-				546
547		Federal Funds Adjustments:	-	Į – – – – –							547
548											548
549 550		Other Funds Adjustments:									549 550
550											550
552		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS									552
553		SUBTOTAL STATE MUSEUM		3,942,954			3,942,954		3,100,000	7,042,954	553
554				5,5 12,55 1			5,5 12,55		5,100,000	7,012,551	554
555	H960	30 Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum Commission	936,763				936,763		419,252	1,356,015	555
556		State Funds Adjustments:	,								556
557											557
558		Other Funds Adjustments:									558
559											559
560											560
561		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		440.252	1 255 045	561
562		SUBTOTAL CONFEDERATE RELIC ROOM AND MILITARY MUSEUM COMMISSION		936,763			936,763		419,252	1,356,015	562 563
563 564	H730	32 Vocational Rehabilitation	17,058,843				17,058,843	122,342,107	35,340,201	174,741,151	564
565	117.50	State Funds Adjustments:	17,038,843				17,038,845	122,542,107	33,340,201	1/4,/41,151	565
566							-				566
567		Federal Funds Adjustments:									567
568											568
569		Other Funds Adjustments:									569
570											570
571				Į							571
572		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-	122 242 407	25 240 204	174 744 454	572
573 574		SUBTOTAL VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION		17,058,843		1	17,058,843	122,342,107	35,340,201	174,741,151	573 574
574	J020	33 Department of Health & Human Services	1,416,223,137	l			1,416,223,137	5,339,173,028	990,481,944	7,745,878,109	574
576	3020	State Funds Adjustments:	1,410,223,137				1,410,223,137	3,333,173,028	550,401,544	1,140,010,109	576
577		Maintenance of Effort Annualization		10,000,000			10,000,000			10,000,000	
578		Transfer to Dept. of Disabilities and Special Needs		(1,808,437)			(1,808,437)			(1,808,437)	
579		Medical Contract Grants			2,000,000		2,000,000			2,000,000	579
580											580
581		Federal Funds Adjustments:									581
582		Maintenance of Effort Annualization		 		ļ		137,355,153		137,355,153	582
583											583
584		Other Funds Adjustments:							46 497 691	46 497 661	584
585 586		Maintenance of Effort Annualization	-	l					46,437,904	46,437,904	585 586
586		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		8,191,563	2,000,000		10,191,563	137,355,153	46,437,904	193,984,620	586
507		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES		1,424,414,700	2,000,000	-	1,426,414,700	5,476,528,181	1,036,919,848	7,939,862,729	588
				_,,,, . 50		1	_,,	-,,520,201	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	
588											589
	J040	34 Department of Health & Environmental Control	145,115,520				145,115,520	286,140,200	220,899,732	652,155,452	589 590

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	ernor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									-
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	-
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	57 2024 22	Dout 1.4	News	Capital					
			FY 2021-22 Agency	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base	Recurring Fullus	110030	Tunu	State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
592			0 0				-				592
593		Federal Funds Adjustments:					-				593
594							-				594
595 596		Other Funds Adjustments:									595 596
596											596
598		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				598
599		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF HEALTH & ENV. CONTROL		145,115,520			145,115,520	286,140,200	220,899,732	652,155,452	
600											600
601	J120	35 Department of Mental Health	256,881,419				256,881,419	22,270,928	230,356,451	509,508,798	601
602		State Funds Adjustments:									602
603		Sexually Violent Predator Treatment Program		2,000,000			2,000,000			2,000,000	
604 605		State Veterans Nursing Homes \$1,500 Signing Bonus for School Mental Health Counselors		5,000,000	600,000		5,000,000 600,000			5,000,000 600,000	
606		Transfer Alzheimer's Funding to Department on Aging		(778,706)	300,000		(778,706)			(778,706)	
607				(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			(7.6,700)			(773,700)	607
608		Federal Funds Adjustments:									608
609											609
610		Other Funds Adjustments:									610
611		Other Funds Increase							36,000,000	36,000,000	
612 613		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		6,221,294	600,000	_	6,821,294		36,000,000	42,821,294	612 613
614		SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH		263,102,713	800,000	-	263,702,713	22,270,928	266,356,451	552,330,092	
615				200,102,710			200,702,710	22,270,320	200,000,101	552,556,652	615
616	J160	36 Department of Disabilities & Special Needs	271,939,252				271,939,252	340,000	532,522,017	804,801,269	
617		State Funds Adjustments:									617
618		Transfer from Dept. of Health & Human Services		1,808,437			1,808,437			1,808,437	618
619		South Carolina Genomic Medicine Initiative at Greenwood Genetic Center			2,000,000		2,000,000			2,000,000	
620 621		Federal Funds Adjustments:									620 621
621											621
623		Other Funds Adjustments:									623
624		First Filled Slots - DHHS Transfer							4,391,210	4,391,210	
625											625
626		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		1,808,437	2,000,000	-	3,808,437		4,391,210	8,199,647	626
627		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF DISABILITIES & SPECIAL NEEDS		273,747,689			275,747,689	340,000	536,913,227	813,000,916	627
628 629	J200	37 Department of Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Services	11,983,171				11,983,171	54,872,054	1,074,397	67,929,622	628 629
630	J200	State Funds Adjustments:	11,965,171				11,965,171	54,872,054	1,074,397	07,929,022	630
631		Addiction Crisis Efforts		3,000,000			3,000,000			3,000,000	
632										· · ·	632
633		Federal Funds Adjustments:									633
634											634
635		Other Funds Adjustments:									635 636
636 637											636
638		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000			3,000,000	
639		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF ALCOHOL & OTHER DRUG ABUSE		14,983,171			14,983,171	54,872,054	1,074,397	70,929,622	
640											640
641	L040	38 Department of Social Services	203,759,127				203,759,127	508,278,168	56,346,297	768,383,592	
642		State Funds Adjustments:									642
643		Caring for South Carolina's Children		20,000,000	5,000,000		25,000,000			25,000,000	
644 645		Federal Funds Adjustments:									644 645
646		Caring for South Carolina's Children						20,678,655		20,678,655	
647							1	,0,0,000		_3,0,0,035	647
648		Other Funds Adjustments:									648
649											649
650											650

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's	-		Sta	P		Federal	Other	Total	-
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			010	FY 2020-21		. cuciu	other		-
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					-
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve		5 1 1	011		
Line			Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total State Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds	Total Funds	Line
651		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	beginning base	20,000,000	5,000,000	-	25,000,000	20,678,655	Fullus	45,678,655	-
652		SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES		223,759,127	5,000,000		228,759,127	528,956,823	56,346,297	814,062,247	
653				-,,			-,,	,			653
654	L240	39 Commission for the Blind	4,011,040				4,011,040	9,564,818	403,000	13,978,858	654
655		State Funds Adjustments:									655
656		HVAC and Lighting Renovation			5,101,685		5,101,685			5,101,685	
657 658		Federal Funds Adjustments:									657 658
658			-							!	658
660		Other Funds Adjustments:									660
661											661
662											662
663		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	5,101,685	-	5,101,685			5,101,685	
664	<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL COMMISSION FOR THE BLIND		4,011,040			9,112,725	9,564,818	403,000	19,080,543	
665	1000	40 Department on Aring	10.016.075				10.010.070	27.240.022	6 654 207	F2 250 400	665
666 667	L060	40 Department on Aging <u>State Funds Adjustments:</u>	18,846,272	 			18,846,272	27,349,923	6,054,297	52,250,492	2 666 667
668		Transfer of Alzheimer's Funding From Mental Health	-	778,706			778,706			778,706	
669			-	770,700			//0,/00			//0,/00	669
670		Federal Funds Adjustments:									670
671											671
672		Other Funds Adjustments:									672
673											673
674		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	_	770 700						770 700	674 5 675
675 676		SUBTOTAL HOUSING FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	-	778,706 19,624,978	-	-	19,624,978	27,349,923	6,054,297	778,706 53,029,198	
677				15,024,570			15,024,570	27,343,523	0,054,257	55,025,150	677
678	L080	41 Department of Children's Advocacy	7,982,182				7,982,182	451,680	11,027,688	19,461,550	
679		State Funds Adjustments:								i	679
680							-				680
681		Federal Funds Adjustments:									681
682		Other Frieds Advances	_								682 683
683 684		Other Funds Adjustments:									683
685											685
686		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-					686
687		SUBTOTAL HOUSING FINANCE & DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY		7,982,182			7,982,182	451,680	11,027,688	19,461,550	687
688											688
689	L320	42 Housing Finance & Development Authority					-	173,055,408	36,008,678	209,064,086	
690		State Funds Adjustments:						I			690
691 692		Federal Funds Adjustments:	-	l				<u> </u>			691 692
692		Housing Initiatives						2,032,876		2,032,876	
694	1	Contract Administration and Compliance						6,234,859		6,234,859	
695		Rental Assistance						398,439		398,439	9 695
696		Housing Tax Credits						169,697		169,697	
697		Employee Benefits						224,224		224,224	
698 699		Other Funde Adjustments									698 699
700	+	Other Funds Adjustments: Housing Initiatives		1					23,589	23,589	-
700		Executive Administration and Special Projects							23,389	272,130	
702		Support Services						⊢ l	(190,248)	(190,248)	
703		Mortgage Servicing							(271,927)	(271,927)	
704		Mortgage Production							(20,341)	(20,341)	
705		Finance	-	Į					(202,358)	(202,358)	
706		Employee Benefits							248,374	248,374	
/0/	I										707
708		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-			9,060,095	(140,781)	8,919,314	4 708

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
										0.1		-
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			Stat	FY 2020-21		Federal	Other	Total	
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			g, • g	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
710												710
711 712	P120	43	Forestry Commission	22,004,592				22,004,592	4,763,560	9,678,713	36,446,865	711 712
712			State Funds Adjustments: Firefighting Equipment			1,000,000		1,000,000			1,000,000	
714			Expedited Equipment Replacement			1,000,000		1,000,000			1,000,000	
715												715
716			Federal Funds Adjustments:									716
717												717
718			Other Funds Adjustments:									718
719				_								719
720			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	+	-	2,000,000	_	2,000,000			2,000,000	720 721
721			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS		- 22,004,592	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	4,763,560	9,678,713	38,446,865	
723	<u> </u>				,001,002			_ 1,00 1,002	.,. 05,500	2,37.0,7.23	22,110,000	723
724	P160	44	Department of Agriculture	14,081,288				14,081,288	2,219,304	9,190,015	25,490,607	-
725			State Funds Adjustments:									725
726			Federal Hemp Farming Compliance			1,100,000		1,100,000			1,100,000	
727			Hemp Testing Equipment			425,000		425,000			425,000	
728			Operational Costs	_		850,000		850,000			850,000	
729 730			Federal Funds Adjustments:									729 730
730			Federal Budget Authority for TEFAP and CSFP Programs						3,523,300		3,523,300	-
732									3,323,300		3,323,300	732
733			Other Funds Adjustments:									733
734												734
735												735
736			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	2,375,000	-	2,375,000	3,523,300		5,898,300	736
737			SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		14,081,288			16,456,288	5,742,604	9,190,015	31,388,907	737
738 739	P200	45	Clemson-PSA	46,722,293				46,722,293	17,275,000	23,395,568	87,392,861	738 739
739	F200	45	State Funds Adjustments:	40,722,295				40,722,293	17,275,000	23,393,308	87,392,801	740
741								-				741
742			Federal Funds Adjustments:									742
743			Federal Funds Increase						5,250,000		5,250,000	
744												744
745			Other Funds Adjustments:	_								745
746 747												746 747
748			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-	5,250,000		5,250,000	_
749			SUBTOTAL CLEMSON-PSA		46,722,293			46,722,293	22,525,000	23,395,568	92,642,861	749
750												750
751	P210	46	SC State-PSA	4,883,183				4,883,183	4,173,741		9,056,924	
752			State Funds Adjustments:									752
753			Pade of Paral Advances	-				-				753
754 755			Federal Funds Adjustments:									754 755
755	+											755
757	1		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	1	-		-	-				757
758			SUBTOTAL SC STATE-PSA		4,883,183			4,883,183	4,173,741		9,056,924	
759												759
760	P240	47	Department of Natural Resources	36,250,466				36,250,466	31,248,135	47,685,205	115,183,806	_
761			State Funds Adjustments:									761
762			Law Enforcement Officer - Increases	-	706,066			706,066			706,066	
763 764			Law Enforcement Officer - Overtime Pay	_		597,204 2,002,500		597,204 2,002,500			597,204 2,002,500	
764			Agency Headquarters Relocation Marine Research Lab Shoreline Protection			2,002,500		2,002,500			2,002,500	
766			State Water Plan - Pee Dee and Broad River Basins			2,995,000		2,995,000			2,995,000	
767	1							,			,,	767
768			Federal Funds Adjustments:									768

780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791	260 48	FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document. FEMA Reclamation grant FEMA Reclamation grant Other Funds Adjustments: BUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL LOPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: Ederal Funds Adjustments:	FY 2021-22 Agency Beginning Base	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Sta Nonrecurring Proviso 6,180,204	te FY 2020-21 Capital Reserve Fund 	Total State Funds 6,886,270 43,136,736 755,722	Federal Federal Funds 500,500 500,500 31,748,635	Other Other Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010 49,089,215	Total Total Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780 123,974,586	Line 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document. FEMA Reclamation grant Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	FY 2020-21 Capital Reserve	State Funds	Federal Funds 500,500	Other Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	Total Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document. FEMA Reclamation grant Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	FY 2020-21 Capital Reserve	State Funds	Federal Funds 500,500	Other Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	Total Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document. FEMA Reclamation grant Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Capital Reserve	State Funds	Funds 500,500	Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	FEMA Reclamation grant Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments:	Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Reserve	State Funds	Funds 500,500	Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments:	Beginning Base	706,066		Fund	State Funds	Funds 500,500	Funds 608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	Funds 500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
769 770 771 773 773 774 775 776 7777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments:			6,180,204		6,886,270 43,136,736	500,500	608,010 475,000 321,000 1,404,010	500,500 608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 777 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 791	260 48	Other Funds Adjustments: Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736	500,500	475,000 321,000 1,404,010	608,010 475,000 321,000 8,790,780	770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777
771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 788 789 790 790 791	260 48	Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736		475,000 321,000 1,404,010	475,000 321,000 8,790,780	771 772 773 774 775 776 777
772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 790 791	260 48	Heritage Trust-Cultural Resource Management Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736		475,000 321,000 1,404,010	475,000 321,000 8,790,780	772 773 774 775 776 777
774 775 776 777 777 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791	260 48	Wild Turkey Research, Tagging & Harvest Reporting Water Recreation Resource Fund Projects SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736		321,000	321,000 8,790,780	774 775 776 777
775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791	260 48	SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium <u>State Funds Adjustments:</u> Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736		1,404,010	8,790,780	775 776 777
776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 790 791	260 48	SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736				776 777
777 778 779 P2 780 781 782 783 785 786 787 788 789 790 P2 791	260 48	SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES Sea Grant Consortium State Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722		6,180,204	-	43,136,736				777
778 779 P2 780 - 781 - 782 - 783 - 784 - 785 - 786 - 787 - 788 - 789 - 790 P2 791 -	260 48	Sea Grant Consortium <u>State Funds Adjustments:</u> Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722	36,956,532				31,748,635	49,089,215	123,974,586	
779 P2 780		<u>State Funds Adjustments:</u> Federal Funds Adjustments:	755,722				755 722				770
780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791		<u>State Funds Adjustments:</u> Federal Funds Adjustments:						4,550,000	450,000	5,755,722	778 779
781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791		Federal Funds Adjustments:					135,122	4,350,000	450,000	3,133,122	779
782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791				1			-				781
784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791		Other Funds Adjustments:									782
785 786 787 788 789 790 791		Other Funds Adjustments:									783
786 787 788 789 790 791			-								784
787 788 789 790 P2 791											785 786
788 789 790 P2 791		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-			_				786
789 790 P2 791		SUBTOTAL SEA GRANT CONSORTIUM		755,722			755,722	4,550,000	450,000	5,755,722	788
790 P2 791							,.	.,,	,	0,100,100	789
	280 49	Department of Parks, Recreation & Tourism	51,006,441				51,006,441	2,505,110	63,418,042	116,929,593	790
		State Funds Adjustments:									791
792		Hunting Island Lighthouse Repair			1,000,000		1,000,000			1,000,000	792
793		Charles Towne Landing Animal Forest Enclosure Repairs and Upgrades			500,000		500,000			500,000	793
794 795		Comfort Station/Rest Station Renovations Parks Revitalization Grants			500,000		500,000 1,500,000			500,000 1,500,000	794 795
796		Sports Marketing Grants			1,500,000		1,500,000			1,500,000	796
797		Columbia Convention Center			15,000,000		15,000,000			15,000,000	797
798											798
799		Federal Funds Adjustments:									799
800		Recreation Grants and Policy						2,000,000		2,000,000	800
801 802		Other Funds Adjustments:									801 802
802		State Park Service - Authorization							4,534,080	4,534,080	802
804		Parks and Recreation Development Fund							1,500,000	1,500,000	804
805									,,	,,.	805
806		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	20,000,000	-	20,000,000	2,000,000	6,034,080	28,034,080	806
807		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF PRT		51,006,441			71,006,441	4,505,110	69,452,122	144,963,673	807
808											808
		Department of Commerce	52,624,576				52,624,576	19,465,015	54,611,500	126,701,091	809
810		State Funds Adjustments:			123,205,312		122 205 242			123,205,312	810 811
811 812		Small Business Relief Grant Program Closing Fund			2,700,000		123,205,312 2,700,000			2,700,000	811 812
813		Locate-SC	1		4,000,000		4,000,000			4,000,000	813
814					,,		.,,			,,.00	814
815		Federal Funds Adjustments:									815
816											816
817		Other Fund Adjustments:		 				ļ			817
818											818
819 820		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	-	-	129,905,312		129,905,312	├───╂		129,905,312	819 820
820		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF COMMERCE	-	- 52,624,576	129,903,312	-	129,905,312	19,465,015	54,611,500	256,606,403	820
822				,			,===,=30	.,,	. ,,	,,,,	822
	340 51	Jobs-Economic Development Authority						18,000	405,150	423,150	
824		State Funds Adjustments:									824
825											825
826		Federal Funds Adjustments:	_								826
827 828		Other Funds Adjustments:									827

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		Governor's Executive Budget							
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			State	FY 2020-21		Federal	Other	Total	_
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
				FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
829 830												829 830
831			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-		-				831
832			SUBTOTAL JOBS-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY		-			-	18,000	405,150	423,150	832
833												833
834	P360	52	Patriots Point Authority							13,836,012	13,836,012	834
835			State Funds Adjustments:									835
836 837			Other Funds Adjustments:									836 837
838												838
839												839
840		-	SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				840
841	<u> </u>		SUBTOTAL PATRIOTS POINT AUTHORITY		-			-		13,836,012	13,836,012	841
842	D./22				I							842
843	P400	53	Conservation Bank	9,070,134				9,070,134		2,564,400	11,634,534	843
844 845		+	State Funds Adjustments: Conservation Grant Funding		1	7,500,000		7,500,000			7,500,000	844 845
846						7,500,000		7,500,000			7,500,000	846
847			Other Funds Adjustments:									847
848												848
849												849
850			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	7,500,000	-	7,500,000			7,500,000	850
851			SUBTOTAL CONSERVATION BANK		9,070,134			16,570,134		2,564,400	19,134,534	851
852 853	P450	54	Dural Infractionation Authority	22.025.050				22.025.050	700.000	21 204 000	44,129,656	852 853
854	P450	54	Rural Infrastructure Authority State Funds Adjustments:	22,035,656				22,035,656	700,000	21,394,000	44,129,656	854
855			Rural Infrastructure Fund			3,129,944		3,129,944			3,129,944	
856			Water and Sewer Regionalization Fund			3,000,000		3,000,000			3,000,000	856
857												857
858			Other Funds Adjustments:									858
859			Other Funds Increase							90,000	90,000	
860 861			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			6,129,944		6,129,944		90,000	6,219,944	860 861
862			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS SUBTOTAL RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE AUTHORITY		- 22,035,656	6,129,944		28,165,600	700,000	21,484,000	50,349,600	862
863					22,000,000			20,200,000	, 00,000	21,101,000	50,515,000	863
864	B040	57	Judicial Department	70,008,010				70,008,010	835,393	22,123,000	92,966,403	864
865			State Funds Adjustments:									865
866												866
867			Federal Funds Adjustments:		1							867
868			Obliga Friede Adjuster antes									868 869
869 870			Other Funds Adjustments:									869
870	-				1							870
872		1	SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				872
873			SUBTOTAL JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT		70,008,010			70,008,010	835,393	22,123,000	92,966,403	873
874												874
875	C050	58	Administrative Law Court	3,157,701				3,157,701		1,555,986	4,713,687	
876			State Funds Adjustments:		1							876
877			Other Funds Adjustments					-				877 878
878 879	-		Other Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustment		1					100,000	100,000	
880		1			1					100,000	100,000	880
881			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		100,000	100,000	
882			SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES		3,157,701			3,157,701		1,655,986	4,813,687	882
883												883
884	E200	59	Attorney General	14,633,341		ļ		14,633,341	60,003,654	26,764,911	101,401,906	
885			State Funds Adjustments:		1							885
886 887			Federal Funds Adjustments:		l	<u> </u>		-	├────┨			886 887
007	I	I	reactar ranas Aujustinents.		I							007

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT			Gov	ernor's Executive	Budget			E
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill								_
						C+-+-		E davel 1	Other	Tetal	_
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			State	1	Federal	Other	Total	_
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.			FY 2020-21 Capital					
			it is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	1
Line				Beginning Base	Ű		State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
888							1				888
889			Other Funds Adjustments:							-	889
890											890
891											891
892			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-		-				892
893			SUBTOTAL ATTORNEY GENERAL		14,633,341		14,633,341	60,003,654	26,764,911	101,401,906	
894											894
895	E210	60	Prosecution Coordination Commission	29,075,368			29,075,368	355,583	8,325,000	37,755,951	
896			State Funds Adjustments:								896
897			Circuit Solicitors: Drug Court Funding		1,000,000	10 300 000	1,000,000			1,000,000	-
898 899			Case Management System			10,200,000	10,200,000			10,200,000	898
900			Federal Funds Adjustments:				1	├ ───┦			900
901		-					1				903
902			Other Funds Adjustments:				1	(902
903							1				903
904											904
905			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		1,000,000	10,200,000 -	11,200,000			11,200,000	
906			SUBTOTAL PROSECUTION COORDINATION COMMISSION		30,075,368		40,275,368	355,583	8,325,000	48,955,951	906
907											907
908	E230	61	Commission on Indigent Defense	31,900,161			31,900,161		14,296,872	46,197,033	
909			State Funds Adjustments:								909
910							-				910
911			Other Funds Adjustments;								911
912			Title IV (E) Funding Authorization						1,000,000	1,000,000	
913 914			Federal Funds Adjustments:								913 914
914 915			Federal Funds Adjustments: Federal Funds Authorization for OJJDP Grant					121,477		121,477	-
916								121,477		121,477	916
917			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS					121,477	1,000,000	1,121,477	
918			SUBTOTAL COMMISSION ON INDIGENT DEFENSE		31,900,161		31,900,161	121,477	15,296,872	47,318,510	
919										,	919
920	D100	62	Governor's Office-SLED	54,760,881			54,760,881	25,000,000	23,548,045	103,308,926	
921			State Funds Adjustments:								921
922			Law Enforcement Rank Change		1,483,670		1,483,670			1,483,670	922
923			Statewide Interoperability Coordinator - Transfer from Admin		110,200		110,200			110,200	923
924			PTSD Treatment - FAST Program			250,000	250,000			250,000	924
925			Immigration Officers Position Funding		177,756		177,756			177,756	
926			Illegal Immigration Unit from Department of Public Safety		763,222		763,222	I]		763,222	
927					l			↓ !			927
928		_	Federal Funds Adjustments:				1	f 1			928
929			Other Funde Adjustments					├ ───┦			929
930		-	Other Funds Adjustments:				1	↓ !			930
931 932							1	↓ ↓			931 932
932 933			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		2,534,848	250,000 -	2,784,848	┟───┦		2,784,848	
934			SUBTOTAL INCLEMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS		57,295,729		57,545,729	25,000,000	23,548,045	106,093,774	-
935				1	_,,,,		5, 3, 3, 25	,500,000	,0 10,0 10		935
936	K050	63	Department of Public Safety	98,705,783			98,705,783	24,611,366	45,957,430	169,274,579	
937			State Funds Adjustments:	,,	1			,,,,	.,,		937
938			School Resource Officers		23,400,000		23,400,000	(23,400,000	
939			Career Path Retention Plan		4,000,000		4,000,000	1		4,000,000	
940			Local Law Enforcement Grants			2,000,000	2,000,000			2,000,000	94
			School Resource Officers from Department of Education		11,935,000		11,935,000			11,935,000	
941	-		Illegal Immigration Unit to SLED		(763,222)		(763,222)			(763,222)	
942							I	1 7			943
941 942 943								L			
942 943 944			Federal Funds Adjustments:								-
942 943			Federal Funds Adjustments: Non-Motorized Safety Grant 164 (Repeat Intoxicated Driver) Transfer Funds					317,294 1,434,582		317,294 1,434,582	

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
										_	
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			Sta	te FY 2020-21		Federal	Other	Total	
-		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
Line			Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total State Funds	Federal Funds	Other Funds	Total Funds	Line
948		Other Funds Adjustments:	beginning base				State Fullus	Fullus	Fullus	Fullus	948
949											949
950											950
951		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY		38,571,778	2,000,000	-	40,571,778	1,751,876	45 057 420	42,323,654	951
952 953				137,277,561			139,277,561	26,363,242	45,957,430	211,598,233	952 953
954	N200 64	Law Enforcement Training Council (Criminal Justice Academy)	8,708,307				8,708,307	601,000	6,805,025	16,114,332	954
955		State Funds Adjustments:									955
956		Emergency Generator for Academy Main Building			2,750,000		2,750,000			2,750,000	956
957 958		Federal Funds Adjustments:									957 958
959		Federal Funds Increase						128,000		128,000	959
960											960
961		Other Funds Adjustments:									961
962 963											962 963
964		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	2,750,000	-	2,750,000	128,000		2,878,000	964
965		SUBTOTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING COUNCIL		8,708,307			11,458,307	729,000	6,805,025	18,992,332	965
966											966
967 968	N040 65	Dept. of Corrections State Funds Adjustments:	455,647,384				455,647,384	3,773,785	66,209,210	525,630,379	967 968
969		Retention Increases for Law Enforcement Officers		3,000,000			3,000,000			3,000,000	969
970				.,,			-			.,,.	970
971		Federal Funds Adjustments:									971
972 973		Other Funde Adjustments									972 973
973		Other Funds Adjustments:									973
975											975
976		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000			3,000,000	976
977 978		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS		458,647,384			458,647,384	3,773,785	66,209,210	528,630,379	977
978	N080 66	Department of Probation, Parole & Pardon Services	45,917,062				45,917,062	206,000	21,044,391	67,167,453	978 979
980		State Funds Adjustments:	,				,				980
981		Sworn Officer Performance Pay Plan		2,085,300			2,085,300			2,085,300	981
982		Alston Wilkes Society			750,000		750,000			750,000	
983 984		Federal Funds Adjustments:									983 984
985											985
986		Other Funds Adjustments:									986
987											987
988 989		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		2,085,300	750,000	-	2,835,300			2,835,300	988 989
990		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF PROBATION, PAROLE & PARDON		48,002,362	, 50,000		48,752,362	206,000	21,044,391	70,002,753	990
991											991
992	N120 67	Department of Juvenile Justice	116,686,011				116,686,011	3,000,000	18,992,699	138,678,710	992
993 994		State Funds Adjustments: Juvenile Correction Officers and Community Specialists		1,301,389			1,301,389			1,301,389	993 994
995				1,301,309			1,301,389			1,301,305	995
996		Federal Funds Adjustments:									996
997											997
998 999		Other Funds Adjustments:						├───┨			998 999
1000											1000
1001		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		1,301,389	-	-	1,301,389			1,301,389	1001
1002		SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF JUVENILE JUSTICE		117,987,400			117,987,400	3,000,000	18,992,699	139,980,099	
1003	1260 70	Illuman Affairs Commission	2,000,040				2 606 240	226 225	750.000	2 (02 544	1003
1004 1005	L360 70	Human Affairs Commission State Funds Adjustments:	2,606,319				2,606,319	336,225	750,000	3,692,544	1004 1005
1005				1			-				1005

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	to		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			510	FY 2020-21		reactar	other	Total	-
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22 Agency	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	<u> </u>
Line			Beginning Base	Recurring Fullus	FIOVISO	Fullu	State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1007		Federal Funds Adjustments:									1007
1008											1008
1009 1010		Other Funds Adjustments:	_								1009 1010
1010			_								1010
1011		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1011
1013		SUBTOTAL HUMAN AFFAIRS COMMISSION		2,606,319			2,606,319	336,225	750,000	3,692,544	1013
1014											1014
1015	L460		1,517,245				1,517,245		261,814	1,779,059	
1016 1017		State Funds Adjustments:	_								1016 1017
1017		Other Funds Adjustments:									1017
1019											1019
1020			_	l							1020
1021		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		264.045	1 770 050	1021
1022 1023		SUBTOTAL COMMISSION ON MINORITY AFFAIRS	_	1,517,245			1,517,245		261,814	1,779,059	1022 1023
1023	R040	72 Public Service Commission							5,688,938	5,688,938	
1024		Other Funds Adjustments:	1						5,000,538	5,000,530	1024
1026		Administration - Personal Services & Employer Contributions							(125,083)	(125,083)	3) 1026
1027		Administration - Other Operating							(68,405)	(68,405)	
1028 1029		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS							(102,400)	(102,400)	1028
1029		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS	_	-			-		(193,488) 5,495,450	(193,488) 5,495,450	-
1031									5,155,156	5,155,156	1031
1032	R060	73 Office of Regulatory Staff						886,960	14,579,879	15,466,839	
1033		State Funds Adjustments:									1033
1034		Statewide Broadband Funding	_		30,000,000		30,000,000			30,000,000	
1035 1036		Federal Funds Adjustments:	_								1035 1036
1030											1030
1038		Other Funds Adjustments:									1038
1039											1039
1040			_								1040
1041 1042		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF	_		-	-	- 30,000,000	886,960	14,579,879	45,466,839	1041
1043							50,000,000	000,500	1,575,675	13, 100,003	1043
1044	R080	74 Workers Compensation Commission	2,578,439				2,578,439		5,607,845	8,186,284	_
1045		State Funds Adjustments:									1045
1046		Other Funde Adjustments									1046
1047 1048		Other Funds Adjustments:									1047 1048
1048	1		-	1							1048
1050		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1050
1051		SUBTOTAL WORKERS COMP COMMISSION		2,578,439			2,578,439		5,607,845	8,186,284	
1052	0455		_								1052
1053 1054	R120	75 State Accident Fund Other Funds Adjustments:							8,856,775	8,856,775	1053 1054
1054	1	Other Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Increase	-	1					1,954,288	1,954,288	
1055	1			1					,,,,	,,,,,	1056
1057		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		1,954,288	1,954,288	
1058	<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL STATE ACCIDENT FUND		-			-		10,811,063	10,811,063	
1059	R200	79 Department of Incurance	4 530 400				4 530 400		12 (20 75 4	10 150 000	1059
1060 1061	ĸ200	78 Department of Insurance State Funds Adjustments:	4,529,109				4,529,109		13,630,754	18,159,863	1060 1061
1061		Insurance Fraud Division	1	800,000			800,000			800,000	
1063	1										1063
1064		Other Funds Adjustments:									1064
1065	1	Insurance Fraud Division							400,000	400,000	1065

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
-			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
-		The Summary	Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	
			aintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not inten	ded to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1066												1066
1067 1068			ICREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS EPARTMENT OF INSURANCE		800,000 5,329,109	-	-	800,000 5,329,109		400,000 14,030,754	1,200,000 19,359,863	1067 1068
1069		SOBIOTALD			5,525,105			5,525,105		14,030,734	19,555,865	1069
1070	R230	79 Board of Fin	ancial Institutions							5,633,361	5,633,361	1070
1071		Other Funds /										1071
1072 1073			rvices - Consumer Finance Division ontributions							33,238 140,582	33,238 140,582	1072 1073
1073		Administrat								9,623	9,623	1073
1075												1075
1076 1077			ICREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-			183,443 5,816,804	183,443 5,816,804	1076 1077
1077		SUBTUTAL B	OARD OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		-			-		5,810,804	5,810,804	1077
1079	R280	80 Department	of Consumer Affairs	1,689,148				1,689,148		2,059,666	3,748,814	1079
1080		State Funds A	djustments:									1080
1081		Other Frederic						-				1081
1082 1083		Other Funds / Personal Se								45,800	45,800	1082 1083
1084			s Cost of Living, Retirement, Health and Dental Increases							100,430	100,430	1084
1085		Operating E	xpenses-Electricity							13,000	13,000	1085
1086 1087		CURTOTAL I	ICREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-			150 220	150 220	1086 1087
1087			EPT. OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		- 1,689,148		-	- 1,689,148		159,230 2,218,896	159,230 3,908,044	1087
1089					_,,			_,,		_,,===	-,,	1089
1090	R360		of Labor, Licensing, & Regulation	1,482,653				1,482,653	2,904,264	36,797,608	41,184,525	1090
1091		State Funds A	•			250.000		250.000			250.000	1091
1092 1093		Sumter Lan	nent - FAST Program dfill Search			250,000 200,760		250,000 200,760			250,000 200,760	1092 1093
1094			ch & Rescue Task Force and Helicopter Aquatic Rescue Team			850,000		850,000			850,000	1094
1095		Local Fire D	epartment Grants			280,000		280,000			280,000	1095
1096 1097		Endoral Fund	Adjustments:									1096 1097
1097		Federal Fur							1,000,000		1,000,000	1097
1099												1099
1100		Other Funds /										1100
1101 1102		Employer C V-SAFE	ontributions							3,180,000 3,500,000	3,180,000 3,500,000	1101 1102
1102		Personal Se	rvices							2,560,600	2,560,600	1102
1104		IT Security								500,000	500,000	1104
1105		OSHA Mato	hing Funds							500,000	500,000	1105
1106 1107		SUBTOTAL I	ICREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	1,580,760	-	1,580,760	1,000,000	10,240,600	12,821,360	1106 1107
1108			EPT. OF LABOR, LICENSING & REGULATION		1,482,653	,222,200		3,063,413	3,904,264	47,038,208	54,005,885	1108
1109												1109
1110 1111	R400		of Motor Vehicles Adjustments:	91,348,386				91,348,386	1,700,000	14,747,596	107,795,982	1110 1111
1111			etention and Career Path Plan	1	1,000,000			1,000,000			1,000,000	
1113												1113
1114		Federal Fund	Adjustments:									1114
1115 1116		Other Funds /	Adjustments:									1115 1116
1110			ite Replacement	1						500,000	500,000	1117
1118												1118
1119					1,000,000		-	1,000,000	1 700 000	500,000	1,500,000	
1120 1121		SUBIDIALD	EPT. OF MOTOR VEHICLES		92,348,386	1		92,348,386	1,700,000	15,247,596	109,295,982	1120 1121
1121	R600	83 Department	of Employment & Workforce	504,659				504,659	150,987,848	16,017,884	167,510,391	1121
1123			Adjustments:									1123
1124				1	I			-				1124

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
												_
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			State			Federal	Other	Total	
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
				Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1125			Federal Funds Adjustments:									1125
1126												1126
1127			Other Funds Adjustments:									1127
1128												1128
1129												1129
1130			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1130
1131			SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF EMPLOYMENT & WORKFORCE		504,659			504,659	150,987,848	16,017,884	167,510,391	1131
1132												1132
1133	U120	84	Department of Transportation	57,270				57,270		2,595,096,860	2,595,154,130	1133
1134			<u>State Funds Adjustments:</u>									1134
1135			Online Friende Auflinster enter					-				1135
1136 1137			Other Funds Adjustments: Infrastructure Maintenance Trust Fund "New Gas Tax Fund"			<u>├</u>			I	51,713,305	51,713,305	1136 1137
1137			Engineering & Construction/ Highway Fund							(189,949,810)	(189,949,810)	
1138		-	Engineering Construction/ Port Access Road							(39,430,128)	(39,430,128)	
1140			Act 176	1						50,321,929	50,321,929	
1141			Mark Clark Expressway							(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)	
1142			Cross Island Toll Fund							16,372,081	16,372,081	
1143												1143
1144			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		(115,472,623)	(115,472,623)) 1144
1145			SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		57,270			57,270		2,479,624,237	2,479,681,507	1145
1146												1146
1147	U150	85	Infrastructure Bank Board							130,975,870	130,975,870	1147
1148			Other Funds Adjustments:									1148
1149			Other Funds Reduction							(4,744,000)	(4,744,000)	
1150												1150
1151			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		(4,744,000)	(4,744,000)	
1152			SUBTOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE BANK BOARD		-			-		126,231,870	126,231,870	
1153 1154	U200	86	County Transportation Funds							193,480,715	193,480,715	1153 1154
1154	0200	80	Other Funds Adjustments:							195,480,715	195,460,715	1154
1155			Other Funds Reduction							(45,480,715)	(45,480,715)	
1157										(10)100,100	(,	1157
1158			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-		(45,480,715)	(45,480,715)) 1158
1159			SUBTOTAL COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUNDS		-			-		148,000,000	148,000,000	
1160												1160
1161	U300	87	Division of Aeronautics	2,123,250				2,123,250	3,478,867	6,000,000	11,602,117	1161
		07										1162
1162		07	State Funds Adjustments:	, , ,								1102
1163		07	Exterior Roofing & Coating			400,000		400,000			400,000	1163
1163 1164						400,000 20,000		400,000 20,000			400,000 20,000	1163 1164
1163 1164 1165			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition									1163 1164 1165
1163 1164 1165 1166			Exterior Roofing & Coating									1163 1164 1165 1166
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments:									1163 1164 1165 1166 1167
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition									1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments:									1163 1164 1165 1166 1167
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments:								20,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments:		2,123,250	20,000		20,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171			Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			20,000		20,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172	Y140	88	Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			20,000		20,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174	Y140		Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Funds Adjustments:			20,000		20,000 420,000 2,543,250	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000 420,000 12,022,117	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176	Y140		Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority			20,000		20,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177	Y140		Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Funds Adjustments: Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund			20,000	-	20,000 420,000 2,543,250 5,000,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000 420,000 12,022,117 5,000,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178	¥140		Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Ports Authority State Funds Adjustments: Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		2,123,250	20,000		20,000 420,000 2,543,250 5,000,000 5,000,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000 420,000 12,022,117 5,000,000 5,000,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179	Y140		Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Funds Adjustments: Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund		2,123,250	20,000	-	20,000 420,000 2,543,250 5,000,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000 420,000 12,022,117 5,000,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179 1180		88	Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Forts Authority State Funds Adjustments: Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL STATE PORTS AUTHORITY		2,123,250	20,000		20,000 420,000 2,543,250 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	3,478,867		20,000 420,000 12,022,117 5,000,000 5,000,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1173 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179 1180
1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179	Y140	88	Exterior Roofing & Coating Surplus Equipment Acquisition Federal Funds Adjustments: Other Funds Adjustments: SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL DIVISION OF AERONAUTICS State Ports Authority State Ports Authority State Funds Adjustments: Jasper Ocean Terminal Port Facility Infrastructure Fund SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS	15,149,409	2,123,250	20,000		20,000 420,000 2,543,250 5,000,000 5,000,000	3,478,867	6,000,000	20,000 420,000 12,022,117 5,000,000 5,000,000	1163 1164 1165 1166 1167 1168 1169 1170 1171 1172 1173 1174 1175 1176 1177 1178 1179 1180

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Capital Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1184 1185		Other Funds Adjustments:									1184 1185
1185											1185
1187		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1187
1188		SUBTOTAL THE SENATE		15,149,409			15,149,409		300,000	15,449,409	1188
1189 1190	A050	91B House of Representatives	22,966,544				22,966,544			22,966,544	1189 1190
1190	7050	State Funds Adjustments:	22,500,544				22,500,544			22,500,544	1191
1192											1192
1193		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1193
1194 1195		SUBTOTAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES		22,966,544			22,966,544			22,966,544	1194 1195
1195	A150	91C Codification of Laws & Legislative Council	4,585,492				4,585,492		300,000	4,885,492	1196
1197		State Funds Adjustments:									1197
1198											1198
1199 1200		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-						1199 1200
1200		SUBTOTAL CODIFICATION OF LAWS & LEG COUNCIL		4,585,492			4,585,492		300,000	4,885,492	1200
1202											1202
1203	A170	91D Legislative Services	6,459,276				6,459,276			6,459,276	1203
1204 1205		State Funds Adjustments:									1204 1205
1205											1205
1207		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1207
1208		SUBTOTAL LEGISLATIVE SERVICES		6,459,276			6,459,276			6,459,276	1208
1209	4200	015 Levelation Andh Caurail	2 405 470				2 405 470		400.000	2 505 470	1209
1210 1211	A200	91E Legislative Audit Council State Funds Adjustments:	2,105,478				2,105,478		400,000	2,505,478	1210 1211
1212											1212
1213		Other Funds Adjustments:									1213
1214 1215											1214 1215
1215		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1215
1217		SUBTOTAL LEG AUDIT COUNCIL		2,105,478			2,105,478		400,000	2,505,478	1217
1218											1218
1219 1220	D050	92A Governor's Office-Executive Control of the State	3,122,331				3,122,331			3,122,331	1219 1220
1220		State Funds Adjustments:					-				1220
1222											1222
1223		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-					1223
1224		SUBTOTAL EXECUTIVE CONTROL OF STATE		3,122,331			3,122,331			3,122,331	1224
1225 1226	D200	92C Governor's Office-Mansion & Grounds	333,868				333,868		200,000	533,868	1225 1226
1227		State Funds Adjustments:	,						,	,	1227
1228							-				1228
1229 1230		Other Funds Adjustments:									1229 1230
1230											1230
1232		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1232
1233		SUBTOTAL MANSION & GROUNDS		333,868			333,868		200,000	533,868	1233
1234 1235	D300	92D Office of Resiliency					-				1234 1235
1235	5300	State Funds Adjustments:					-				1235
1237		Office of the Chief Resiliency Officer		250,000			250,000			250,000	1237
1238											1238
1239 1240		Other Funds Adjustments:									1239 1240
1240		Federal Funds Adjustments:									1240
1242		Transfer from Department of Administration	<u> </u>					100,000,000		100,000,000	1242

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-		Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									-
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	-
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
		It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
			FY 2021-22	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	Reserve	Total	Endoral	Other	Total	
Line			Agency Beginning Base	Recurring Funds	PTOVISO	Fund	State Funds	Federal Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1243			beginning base				State Funds	rando	Tunus	T diffd5	1243
1244		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		250,000	-	-	250,000	100,000,000		100,250,000	1244
1245		SUBTOTAL OFFICE OF RESILIENCY		250,000			250,000	100,000,000		100,250,000	1245
1246											1246
1247 1248	D500 93		60,808,843				60,808,843	162,237,600	146,468,300	369,514,743	1247 1248
1248		State Funds Adjustments: Division of State Human Resources - Class & Compensation Reform		312,750	500,000		812,750			812,750	1248
1250		Budget Development System		500,000	500,000		500,000			500,000	
1251		Statewide Interoperability Coordinator - Transfer to SLED		(110,200)			(110,200)			(110,200)	-
1252		Deferred Maintenance Projects			6,198,000		6,198,000			6,198,000	1252
1253		Produced Provide Address and									1253
1254 1255	<u>├</u>	Federal Funds Adjustments: Transfer to Office of Resiliency		1				(100,000,000)		(100,000,000)	1254) 1255
1255		CARES Act Funds		1				19,000,000		19,000,000	1255
1257										· · ·	1257
1258		Other Funds Adjustments:									1258
1259											1259
1260 1261		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		702,550	6,698,000		7,400,550	(81,000,000)		(73,599,450)	1260) 1261
1261		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS		61,511,393	0,098,000	-	68,209,393	81,237,600	146,468,300	295,915,293	1261
1263				,,				,,	,		1263
1264	D250 94	4 Inspector General	834,890				834,890			834,890	
1265		State Funds Adjustments:									1265
1266							-				1266
1267 1268		Other Funds Adjustments:									1267 1268
1268											1268
1270		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1270
1271		SUBTOTAL INSPECTOR GENERAL		834,890			834,890			834,890	1271
1272											1272
1273	E080 9		1,246,839				1,246,839		2,284,255	3,531,094	1273
1274 1275		State Funds Adjustments: Boards & Commissions		110,000			110,000			110,000	1274 1275
1275				110,000			110,000			110,000	1275
1277		Other Funds Adjustments:									1277
1278		Other Funds Adjustments							185,000	185,000	1278
1279											1279
1280		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		110,000	-	-	110,000		185,000	295,000	1280
1281 1282		SUBTOTAL SECRETARY OF STATE		1,356,839			1,356,839		2,469,255	3,826,094	1281 1282
1282	E120 9	7 Comptroller General	2,560,272	1			2,560,272		875,434	3,435,706	1282
1285		State Funds Adjustments:	2,500,272	1			2,300,272		070,404	3,433,700	1284
1285									_		1285
1286		Other Funds Adjustments:									1286
1287				l							1287
1288 1289		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		l							1288 1289
1289		SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL AUJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL COMPTROLLER GENERAL		2,560,272		-	2,560,272		875,434	3,435,706	
1291							-,,-/2		,	.,,	1291
1292	E160 98		2,112,016				2,112,016		7,891,061	10,003,077	1292
1293		State Funds Adjustments:									1293
1294		Court Fines & Fees and Conviction Surcharge Support		50,000			50,000			50,000	
1295 1296		Other Funds Adjustments									1295 1296
1296		Other Funds Adjustments: Employer Contributions							180,000	180,000	
1298		Insurance Reserve Fund Premium Increase		1					15,748	15,748	
1299		Banking Compliance, Banking Security and Vendor Management							230,000	230,000	
1300		Building Security and Law Enforcement in Wade Hampton Building							31,000	31,000	
1301		529 Savings Plan Field Representatives							125,000	125,000	1301

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill				Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Stat	te		Federal	Other	Total	-
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations				FY 2020-21					
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
				FY 2021-22 Agency	Part 1A Recurring Funds	Nonrecurring Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base	Recurring Fullus	FIOVISO	Fullu	State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1302			Internet bandwidth, IT security and Software licensing	beginning buse				State Fanas	Tunus	50,000	50,000	
1303										50,000	50,000	1302
1304			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		50,000	-	-	50,000		631,748	681,748	1304
1305			SUBTOTAL STATE TREASURER		2,162,016			2,162,016		8,522,809	10,684,825	1305
1306												1306
1307	E190	99	Retirement Systems Investment Commission							15,303,000	15,303,000	
1308			Other Funds Adjustments:									1308
1309												1309
1310 1311			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-						1310 1311
1311			SUBTOTAL RETIREMENT AL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INVESTMENT COMMISSION		-	-	-	-		15,303,000	15,303,000	
1313										15,505,000	13,303,000	1313
1313	E240	100	Adjutant General	10,816,564	1			10,816,564	74,318,912	6,646,961	91,782,437	1313
1315			State Funds Adjustments:	.,,				.,,			, - ,	1315
1316			Armory Revitalization			3,000,000		3,000,000			3,000,000	
1317			PPE Warehouse			1,000,000		1,000,000			1,000,000	1317
1318			Aiken Readiness Center			15,000,000		15,000,000			15,000,000	
1319			Olympia Armory Repairs			1,200,000		1,200,000			1,200,000	
1320			SCEMD - Phase 1 of 3 HVAC Replacements			162,950		162,950			162,950	
1321 1322			Federal Funds Adjustments:									1321 1322
1322			Federal Authorization Increase						10,000,000		10,000,000	
1324									10,000,000		10,000,000	1324
1325			Other Funds Adjustments:		1							1325
1326												1326
1327												1327
1328			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	20,362,950	-	20,362,950	10,000,000		30,362,950	1328
1329			SUBTOTAL ADJUTANT GENERAL		10,816,564			31,179,514	84,318,912	6,646,961	122,145,387	1329
1330	5000	101										1330
1331 1332	E260	101	Veterans' Affairs State Funds Adjustments:	2,185,659				2,185,659		545,000	2,730,659	1331 1332
1332			Office of the Secretary of Veterans' Affairs		356,298	452,500		808,798			808,798	1333
1334					550,250	452,500		000,750			000,750	1334
1335					1							1335
1336			Other Funds Adjustments:									1336
1337												1337
1338												1338
1339			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		356,298	452,500	-	808,798			808,798	
1340			SUBTOTAL VETERANS' AFFAIRS		2,541,957			2,994,457		545,000	3,539,457	1340
1341 1342	E280	102	Election Commission	6,627,413				6,627,413		1 640 700	8,268,113	1341 1342
1342	L20U	102	State Funds Adjustments:	0,027,413	1			6,627,413		1,640,700	0,208,113	1342
1344		-			1			-				1345
1345			Other Funds Adjustments:									1345
1346					l							1346
1347												1347
1348			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS		-	-	-	-				1348
1349		<u> </u>	SUBTOTAL ELECTION COMMISSION		6,627,413			6,627,413		1,640,700	8,268,113	
1350		465										1350
1351	E500	103	Revenue & Fiscal Affairs Office	5,214,709				5,214,709	25,000	38,069,274	43,308,983	1351 1352
1352 1353			State Funds Adjustments:					-				1352
1353		<u> </u>	Federal Funds Adjustments:		1			-				1353
1355		<u> </u>	911 Program, Increase Funds Authorization		1				2,308,315		2,308,315	
1356		<u> </u>	Authorization Increase		1				177,959		177,959	
1357					l							1357
1358			Other Funds Adjustments:									1358
1359			911 Program, Increase Funds Authorization							13,000,000	13,000,000	
1360			Authorization Increase							500,000	500,000	1360

			SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		-	Gove	ernor's Executive	Budget			
			FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill		<u> </u>						
			The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			State		Federal	Other	Total	-
			attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			FY 2020-21	1				-
			It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.			Capital					
				FY 2021-22 Agency	Part 1A Nonrecurrin Recurring Funds Proviso	Reserve Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line				Beginning Base	incearing rands intovise		State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1361								1			1361
1362			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	-	2,486,274	13,500,000	15,986,274	
1363			SUBTOTAL REVENUE & FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE		5,214,709		5,214,709	2,511,274	51,569,274	59,295,257	
1364					4						1364
1365 1366	E550		State Fiscal Accountability Authority State Funds Adjustments:	1,700,213	I		1,700,213	łł	19,580,614	21,280,827	7 1365 1366
1367			state runus Aujustinents.		ł			1			1300
1368			Other Funds Adjustments:		1						1368
1369											1369
1370										ļ	1370
1371			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS				-	∤ ────┤	40 500 0	26 202 5	1371
1372			SUBTOTAL STATE FISCAL ACCOUNTABILITY AUTHORITY		1,700,213	<u> </u>	1,700,213	╞────┤	19,580,614	21,280,827	
1373 1374	F270	105	SFAA - State Auditor's Office	4,753,588	╂─────		4,753,588	1 1	2,579,639	7,333,227	1373 7 1374
1374	1270		State Funds Adjustments:	4,733,388	t		4,755,500	1 1	2,575,035	, ,223,227	1374
1376						-	-	1			1376
1377			Other Funds Adjustments:								1377
1378											1378
1379							[!]				1379
1380 1381			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS SUBTOTAL SFAA - STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE		4,753,588	-	- 4,753,588		2,579,639	7,333,227	1380 7 1381
1382			SUBIOTAL SPAA - STATE AUDITOR'S OFFICE		4,753,588		4,753,588	 	2,579,639	7,333,227	1382
1383	F500	108	Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA)	112,368,739	ł		112,368,739		42,030,091	154,398,830	
1384			State Funds Adjustments:	,,			,,		,		1384
1385							-				1385
1386			Other Funds Adjustments:								1386
1387					4						1387
1388 1389			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS					┣────┣			1388 1389
1390			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJOSTMENTS		112,368,739		112,368,739	ł – ł	42,030,091	154,398,830	
1391					112,555,755		112,000,700	i 	12,000,001	15 1,050,050	1391
1392	R440	109	Department of Revenue	51,881,400			51,881,400		34,177,093	86,058,493	
1393			State Funds Adjustments:								1393
1394							-	II			1394
1395			Federal Funds Adjustments:		_						1395
1396 1397			Other Funds Adjustments:		ł						1396 1397
1398					ł						1398
1399							4				1399
1400			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	-				1400
1401			SUBTOTAL DEPT. OF REVENUE		51,881,400		51,881,400	<u> </u>	34,177,093	86,058,493	
1402	0520	110			┫─────	_		Į – Į			1402
1403 1404	R520		State Ethics Commission State Funds Adjustments:	1,480,648	 		1,480,648	↓ ↓	517,508	1,998,156	5 1403 1404
1404		-			╂─────		[!]	ł – – ł		l	1404
1405		1	Other Funds Adjustments:		1	+	1	1 1			1405
1407		L									1407
1408		<u> </u>									1408
1409			SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	-	↓↓			1409
1410			SUBTOTAL ETHICS COMMISSION		1,480,648	<u> </u>	1,480,648	├───┤	517,508	1,998,156	
1411 1412	S600	111	Procurement Review Panel	178,897	} ────		178,897	<u>}</u> }	2,534	181,431	1411 1412
1412	3000		State Funds Adjustments:	1/0,89/	╂─────		1/0,09/	ł – – ł	2,534	101,431	1412
1413		1			t	+	1	1 1			1413
1415			Other Funds Adjustments:								1415
1416						_					1416
4 4 4 7		1	SUBTOTAL INCREMENTAL ADJUSTMENTS			-	-			1	1417
1417 1418			SUBTOTAL PROCUREMENT REVIEW PANEL		178,897		178,897	1 1	2,534	181,431	1 1418

		SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT		Governor's Executive Budget						
		FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill								
		The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			State		Federal	Other	Total	
		attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.			FY 2020-21 Capital					_
		n is not intended to be constitued as a binang, legal accument.	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring Reserve					
			Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line			Beginning Base			State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1420										1420
	EDUCATION IMP	ROVEMENT ACT			EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT AC					1421
1422				Recurring		Total				1422
1423 1424	Estimate	ed Revenue (BEA Forecast 11/10/2020)		Part 1A	Nonrecurring	EIA				1423
1425	Lotinate	EIA Sales Tax		905,400,000		905,400,000				1425
1426		FY 2019-20 Projected EIA Surplus			17,288,000	17,288,000				1426
1427						-				1427
1428					47.000.000					1428
1429 1430		Total EIA Revenue		905,400,000	17,288,000	922,688,000				1429
1430		Less: FY 2020-21 Appropriation Base		(860,735,000)	-	(860,735,000)			1430
1432		The share of the state of the s		(,,,,,,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				1432
1433		Total "New" EIA Revenue		44,665,000	17,288,000	61,953,000				1433
1434 1435	Appropr	iations								1434 1435
1435		Recurring:		1						1435
1437		Industry Certifications/Credentials		2,450,000		2,450,000				1437
1438		Reading Coaches		10,000,000		10,000,000				1438
1439		Assessment/Testing		2,000,000		2,000,000				1439
1440		School Safety Program		(10,000,000)		(10,000,000				1440
1441 1442		Student Health and Fitness - School Nurses Alloc EIA - 4 YR Early Childhood		5,577,165 (15,513,846)		5,577,165 (15,513,846				1441
1442		Full Day 4K (SDE)		27,035,912		27,035,912				1442
1444		Teacher Salaries - 1% Employer Contribution Increase		4,009,000		4,009,000				1444
1445		National Board Certification		(852,824)		(852,824)			1445
1446		ETV - K-12 Public Education (H670)		(3,576,409)		(3,576,409				1446
1447		ETV - Infrastructure (H670)		(2,150,000)		(2,150,000				1447
1448 1449		Teaching Fellows Scholarship and Teacher Working Conditions Survey (CERRA) (H470) National Student Clearinghouse (E500)		1,250,000 56,100		1,250,000 56,100				1448
1450		Dept. of Juvenile Justice (N120)		2,500,000		2,500,000				1443
1451		Save the Children (A850)		1,000,000		1,000,000				1451
1452		Full Day 4K (OFS)		20,879,902		20,879,902				1452
1453						-				1453
1454 1455		Non-Recurring: Computer Science Certification and Professional Learning			700,000	700,000				1454
1456		SDE - Grants Committee			7,000,000	7,000,000				1456
1457		Charter Schools			9,588,000	9,588,000				145
1458										1458
1459		Total EIA Appropriations		44,665,000	17,288,000	61,953,000				1459
1460 1461	Residual	Balance			-	-				1460
1461	Residual					-				1462
	EDUCATION IMPR	ROVEMENT ACT RECAP								1463
1464		New EIA Recurring Appropriations Base		905,400,000		905,400,000				1464
1465		EIA Non-Recurring Appropriations			17,288,000	17,288,000				1465
1466		Total EIA Appropriations:		905,400,000	17,288,000	922,688,000				1466
1467										1467
1468							-			1468
	LOTTERY EXPEND	ITURE ACCOUNT - PROVISO 3.6			LOTTERY EXPENDITURE ACCOUN					1469
1470 1471				Drovice 3.C	Nonrocurring	Total				1470
1471	Estimate	ed Revenue (BEA 11/10/20)		Proviso 3.6	Nonrecurring	Lottery				147
1473	Lotinat	Lottery Proceeds		501,000,000		501,000,000				1473
1474		Investment Earnings		3,250,000		3,250,000				147
1475		FY2019-20 Surplus Lottery Proceeds			13,900,000	13,900,000				147
1476							-			147
1477		Total Regular Lottery Revenues		504,250,000	13,900,000	518,150,000				147
1478										147

					Gove	rnor's Executive	Budget			
	SUMMARY CONTROL DOCUMENT				0000	THOI S EXECUTIVE	Duuget			
	FY 2021-2022 Appropriation Bill									
	The Summary Control Document is the SC Department of Administration - Executive Budget Office's			Sta	te		Federal	Other	Total	_
	attempt to maintain a historical record in summary form reflecting the Governor's Budget recommendations			014	FY 2020-21		. euclu	other		-
	It is not intended to be construed as a binding, legal document.				Capital					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FY 2021-22	Part 1A	Nonrecurring	Reserve					
		Agency	Recurring Funds	Proviso	Fund	Total	Federal	Other	Total	
Line		Beginning Base				State Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Line
1479	Unclaimed Prizes		19,000,000			19,000,000				1479
1480										1480
1481	Total South Carolina Education Lottery Revenue		523,250,000	13,900,000		537,150,000				1481
1482			525,250,000	13,500,000		337,130,000				1482
1483	APPROPRIATIONS:									1483
1484	General Lottery Appropriations:									1484
1485	CHE - Life Scholarships (Chapter 149, Title 59)		236,771,166			236,771,166				1485
1486	CHE - HOPE Scholarships (Section 59-150-370)		10,371,104			10,371,104				1486
1487	CHE - Palmetto Fellows Scholarships (Section 59-104-20)		71,173,280			71,173,280				1487
1488	CHE & Tech Board - Tuition Assistance		51,100,000			51,100,000				1488
1489	CHE - Need-Based Grants		60,000,000			60,000,000				1489
1490	Higher Education Tuition Grants Commission - Tuition Grants		20,000,000			20,000,000				1490
1491	Tech Board - Workforce Scholarships and Grants		9,167,126			9,167,126				1491
1492	CHE - National Guard Tuition Repayment Program (Section 59-111-75)		2,631,129			2,631,129				1492
1493	Tech Board - SC WINS		17,000,000			17,000,000				1493
1494	South Carolina State University		2,500,000			2,500,000				1494
1495	Tech Board - ReadySC		10,000,000			10,000,000				1495
1496	Tech Board - High Demand Job Skill Training Equipment		12,500,000			12,500,000				1496
1497	CHE - SREB Program and Assessments		236,195			236,195				1497
1498	CHE - College Transition Program Scholarships		750,000			750,000				1498
1499	DAODAS - Gambling Addiction Services		50,000			50,000				1499
1500										1500
1501	Subtotal:		504,250,000	-		504,250,000				1501
1502	Unclaimed Prizes									1502
1503	CHE - Higher Education Excellence Enhancement Program		6,072,474			6,072,474				1503
1504	Tech Board - Workforce Scholarships and Grants		11,000,000			11,000,000				1504
1505	DAODAS - Gambling Addiction Services		50,000			50,000				1505
1506	CHE - SREB Program and Assessments		377,526			377,526				1506
1507	CHE - PASCAL		1,500,000			1,500,000				1507
1508						-				1508
1509	Subtotal:		19,000,000	-		19,000,000			-	1509
1510 1511	FY2021-22 Surplus Supplemental									1510 1511
1511			1			-				1511
1512			1	+		-				1512
1515			1	+		-				1513
1514			1	-		-				1514
1515	Subtotal:		-	-		-				1515
1517	Suboa.		-	-		-				1510
1518	Total South Carolina Education Lottery Appropriations		523,250,000	-		523,250,000				1517
1519			5_5,250,000	-		525,250,000				1518
1520	Residual Balance			13,900,000		13,900,000				1515

This page intentionally blank.



Appendices

Appendices

- January 6, 2021 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, certifying that the FY 2021-22 Executive Budget is balanced.
- November 19, 2020 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, regarding estimated costs of base student costs.
- November 18, 2020 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, assessing the prospective revenue impact of reducing all of the individual income tax rates over five years by a total of 1 percent each beginning in tax year 2021.
- November 18, 2020 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, assessing the prospective revenue impact of a full deduction of military retirement income in tax year 2020.
- December 4, 2020 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, assessing the prospective revenue impact of allowing a complete deduction of police officers, peace officers, and firefighters' retirement income from individual income tax beginning in tax year 2020.
- December 2, 2020 letter from Frank Rainwater, Executive Director, South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office, providing an analysis of the annual step increases in statewide teacher salary costs due to the state salary schedule steps.



SOUTH CAROLINA REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE

FRANK A. RAINWATER **Executive Director**

EMERSON F. GOWER, JR.

EDWARD B. GRIMBALL, Chairman

ALAN D. CLEMMONS

January 6, 2020

The Honorable Henry McMaster Governor, State of South Carolina The State House Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Dear Governor McMaster:

Pursuant to Proviso 117.65 and based upon the information provided by the Executive Budget Office, this letter is to certify that the proposed FY 2021-22 Executive Budget is in balance as follows:

General Fund Revenue (Net of Tax Relief Trust Fund)	<u>\$8,959,021,779</u>
Appropriation of General Fund Expenditures (Part IA)	<u>\$8,959,021,779</u>
Balance	\$0

Balance

Sincerely,

Frank A. Rainwater **Executive Director**

FAR/ahp

November 19, 2020

Mr. Kevin Etheridge Budget and Research Director, Executive Budget Office South Carolina Department of Administration 1205 Pendleton Street, Suite 529 Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Mr. Etheridge:

This letter is in response to your request for assistance in calculating the General Fund expenditure associated with increasing the Base Student Cost by \$10 increments.

Since the state is operating under the FY 2019-20 EFA appropriation, we have calculated the amount to first bring the Base Student Cost up to \$2,489 for FY 2020-21 and then FY 2021-22. These projections are included in the table below.

Estimated Cost to Maintain Base Student Cost of \$2,489							
FY 2020-21	\$ 14,431,165						
FY 2021-22	\$ 20,792,479						
Total	\$ 35,223,644						

For each \$10 increment thereafter, the total General Fund expenditure increase, including both the Education Finance Act increase and associated fringe, is projected to be \$9,496,789. Please see the table below for the estimated General Fund expenditure to increase the Base Student Cost by \$10 increments.

FY 2021-22 Estimates									
		Total Estimated General							
Base Student Cost	Base Student Cost Increase	Fund Expenditure Increase							
\$2,489	\$0	\$35,223,644							
\$2,499	\$10	\$44,720,433							
\$2,509	\$20	\$54,217,222							
\$2,519	\$30	\$63,714,011							
\$2,529	\$40	\$73,210,800							
\$2,539	\$50	\$82,707,589							

Please note, these estimates are based upon our current student count projections as of September 1, 2020. Actual student counts for FY 2020-21 are not yet available and may affect these estimates. For reference, we have included these student count projections below.

FY 2021-22 Estimates								
District Entity	Average Daily Membership	Weighted Pupil Units						
Regular School Districts	724,394	994,647						
Charter School Districts *	39,548	51,139						
Special School Districts **	1,122	1,857						
Total	765,064	1,047,643						

* Includes the S.C. Public Charter School District and the Charter Institute at Erskine

** Includes the School for the Deaf and Blind, the Department of Juvenile Justice School, and the Palmetto Unified School District

If we may be of further assistance, please advise.

Sincerely,

Fronts a Ramut

Frank A. Rainwater Executive Director

FAR/lpw

cc: Mr. Brian Gaines, Director, Executive Budget Office Mr. Jake Scoggins, Budget Analyst, Executive Budget Office



SOUTH CAROLINA REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE

FRANK A. RAINWATER Executive Director

EDWARD B. GRIMBALL, Chairman ALAN D. CLEMMONS EMERSON F. GOWER, JR.

November 18, 2020

The Honorable Henry McMaster Governor, State of South Carolina First Floor, State House Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Dear Governor McMaster:

This is in response to a request by staff for the estimated revenue impact of reducing all of the individual income tax rates over five years by a total of 1 percent each beginning in tax year 2021. These estimates reflect the November 10, 2020, forecast by the Board of Economic Advisors and are based on our long-range expectations for personal income growth.

We estimate the impact on individual income tax revenue from lowering the individual income tax rates by 0.2 percent each year for five years based upon individual income tax return data for 2019. By tax year 2025, the last year of the proposed rate reduction, the tax rates will be lowered by 1 percent to 0 percent, 2 percent, 3 percent, 4 percent, 5 percent, and 6 percent, respectively. General Fund individual income tax revenue will be reduced by a total of \$888,226,000 in tax year 2025. The projected individual income tax reduction by tax year is included in the attached detailed tables by taxable income range.

We anticipate that taxpayers who file estimated tax payments will begin reducing their quarterly declarations in response to the tax reduction. As such, 5.25 percent of the total tax year impact is recognized in the prior fiscal year for the first two calendar quarters of reduced estimated tax payments, and the remaining impact is reflected in the next fiscal year through the remaining reduced payments and higher refunds. The projected General Fund impact on a fiscal year basis is provided in the table below based upon these assumptions. The fiscal year estimates in later years most likely will vary from the estimates provided below if withholdings tables are adjusted to reflect the overall decrease in tax liability or taxpayer behavior changes further in response to the tax reduction.

	General Fund	Annual Additional General
Fiscal Year	Individual Income	Fund Individual Income
	Tax Revenue	Tax Revenue
FY 2020-21	(\$7,972,000)	(\$7,972,000)
FY 2021-22	(\$160,470,000)	(\$152,498,000)
FY 2022-23	(\$325,199,000)	(\$164,729,000)
FY 2023-24	(\$502,808,000)	(\$177,609,000)
FY 2024-25	(\$693,997,000)	(\$191,189,000)
FY 2025-26	(\$841,594,000)	(\$147,597,000)

Please be advised, this estimate affects the current fiscal year, and the FY 2020-21 reduction currently is not reflected in the FY 2021-22 revenue base. As such, the General Fund revenue impact on the budget for FY 2021-22 will be the cumulative total reduction of \$160,470,000.

If we may be of any further assistance, please advise.

Sincerely,

Frank a Ramuent

Frank A. Rainwater Executive Director

FAR/lhj

Enclosures: 5

cc: Mr. Kevin Etheridge, Executive Budget Office

ESTIMATED TAX YEAR 2021 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX IMPACT

Proposal: Reduce all rates by 0.20% to 0%, 2.80%, 3.80%, 4.80%, 5.80%, and 6.80% with brackets unchanged. With these brackets and rates, 100.0% of returns have a lower or unchanged liability and the General Fund impact is (\$ 151,857,000).

	Current Tax Structure					Estimate of Tax Year Impact				
Estimated Taxable Income Range col 1	Projected # of Returns 2021 col 2 (/a)	Cumulative # of Returns col 3	Cumulative <u>% of Returns</u> col 4	Projected Average Taxable Income 2021 col 5 (/b)	Average Tax Liability 2021 col 6	Proposed Average Tax Liability 2021 col 7	Average Tax Increase/ (Decrease) 2021 col 8	Total Dollar Increase/ (Decrease) 2021 col 9		
0	917,149	917,149	35.51%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		
1-5,000	237,616	1,154,765	44.71%	\$2,262	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$138,986)		
5,000-10,000	178,414	1,333,179	51.62%	\$7,363	\$139	\$131	(\$9)	(\$1,517,564)		
10,000-20,000	286,769	1,619,948	62.72%	\$14,625	\$504	\$481	(\$24)	(\$6,604,398)		
20,000-30,000	215,850	1,835,798	71.08%	\$24,562	\$1,191	\$1,148	(\$43)	(\$9,260,739)		
30,000-40,000	158,353	1,994,151	77.21%	\$34,485	\$1 <i>,</i> 885	\$1,823	(\$63)	(\$9,936,780)		
40,000-50,000	117,868	2,112,019	81.77%	\$44,392	\$2 <i>,</i> 579	\$2 <i>,</i> 496	(\$83)	(\$9,731,720)		
50,000-60,000	89,329	2,201,348	85.23%	\$54,326	\$3,274	\$3,172	(\$103)	(\$9,150,081)		
60,000-70,000	69,108	2,270,455	87.91%	\$64,275	\$3,971	\$3,848	(\$123)	(\$8,453,937)		
70,000-80,000	55,103	2,325,559	90.04%	\$74,206	\$4,666	\$4,524	(\$143)	(\$7,835,251)		
80,000-90,000	43,747	2,369,306	91.74%	\$84,120	\$5 <i>,</i> 360	\$5,198	(\$163)	(\$7,087,881)		
90,000-100,000	34,528	2,403,834	93.07%	\$94,071	\$6,056	\$5,874	(\$182)	(\$6,281,339)		
100,000-125,000	59,157	2,462,991	95.36%	\$110,468	\$7,204	\$6,989	(\$215)	(\$12,702,108)		
125,000-150,000	35,281	2,498,272	96.73%	\$135,452	\$8,953	\$8,688	(\$265)	(\$9,338,407)		
150,000-175,000	22,044	2,520,317	97.58%	\$160,343	\$10,695	\$10,381	(\$315)	(\$6,932,262)		
175,000-200,000	14,191	2,534,508	98.13%	\$185,075	\$12,427	\$12,063	(\$364)	(\$5,164,440)		
200,000-250,000	16,815	2,551,322	98.78%	\$220,409	\$14,900	\$14,465	(\$435)	(\$7,307,588)		
250,000-300,000	9,273	2,560,595	99.14%	\$270,422	\$18,401	\$17,866	(\$535)	(\$4,957,311)		
300,000-400,000	9,340	2,569,935	99.50%	\$339,877	\$23,263	\$22,589	(\$674)	(\$6,290,986)		
400,000-500,000	4,489	2,574,424	99.68%	\$441,378	\$30,368	\$29,491	(\$877)	(\$3,934,554)		
500,000- \$1M	6,071	2,580,495	99.91%	\$662,156	\$45,822	\$44,504	(\$1,319)	(\$8,002,365)		
\$1 M +	2,257	2,582,752	100.00%	\$2,490,738	\$173,823	\$168,848	(\$4,976)	(\$11,228,581)		
Total	2,582,752			\$31,299	\$1,662	\$1,606	(\$56)	(\$151,857,000)		
	2021 Curre	ent Tax Brackets	3.00% 4.00% 5.00%	\$0 to 3,110 \$3,110 to 6,220 \$6,220 to 9,330 \$9,330 to 12,44 \$12,440 to 15,5	0	d Tax Brackets	2.80% 3.80% 4.80%	\$0 to 3,110 \$3,110 to 6,220 \$6,220 to 9,330 \$9,330 to 12,440 \$12,440 to 15,550		

Columns may not add to totals due to rounding

/a 2019 Base Year Grown by 2.1% per year.

/b 2019 Base Year Taxable Income Grown by 3.0% for '20, 0.4% for '21, & 4.0% thereafter.

6.80% Over \$15,550

7.00% Over \$15,550

ESTIMATED TAX YEAR 2022 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX IMPACT

Proposal: Reduce all rates by 0.40% to 0%, 2.60%, 3.60%, 4.60%, 5.60%, and 6.60% with brackets unchanged. With these brackets and rates, 100.0% of returns have a lower or unchanged liability and the General Fund impact is (\$ 315,912,000).

	Current Tax Structure					Estimate of Tax Year Impact			
Estimated Taxable Income Range col 1	Projected # of Returns 2022 col 2 (/a)	Cumulative # of Returns col 3	Cumulative <u>% of Returns</u> col 4	Projected Average Taxable Income 2022 col 5 (/b)	Average Tax Liability 2022 col 6	Proposed Average Tax Liability 2022 col 7	Average Tax Increase/ (Decrease) 2022 col 8	Total Dollar Increase/ (Decrease) 2022 col 9	
0	936,409	936,409	35.51%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
1-5,000	242,606	1,179,015	44.71%	\$2,304	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$291,741)	
5,000-10,000	182,160	1,361,176	51.62%	\$7,500	\$142	\$125	(\$18)	(\$3,162,270)	
10,000-20,000	292,791	1,653,967	62.72%	\$14,897	\$515	\$468	(\$47)	(\$13,746,370)	
20,000-30,000	220,383	1,874,350	71.08%	\$25,019	\$1,214	\$1,127	(\$88)	(\$19,269,278)	
30,000-40,000	161,678	2,036,028	77.21%	\$35,127	\$1,922	\$1,794	(\$128)	(\$20,673,594)	
40,000-50,000	120,343	2,156,371	81.77%	\$45,218	\$2 <i>,</i> 628	\$2,460	(\$169)	(\$20,245,768)	
50,000-60,000	91,205	2,247,576	85.23%	\$55,337	\$3,336	\$3,128	(\$209)	(\$19,035,041)	
60,000-70,000	70,559	2,318,135	87.91%	\$65,471	\$4,046	\$3,797	(\$250)	(\$17,586,412)	
70,000-80,000	56,261	2,374,395	90.04%	\$75,587	\$4,754	\$4,464	(\$290)	(\$16,299,094)	
80,000-90,000	44,666	2,419,061	91.74%	\$85 <i>,</i> 685	\$5,461	\$5,131	(\$331)	(\$14,744,199)	
90,000-100,000	35,253	2,454,314	93.07%	\$95,821	\$6,170	\$5,800	(\$371)	(\$13,066,296)	
100,000-125,000	60,400	2,514,714	95.36%	\$112,524	\$7,339	\$6,902	(\$438)	(\$26,422,288)	
125,000-150,000	36,022	2,550,736	96.73%	\$137,972	\$9,121	\$8,582	(\$540)	(\$19,425,022)	
150,000-175,000	22,507	2,573,244	97.58%	\$163,327	\$10,896	\$10,255	(\$641)	(\$14,419,813)	
175,000-200,000	14,489	2,587,732	98.13%	\$188,519	\$12,659	\$11,918	(\$742)	(\$10,742,491)	
200,000-250,000	17,168	2,604,900	98.78%	\$224,511	\$15,179	\$14,293	(\$886)	(\$15,200,323)	
250,000-300,000	9,467	2,614,367	99.14%	\$275 <i>,</i> 455	\$18,745	\$17,655	(\$1 <i>,</i> 090)	(\$10,311,505)	
300,000-400,000	9,536	2,623,904	99.50%	\$346,202	\$23,697	\$22,325	(\$1 <i>,</i> 373)	(\$13,085,552)	
400,000-500,000	4,583	2,628,487	99.68%	\$449,592	\$30,934	\$29,149	(\$1 <i>,</i> 786)	(\$8,184,017)	
500,000- \$1M	6,199	2,634,685	99.91%	\$674,478	\$46,676	\$43,991	(\$2 <i>,</i> 686)	(\$16,645,115)	
\$1 M +	2,304	2,636,990	100.00%	\$2,537,089	\$177,059	\$166,923	(\$10 <i>,</i> 136)	(\$23,355,521)	
Total	2,636,990			\$31,881	\$1,695	\$1,580	(\$115)	(\$315,912,000)	
	2022 Curre	ent Tax Brackets	3.00% 4.00% 5.00%	\$0 to 3,160 \$3,160 to 6,320 \$6,320 to 9,480 \$9,480 to 12,640 \$12,640 to 15,80	0	d Tax Brackets	2.60% 3.60% 4.60%	\$0 to 3,160 \$3,160 to 6,320 \$6,320 to 9,480 \$9,480 to 12,640 \$12,640 to 15,800	

Columns may not add to totals due to rounding

/a 2019 Base Year Grown by 2.1% per year.

/b 2019 Base Year Taxable Income Grown by 3.0% for '20, 0.4% for '21, & 4.0% thereafter.

6.60% Over \$15,800

7.00% Over \$15,800

ESTIMATED TAX YEAR 2023 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX IMPACT

Proposal: Reduce all rates by 0.60% to 0%, 2.40%, 3.40%, 4.40%, 5.40%, and 6.40% with brackets unchanged. With these brackets and rates, 100.0% of returns have a lower or unchanged liability and the General Fund impact is (\$ 492,811,000).

	Current Tax Structure					Estimate of Tax Year Impact			
Estimated Taxable Income Range col 1	Projected # of Returns 2023 col 2 (/a)	Cumulative # of Returns col 3	Cumulative <u>% of Returns</u> col 4	Projected Average Taxable Income 2023 col 5 (/b)	Average Tax Liability 2023 col 6	Proposed Average Tax Liability 2023 col 7	Average Tax Increase/ (Decrease) 2023 col 8	Total Dollar Increase/ (Decrease) 2023 col 9	
0	956,074	956,074		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
1-5,000	247,701	1,203,774		\$2,347	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$454,499)	
5,000-10,000	185,986	1,389,760	51.62%	\$7,640	\$145	\$118	(\$27)	(\$4,931,808)	
10,000-20,000	298,940	1,688,700	62.72%	\$15,175	\$524	\$452	(\$72)	(\$21,442,194)	
20,000-30,000	225,011	1,913,711	71.08%	\$25,484	\$1,237	\$1,103	(\$134)	(\$30,058,461)	
30,000-40,000	165,074	2,078,785	77.21%	\$35,781	\$1,957	\$1,762	(\$196)	(\$32,249,624)	
40,000-50,000	122,870	2,201,655	81.77%	\$46,060	\$2,677	\$2,420	(\$258)	(\$31,582,517)	
50,000-60,000	93,120	2,294,775	85.23%	\$56,366	\$3 <i>,</i> 398	\$3 <i>,</i> 079	(\$319)	(\$29,693,997)	
60,000-70,000	72,041	2,366,816	87.91%	\$66,690	\$4,121	\$3,740	(\$381)	(\$27,434,286)	
70,000-80,000	57,442	2,424,258	90.04%	\$76,993	\$4,842	\$4,399	(\$443)	(\$25,426,175)	
80,000-90,000	45,604	2,469,861	91.74%	\$87,280	\$5 <i>,</i> 562	\$5 <i>,</i> 058	(\$505)	(\$23,000,623)	
90,000-100,000	35,993	2,505,855	93.07%	\$97,605	\$6 <i>,</i> 285	\$5,719	(\$567)	(\$20,383,163)	
100,000-125,000	61,668	2,567,523	95.36%	\$114,618	\$7 <i>,</i> 476	\$6 <i>,</i> 807	(\$669)	(\$41,218,326)	
125,000-150,000	36,779	2,604,302	96.73%	\$140,540	\$9 <i>,</i> 290	\$8,466	(\$824)	(\$30,302,770)	
150,000-175,000	22,980	2,627,282	97.58%	\$166,367	\$11,098	\$10,119	(\$979)	(\$22,494,744)	
175,000-200,000	14,793	2,642,075	98.13%	\$192,027	\$12 <i>,</i> 895	\$11,762	(\$1 <i>,</i> 133)	(\$16,758,180)	
200,000-250,000	17,528	2,659,603	98.78%	\$228,689	\$15 <i>,</i> 461	\$14,108	(\$1 <i>,</i> 353)	(\$23,712,378)	
250,000-300,000	9,666	2,669,269	99.14%	\$280,581	\$19 <i>,</i> 093	\$17,429	(\$1 <i>,</i> 665)	(\$16,085,879)	
300,000-400,000	9,737	2,679,006	99.50%	\$352,644	\$24,138	\$22,041	(\$2 <i>,</i> 097)	(\$20,413,391)	
400,000-500,000	4,679	2,683,685	99.68%	\$457,958	\$31,510	\$28,781	(\$2,729)	(\$12,767,033)	
500,000- \$1M	6,329	2,690,014	99.91%	\$687,029	\$47 <i>,</i> 545	\$43,442	(\$4,103)	(\$25,966,334)	
\$1 M +	2,353	2,692,366	100.00%	\$2,584,302	\$180 <i>,</i> 354	\$164,867	(\$15 <i>,</i> 487)	(\$36,434,597)	
Total	2,692,366			\$32,475	\$1,726	\$1,550	(\$176)	(\$492,811,000)	
	2023 Curre	ent Tax Brackets	3.00% 4.00% 5.00%	\$0 to 3,220 \$3,220 to 6,440 \$6,440 to 9,660 \$9,660 to 12,880 \$12,880 to 16,10	0	d Tax Brackets	2.40% 3.40% 4.40%	\$0 to 3,220 \$3,220 to 6,440 \$6,440 to 9,660 \$9,660 to 12,880 \$12,880 to 16,100	

Columns may not add to totals due to rounding

/a 2019 Base Year Grown by 2.1% per year.

/b 2019 Base Year Taxable Income Grown by 3.0% for '20, 0.4% for '21, & 4.0% thereafter.

6.40% Over \$16,100

7.00% Over \$16,100

Proposal: Reduce all rates by 0.80% to 0%, 2.20%, 3.20%, 4.20%, 5.20%, and 6.20% with brackets unchanged. With these brackets and rates, 100.0% of returns have a lower or unchanged liability and the General Fund impact is (\$ 683,235,000).

	Current Tax Structure			Est	imate of Tax Y	ear Impact		
Estimated Taxable Income Range col 1	Projected # of Returns 2024 col 2 (/a)	Cumulative # of Returns col 3	Cumulative <u>% of Returns</u> col 4	Projected Average Taxable Income 2024 col 5 (/b)	Average Tax Liability 2024 col 6	Proposed Average Tax Liability 2024 col 7	Average Tax Increase/ (Decrease) 2024 col 8	Total Dollar Increase/ (Decrease) 2024 col 9
0	976,151	976,151	35.51%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1-5,000	252,902	1,229,054		\$2,390	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$623,167)
5,000-10,000	189,892	1,418,945	51.62%	\$7,782	\$147	\$111	(\$36)	
10,000-20,000	305,218	1,724,163	62.72%	\$15,457	\$533	\$435	(\$98)	(\$29,708,568)
20,000-30,000	229,736	1,953,899	71.08%	\$25,959	\$1,258	\$1,076	(\$182)	(\$41,662,543)
30,000-40,000	168,540	2,122,439	77.21%	\$36,447	\$1 <i>,</i> 992	\$1,727	(\$266)	(\$44,705,889)
40,000-50,000	125,450	2,247,890	81.77%	\$46,917	\$2,725	\$2 <i>,</i> 376	(\$350)	(\$43,784,309)
50,000-60,000	95,076	2,342,965	85.23%	\$57,415	\$3 <i>,</i> 460	\$3,027	(\$434)	(\$41,168,010)
60,000-70,000	73,553	2,416,519	87.91%	\$67,931	\$4,196	\$3,679	(\$518)	(\$38,036,280)
70,000-80,000	58,648	2,475,167	90.04%	\$78,426	\$4,931	\$4,329	(\$602)	(\$35,252,901)
80,000-90,000	46,561	2,521,729	91.74%	\$88,904	\$5 <i>,</i> 664	\$4,979	(\$685)	(\$31,890,443)
90,000-100,000	36,749	2,558,478	93.07%	\$99,421	\$6 <i>,</i> 400	\$5,631	(\$770)	(\$28,261,690)
100,000-125,000	62,963	2,621,441	95.36%	\$116,751	\$7,613	\$6,706	(\$908)	(\$57,151,003)
125,000-150,000	37,551	2,658,992	96.73%	\$143,155	\$9 <i>,</i> 462	\$8,343	(\$1,119)	(\$42,016,814)
150,000-175,000	23,463	2,682,455	97.58%	\$169,463	\$11,303	\$9,974	(\$1,330)	(\$31,190,820)
175,000-200,000	15,104	2,697,558	98.13%	\$195,601	\$13,133	\$11,594	(\$1,539)	(\$23,236,791)
200,000-250,000	17,896	2,715,455	98.78%	\$232,945	\$15 <i>,</i> 747	\$13,910	(\$1,838)	(\$32,879,722)
250,000-300,000	9,869	2,725,324	99.14%	\$285,802	\$19 <i>,</i> 447	\$17,187	(\$2,261)	(\$22,304,956)
300,000-400,000	9,941	2,735,265	99.50%	\$359,207	\$24 <i>,</i> 585	\$21,738	(\$2,848)	(\$28,305,768)
400,000-500,000	4,778	2,740,042	99.68%	\$466,481	\$32 <i>,</i> 094	\$28,389	(\$3,706)	(\$17,703,233)
500,000- \$1M	6,462	2,746,504	99.91%	\$699,814	\$48 <i>,</i> 428	\$42 <i>,</i> 856	(\$5,573)	(\$36,006,129)
\$1 M +	2,402	2,748,906	100.00%	\$2,632,394	\$183,708	\$162,675	(\$21 <i>,</i> 033)	(\$50,522,447)
Total	2,748,906			\$33,079	\$1,756	\$1,518	(\$238)	(\$683,235,000)
	2024 Curre	ent Tax Brackets	3.00% 4.00% 5.00% 6.00%	\$0 to 3,290 \$3,290 to 6,580 \$6,580 to 9,870 \$9,870 to 13,160 \$13,160 to 16,43 Over \$16,450	0	d Tax Brackets	2.20% 3.20% 4.20% 5.20%	\$0 to 3,290 \$3,290 to 6,580 \$6,580 to 9,870 \$9,870 to 13,160 \$13,160 to 16,450 Over \$16,450

Columns may not add to totals due to rounding

/a 2019 Base Year Grown by 2.1% per year.

/b 2019 Base Year Taxable Income Grown by 3.0% for '20, 0.4% for '21, & 4.0% thereafter.

ESTIMATED TAX YEAR 2025 INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX IMPACT

Proposal: Reduce all rates by 1.00% to 0%, 2.00%, 3.00%, 4.00%, 5.00%, and 6.00% with brackets unchanged. With these brackets and rates, 100.0% of returns have a lower or unchanged liability and the General Fund impact is (\$ 888,226,000).

	Current Tax Structure				Estimate of Tax Year Impact			
Estimated Taxable Income Range col 1	Projected # of Returns 2025 col 2 (/a)	Cumulative # of Returns col 3	Cumulative <u>% of Returns</u> col 4	Projected Average Taxable Income 2025 col 5 (/b)	Average Tax Liability 2025 col 6	Proposed Average Tax Liability 2025 col 7	Average Tax Increase/ (Decrease) 2025 col 8	Total Dollar Increase/ (Decrease) 2025 col 9
0	996,650	996,650	35.51%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1-5,000	258,213	1,254,864	44.71%	\$2,435	¢0 \$0	\$0	¢° \$0	(\$811,213)
5,000-10,000	193,879	1,448,743	51.62%	\$7,926	\$150	\$104	(\$46)	
10,000-20,000	311,627	1,760,370	62.72%	\$15,745	\$543	\$419	(\$124)	(\$38,624,953)
20,000-30,000	234,560	1,994,931	71.08%	\$26,442	\$1,281	\$1,051	(\$231)	(\$54,164,177)
30,000-40,000	172,080	2,167,011	77.21%	\$37,125	\$2 <i>,</i> 029	\$1,691	(\$338)	(\$58,119,763)
40,000-50,000	128,085	2,295,095	81.77%	\$47,790	\$2,776	\$2,331	(\$445)	(\$56,921,170)
50,000-60,000	97,072	2,392,168	85.23%	\$58,484	\$3 <i>,</i> 524	\$2 <i>,</i> 973	(\$552)	(\$53,519,601)
60,000-70,000	75,098	2,467,266	87.91%	\$69,195	\$4,274	\$3,616	(\$659)	(\$49,448,084)
70,000-80,000	59,880	2,527,146	90.04%	\$79,886	\$5 <i>,</i> 022	\$4,257	(\$766)	(\$45,829,504)
80,000-90,000	47,539	2,574,685	91.74%	\$90,558	\$5,770	\$4 <i>,</i> 897	(\$873)	(\$41,458,158)
90,000-100,000	37,521	2,612,206	93.07%	\$101,271	\$6,519	\$5,540	(\$980)	(\$36,740,657)
100,000-125,000	64,285	2,676,491	95.36%	\$118,924	\$7 <i>,</i> 755	\$6,599	(\$1,156)	(\$74,297,091)
125,000-150,000	38,340	2,714,831	96.73%	\$145,819	\$9 <i>,</i> 638	\$8,213	(\$1,425)	(\$54,622,327)
150,000-175,000	23,955	2,738,786	97.58%	\$172,616	\$11,514	\$9,821	(\$1 <i>,</i> 693)	(\$40,548,359)
175,000-200,000	15,421	2,754,207	98.13%	\$199,241	\$13 <i>,</i> 377	\$11,418	(\$1,959)	(\$30,208,018)
200,000-250,000	18,272	2,772,479	98.78%	\$237,279	\$16,040	\$13,701	(\$2,340)	(\$42,743,862)
250,000-300,000	10,076	2,782,555	99.14%	\$291,120	\$19 <i>,</i> 809	\$16,931	(\$2,878)	(\$28,996,566)
300,000-400,000	10,150	2,792,705	99.50%	\$365,891	\$25 <i>,</i> 043	\$21,417	(\$3 <i>,</i> 626)	(\$36,797,622)
400,000-500,000	4,878	2,797,583	99.68%	\$475,162	\$32 <i>,</i> 692	\$27,974	(\$4,719)	(\$23,014,263)
500,000- \$1M	6,597	2,804,181	99.91%	\$712,837	\$49 <i>,</i> 329	\$42,234	(\$7 <i>,</i> 095)	(\$46,808,049)
\$1 M +	2,453	2,806,633	100.00%	\$2,681,381	\$187,127	\$160,347	(\$26,781)	(\$65,679,211)
Total	2,806,633			\$33,695	\$1,789	\$1,486	(\$303)	(\$888,226,000)
	2025 Curre	ent Tax Brackets	3.00% 4.00% 5.00%	\$0 to 3,350 \$3,350 to 6,700 \$6,700 to 10,050 \$10,050 to 13,40 \$13,400 to 16,75	0 00	d Tax Brackets	2.00% 3.00% 4.00%	\$0 to 3,350 \$3,350 to 6,700 \$6,700 to 10,050 \$10,050 to 13,400 \$13,400 to 16,750

Columns may not add to totals due to rounding

/a 2019 Base Year Grown by 2.1% per year.

/b 2019 Base Year Taxable Income Grown by 3.0% for '20, 0.4% for '21, & 4.0% thereafter.

6.00% Over \$16,750

7.00% Over \$16,750

November 18, 2020

The Honorable Henry McMaster Governor, State of South Carolina First Floor, State House Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Governor McMaster:

This letter is in response to a request by staff for the estimated revenue impact of a full deduction of military retirement income in tax year 2021. This proposal allows an individual taxpayer under age 65 who has military retirement income to deduct an equal amount of South Carolina earned income from taxable income. This proposal allows further that a taxpayer 65 and older who has military retirement income may deduct any military retirement income that is included in South Carolina taxable income.

Presently, Act 272 of 2016 provides an individual income tax deduction of up to \$17,500 of earned income for taxpayers under age 65 that receive military retirement income for tax year 2021. The deduction is equal to the amount of military retirement income, not to exceed \$17,500. When a taxpayer reaches age 65, the taxpayer may deduct up to \$30,000 of military retirement income. The military retirement deductions were phased-in beginning in tax year 2016 over a five-year period through tax year 2020. The estimated revenue impact in FY 2021-22 for these deductions totals \$19,805,000. The BEA revenue forecast for that fiscal year reflects this reduction in General Fund individual income tax revenue as this deduction is included in the revenue base.

The first row of the table below reports the estimated revenue impact of implementing Act 272 of 2016 and a full deduction of all military retirement income for taxpayers under age 65 in tax year 2021. We estimate that the individual income tax revenue impact of a fully implemented military retirement income deduction in FY 2021-22 will total \$18,186,000 for the estimated 19,699 taxpayers under age 65. The BEA forecast for individual income tax revenue includes the full cost of implementing Act 272 of 2016, estimated to be \$10,080,000 for FY 2021-22. Therefore, the proposed complete deduction of the remaining military retirement for taxpayers under age 65 will reduce individual income tax revenue by an additional \$8,106,000 in FY 2021-22.

The second row of the table below reports the estimated revenue impact of implementing Act 272 of 2016 and a full deduction of all military retirement income for taxpayers age 65 and older in tax year 2021. We estimate that the individual income tax revenue impact of the fully implemented military retirement income deduction in FY 2021-22 will total \$11,230,000 for the estimated 19,173 eligible taxpayers. For these taxpayers age 65 and older, the BEA forecast includes the reduction in the individual income tax revenue resulting from Act 272 of 2016, estimated to be \$9,725,000 for FY 2021-22. Therefore, the proposed complete deduction of the remaining military retirement for taxpayers age 65 and older will reduce individual income tax revenue by an additional \$1,505,000 in FY 2021-22.

Combining the revenue impacts of the retirement income tax deduction for all military retirees results in an estimated total reduction in General Fund individual income tax revenue of \$29,416,000 in FY 2021-22 for the estimated 38,872 taxpayers. Of this total, the current revenue forecast includes an estimated reduction of \$19,805,000 in the individual income tax revenue resulting from Act 272 of 2016. Therefore, the proposed complete deduction of all remaining military retirement income beginning in tax year 2021 will reduce General Fund individual income tax revenue by an additional \$9,611,000 in FY 2021-22.

	· · · · · ·			
				Additional
	Total			Revenue
	Estimated	Total Tax	Total	Reduction
	Number of	Revenue	Revenue	from Full
	Active Duty	Reduction	Reduction	Military
Age of Military	Military	from Full	from Act	Retirement
Retirees	Retirees	Deduction	272 of 2016	Deduction
Under Age 65	19,699	(\$18,186,000)	(\$10,080,000)	(\$8,106,000)
Age 65 and Older	19,173	(\$11,230,000)	(\$9,725,000)	(\$1,505,000)
Total	38,872	(\$29,416,000)	(\$19,805,000)	(\$9,611,000)

Estimated Number and Tax Revenue Reduction for Military Retirees FY 2021-22

If we may be of further assistance, please advise.

Sincerely,

Fronts a Ramont

Frank A. Rainwater Executive Director

FAR/lhj

cc: Mr. Kevin Etheridge, Executive Budget Office



SOUTH CAROLINA REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE

FRANK A. RAINWATER Executive Director

December 4, 2020

EDWARD B. GRIMBALL, Chairman

ALAN D. CLEMMONS

EMERSON F. GOWER, JR.

The Honorable Henry McMaster Governor, State of South Carolina State House 1100 Gervais Street Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Governor McMaster:

This letter is in response to a request by staff for the estimated revenue impact of allowing a comprehensive deduction of police officers, peace officers, and firefighters' retirement income from individual income tax beginning in tax year 2021.

This analysis is based on data from the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS). Membership in PORS includes police officers, peace officers, firefighters, coroners, magistrates, and probate judges. Police officers and firefighters must earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work. This revenue estimate includes all members of PORS, because the Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) is unable to differentiate retirees by their previous occupations. Therefore, the estimated revenue impact may be over inclusive to your original request. In addition, this revenue estimate includes otherwise eligible police officers, peace officers, and firefighters' retirement income earned in other states and retirement income of South Carolina retirees who do not participate in PORS.

We estimate that this proposal would reduce General Fund individual income tax revenue by \$9,508,000 in FY 2021-22.

The following is a detailed revenue impact analysis of the proposed protective services retirement income deduction. Since current statutes allow various amounts of retirement income deductions by taxpayers depending on their age, we use PORS data to segregate these taxpayers into two categories: age 65 and older and under age 65. Currently, taxpayers age 65 and older may deduct income of up to \$15,000 per year, while taxpayers under age 65 may deduct retirement income of up to \$3,000 per year.

The Honorable Henry McMaster December 4, 2020 Page 2

The latest available year of PORS data is for FY 2018-19. From this data, we estimate the number of retirees and their retirement benefits for tax year 2021, or FY 2021-22, by applying a growth rate of approximately 4.7 percent per year to the FY 2018-19 data, based upon previous estimates provided by the PORS consulting actuary. We estimate the number of additional retirees not covered by PORS by calculating the percentage of protective service providers in South Carolina for ages 18 to 60 from Census Bureau data and applying that percentage to the South Carolina population aged 60 and over. This adds approximately 11.3 percent more retirees and retirement benefits to the analysis above the number of retirees and retirement benefits reported by PORS.

PORS data is adjusted further for retirement benefits paid to disabled retirees because income from a total and permanent disability is deductible under current statutes in South Carolina. To account for this already exempt retirement income, we reduce the amount of estimated retirement benefits by 5.8 percent. This reduction is derived from PORS data indicating that approximately 14.6 percent of all retirement benefits in FY 2018-19 were disbursed to disabled retirees. Additionally, PORS' actuarial consultant estimates that 40 percent of disabled retirees would be classified as totally and permanently disabled. The product of these two estimates results in a 5.8 percent reduction in total retirement benefits.

The enclosed tables report the revenue impact by retirees under age 65, age 65 and older, and in total. For example, we expect that 10,980 protective service retirees under age 65 in FY 2021-22 will have \$264,566,000 in retirement income. This represents approximately \$24,085 in average annual retirement income. Current law allows these retirees to deduct up to \$3,000 of retirement income. We estimate that the remaining \$231,626,000 in taxable retirement benefits at an average tax rate of 3.5 percent would generate \$8,107,000 in individual income tax in FY 2021-22.

For eligible protective services retirees age 65 and older, we expect that 11,320 retirees in FY 2021-22 will have \$217,122,000 in retirement income. This represents approximately \$19,179 in average annual retirement income. Current law allows these retirees to deduct up to \$15,000 of retirement income. We estimate that the remaining \$47,322,000 in taxable retirement benefits at an average tax rate of 2.96 percent would generate \$1,401,000 in individual income tax in FY 2021-22.

Combining the revenue impacts of the proposed protective services retirement income deduction for both age groups results in an estimated reduction in General Fund individual income tax revenue of \$9,508,000 in FY 2021-22.

The Honorable Henry McMaster December 4, 2020 Page 3

If we may be of further assistance, please advise.

Sincerely,

Fira y U

Frank A. Rainwater Executive Director

FAR/lhj

Enclosure: 1

cc: Mr. Kevin Etheridge, Executive Budget Office

Estimated Number of Retirees Under	Age	65	Fligible	for the	Proposed Potiroment Deduction	
		~~	- Bible		ie rioposeu keurement Deduction	n

Estimated					a neen ement D	cuuction
Estimated		Estimated	Estimated	Estimated Annual	Estimated	Estimated Tax
Protective		Annual	Average	Protective Services	Remaining	on Remaining
Services		Protective	Protective	Retirement Benefits	Protective	Protective
Retirement	Estimated	Services	Services	Deducted Under	Services	Service
Benefit	Number of	Retirement	Retirement	Current Law,	Retirement	Retirement
Payments	Retirees	Benefits	Benefit	Maximum \$3,000	Income	Income
FY 2016-17	9,815	\$220,900,000	\$22,506	\$29,445,000	\$191,455,000	\$6,700,925
FY 2017-18	9,840	\$225,143,000	\$22,880	\$29,521,000	\$195,622,000	\$6,847,000
FY 2018-19	9,920	\$230,640,000	\$23,256	\$29,760,000	\$200,880,000	
FY 2019-20e	10,260	\$241,766,000	\$23,562			\$7,031,000
FY 2020-21e	10,620			\$30,780,000	\$210,986,000	\$7,385,000
		\$252,910,000	\$23,822	\$31,860,000	\$221,050,000	\$7,737,000
FY 2021-22e	10,980	\$264,566,000	\$24,085	\$32,940,000	\$231,626,000	\$8,107,000

Estimated Number of Retirees Age 65 and Older Eligible for the Proposed Retirement Deduction

Estimate d					ea nethement b	euucion
Estimated		Estimated	Estimated	Estimated Annual	Estimated	Estimated Tax
Protective		Annual	Average	Protective Services	Remaining	on Remaining
Services		Protective	Protective	Retirement Benefits	Protective	Protective
Retirement	Estimated	Services	Services	Deducted Under	Services	Service
Benefit	Number of	Retirement	Retirement		Retirement	Retirement
Payments	Retirees	Benefits	Benefit	Maximum \$3,000	Income	Income
FY 2016-17	9,050	\$160,816,000	\$17,769	\$135,750,000	\$25,066,000	\$741,954
FY 2017-18	9,660	\$174,971,000	\$18,109	\$144,900,000	\$30,071,000	
FY 2018-19	10,220	\$189,280,000	\$18,519			\$890,000
FY 2019-20e				\$153,300,000	\$35,980,000	\$1,065,000
	10,580	\$198,409,000	\$18,762	\$158,700,000	\$39,709,000	\$1,175,000
FY 2020-21e	10,940	\$207,555,000	\$18,969	\$164,100,000	\$43,455,000	\$1,286,000
FY 2021-22e	11,320	\$217,122,000	\$19,179	\$169,800,000	\$47,322,000	\$1,401,000
				/ //	\$11)522,000	71,701,000

Estimated Total Number of Retirees Eligible for the Proposed Retirement Deduction

Estimate 1					nent bedaetio	
Estimated		Estimated	Estimated	Estimated Annual	Estimated	Estimated Tax
Protective		Annual	Average	Protective Services	Remaining	on Remaining
Services		Protective	Protective	Retirement Benefits		Protective
Retirement	Estimated	Services	Services	Deducted Under	Services	Service
Benefit	Number of	Retirement	Retirement		Retirement	Retirement
Payments	Retirees	Benefits	Benefit	Maximum \$3,000		
FY 2016-17	18,865	381,716,000			Income	Income
				165,195,000	216,521,000	7,442,879
FY 2017-18	19,500	400,114,000	\$20,518	174,421,000	225,693,000	7,737,000
FY 2018-19	20,140	419,920,000	\$20,850	183,060,000	236,860,000	8,096,000
FY 2019-20e	20,840	440,175,000	\$21,122	189,480,000		
FY 2020-21e					250,695,000	8,560,000
	21,560	460,465,000	\$21,357	195,960,000	264,505,000	9,023,000
FY 2021-22e	22,300	481,688,000	\$21,600	202,740,000	278,948,000	9,508,000
Courses Delta Off	·				=,5,0000	2,200,000

Source: Police Officers Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report, various years. US Census Bureau Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Selected Age Groups for South Carolina, July 1, 2019. All calculations and estimates are by RFA staff.



SOUTH CAROLINA **REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE**

FRANK A. RAINWATER Executive Director

December 2, 2020

EDWARD B. GRIMBALL, Chairman

ALAN D. CLEMMONS

EMERSON F. GOWER, JR.

Ms. Melanie Barton Office of the Governor 1100 Gervais Street Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Ms. Barton:

This letter is in response to your request for an analysis of the annual increases in statewide teacher salary costs due to the state salary schedule steps.

The state minimum teacher salary schedule provides a base level salary for teachers by educational degree attainment that increases based upon years of experience, commonly referred to as the step increase. The total state cost of teacher salaries is impacted by three components: the number of teachers, changes in the minimum salary schedule, and changes in the overall makeup of teachers by educational attainment and years of experience. In order to estimate the impact of the step increase on statewide teacher salary costs, we analyzed the change in total teacher salaries by each component over the five-year period from FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20. The attached report outlines our analysis and provides the details of the data and methodology. In summary, the analysis indicates that total state teacher salary costs increased by \$294.2 million over the five-year period, and the step increase contributed \$7.1 million, or 2.4 percent of that cost increase.

Summary of Change in Statewide Teacher Salary Costs			
	5-Year Change:		
	FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20		
Change Due to Teacher Education and Experience (Step Increase)	\$7,092,590		
Change Due to Salary Schedule	\$206,586,955		
Change Due to Teacher Count	\$76,030,422		
Change Due to All Components	\$294,209,224		

1000 ASSEMBLY STREET, SUITE 421 • COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA 29201 • (803) 734-3793 • RFA.SC.GOV

Ms. Melanie Barton December 2, 2020 Page 2

It is important to note that this analysis is based upon the statewide teacher salary costs, and district by district experience may vary based on a district's makeup of teachers. This analysis also reflects only the state salary schedule costs and does not include any associated employer benefits costs or local salary supplements.

If we may be of further assistance, please advise.

Sincerely,

Frank A Pour

Frank A. Rainwater Executive Director

FAR/lhj

Enclosure

ANALYSIS OF TEACHER SALARY COSTS BY COMPONENT FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20

This report analyzes the change in the statewide cost of teacher salaries by each component impacting total teacher salaries over the five-year period from FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20. The state minimum teacher salary schedule provides a base level salary for teachers that increases based upon years of experience and education level, commonly referred to as the teacher salary schedule step. Total teacher salary costs are impacted by three components:

- the total number of teachers,
- changes to the minimum salary schedule itself, and
- changes in the average degree classification and years of experience of teachers, or the step.

Revenue and Fiscal Affairs (RFA) analyzed the change in each of these components over the five-year period.

The following documents provide estimates of the change in teacher salaries over the past five years by each component and the resulting overall impact on total salaries for teachers statewide. It is important to note that district by district experience may vary based upon a district's makeup of teachers.

Salary costs are based upon the state cost of the salary schedule only and do not include any associated employer benefits costs or local salary supplements. The S.C. Department of Education provided teacher count data used by RFA in the report. Detailed data sources and calculations are provided in the Appendix.

Summary

- The change in total teacher salaries between FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20 is due to three components: changes in the salary schedule, changes in the number of teachers, and the years of experience and level of education completed by the teachers (step).
- Total teacher salary costs increased 12.33 percent, or \$294.2 million, over this period.
- Tables 1 and 2, and the corresponding Figures 1 and 2, provide the summary of the percentage and total dollar change in each component.
- The increases in the salary schedule and increase in the overall number of teachers are driving the majority of the increase in teacher salary costs.
- The largest increase in teacher salary costs is due to the changes in the minimum salary schedule.
 - The state minimum salary schedule was increased in FY 2016-17, FY 2018-19, and FY 2019-20. Further, the schedule was expanded to include the 23rd year on the schedule in FY 2016-17.
 - The increases in the salary schedule and the addition of the 23rd year

resulted in an 8.65 percent change in total salaries over the five-year period.

- The total estimated cost due to changes in the salary schedule was \$206.6 million, or 70.2 percent of the total cost.
- The next largest component is the change in the total number of teachers.
 - Increases in the number of teachers overall increased total salaries by 3.19 percent over 5 years.
 - The increase in the number of teachers raised salary costs by a total of \$76 million, or 25.8 percent of the total cost.
- The step in the salary schedule appears to have little impact on total teacher salaries.
 - The change in average salary, a function of the years of experience and degree level, has ranged between -0.25 percent and 0.38 percent and totaled 0.30 percent over the five-year period. See Table 1
 - The net dollar change from changes in teacher education and years of experience was \$7.1 million over the period, or 2.4 percent of the total cost. See Table 2
 - Average years of experience ranges from a low of 11.91 years up to 12.10 years, and only changed 1.17 percent over the five-year period. See Table 3
 - Average degree level of teachers remains relatively constant across all 5 years. After indexing education level so that 1 = Bachelor's Degree, 2 = Bachelor's Degree + 18 Hours, 3 = Master's Degree, 4 = Master's Degree + 30 Hours, and 5 = Doctorate Degree, the average index was between 2.60 and 2.62. See Table 4
- In summary, of the total 12.33 percent increase in teacher salary costs, approximately 0.30 percent is due to the step increase.

Please note, the interaction between the growth in teachers and changes in the average salary results in slightly higher total growth than the sum of the parts. Over the five-years, the interaction between components totals 0.18 percent in additional growth not attributed to the individual components.

TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF PERCENT CHANGE BY FISCAL YEAR AND COMPONENT

	FY 2015-16 to FY 2016-17	FY 2016-17 to FY 2017-18	FY 2017-18 to FY 2018-19	FY 2018-19 to FY 2019-20	5-Year Change: FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20*
Change Due to Teacher Education and Experience (Step Increase)	0.14%	(0.00%)	(0.25%)	0.38%	0.30%
Change Due to Salary Schedule	2.23%	0.00%	1.28%	4.88%	8.65%
Change Due to Teacher Count	0.93%	0.98%	1.03%	0.21%	3.19%
Change Due to All Components**	3.33%	0.98%	2.08%	5.46%	12.33%

* 5-Year Percent Change may not be the sum of the individual years due to compounding growth effects and interactions between components.

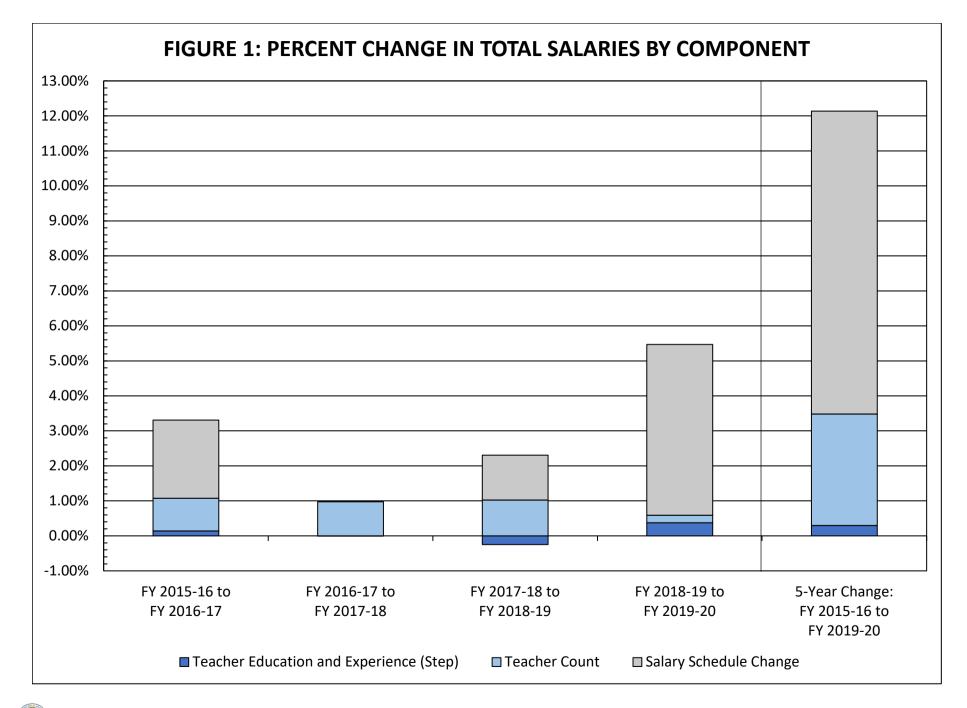
**Change due to all components includes interactions between the increase in number of teachers and salary and may be slightly different than the sum of individual components as a result. Note: Teacher counts and salary calculations included in Table 5 of the Appendix.

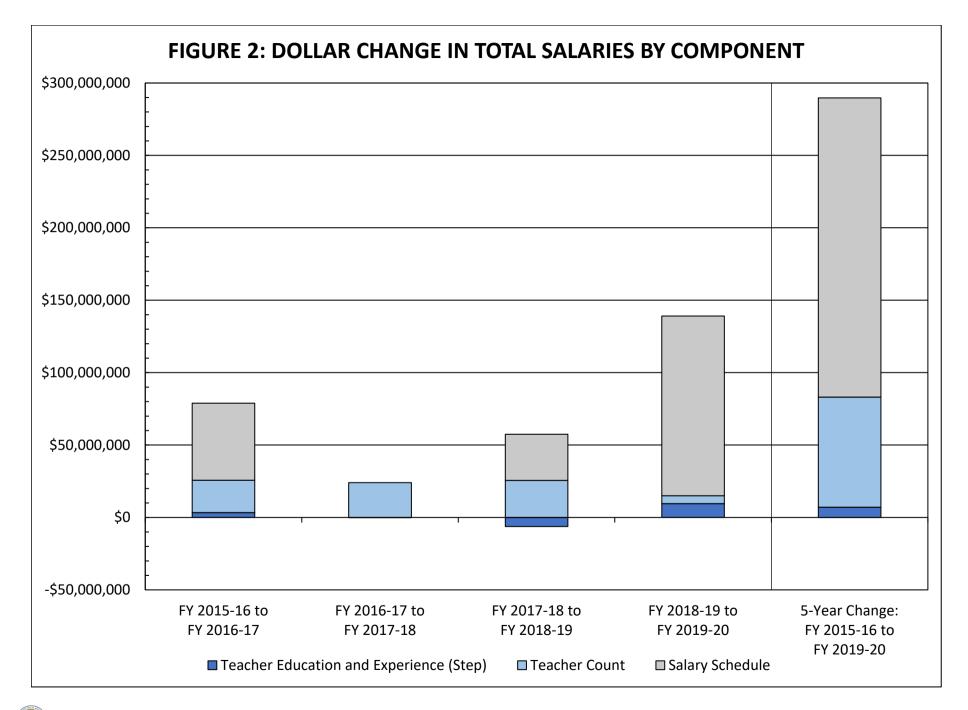
TABLE 2 - SUMMARY OF DOLLAR CHANGE BY FISCAL YEAR AND COMPONENT

	FY 2015-16 to FY 2016-17	FY 2016-17 to FY 2017-18	FY 2017-18 to FY 2018-19	FY 2018-19 to FY 2019-20	5-Year Change: FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20*
Change Due to Teacher Education and Experience (Step Increase)	\$3,413,467	(\$1,399)	(\$6,230,456)	\$9,564,855	\$7,092,590
Change Due to Salary Schedule	\$53,225,431	\$0	\$31,885,000	\$124,043,739	\$206,586,955
Change Due to Teacher Count	\$22,298,826	\$24,057,096	\$25,549,675	\$5,456,189	\$76,030,422
Change Due to All Components**	\$79,463,312	\$24,055,683	\$51,883,885	\$138,806,344	\$294,209,224

* 5-Year Change may not be the sum of the individual years due to compounding growth effects and interactions between components.

**Dollar change due to each component is estimated based upon the percentage growth in each component. The change due to all components includes interactions between the increase in number of teachers and salary and may be slightly different than the sum of individual components as a result. Note: Teacher counts and salary calculations included in Table 5 of the Appendix.





Fiscal Year	Average Years of Experience	Percent Change
FY 2015-16	11.96	
FY 2016-17	12.03	0.6%
FY 2017-18	12.04	0.1%
FY 2018-19	11.91	(1.1%)
FY 2019-20	12.10	1.6%

TABLE 3 - AVERAGE YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

The decrease in average years of teaching experience in FY 2018-19 may be explained by an increase in teachers with zero or one year of experience from the previous years, and a decrease in teachers with 23 or more years of experience from the previous years.

Fiscal Year	Average Indexed Education Level	Percent Change
FY 2015-16	2.62	
FY 2016-17	2.62	0.0%
FY 2017-18	2.61	(0.4%)
FY 2018-19	2.60	(0.4%)
FY 2019-20	2.61	0.4%

TABLE 4 - AVERAGE DEGREE CLASSIFICATION OF TEACHERS

The average degree classification was found by indexing each degree level, then calculating the weighted average for each Fiscal Year. The index of each education level is as follows:

- 1 = Bachelor's Degree
- 2 = Bachelor's Degree + 18 Hours
- 3 = Master's Degree
- 4 = Master's Degree + 30 Hours
- 5 = Doctorate Degree

APPENDIX

TEACHER COUNTS - FY 2015-16 TO FY 2019-20

Total teacher counts for each position are reported based upon data provided to RFA from the Department of Education as reported by each district in the Professional Certified Staff (PCS) system. Counts below include only state funded FTEs and do not include federally funded positions. These positions are eligible for the EIA teacher salary supplement.

FY 2015-16				
Position Code	Position	Count		
03	Special Education (Itinerant)	168		
04	Prekindergarten (Child Development)	1,152		
05	Kindergarten	2,568		
06	Special Education (Self-Contained)	2,506		
07	Special Education (Resource)	2,944		
08	Classroom Teacher	42,062		
09	Retired Teachers	533		
10	Library Media Specialist	1,116		
11	Guidance Counselor	2,183		
17	Speech Therapist	967		
18	ROTC Instructor	369		
36	School Nurse	1,331		
37	Occupational/Physical Therapist	275		
38	Orientation/Mobility Instructor	10		
39	Audiologist	10		
40	Social Worker	172		
85	Psychologist	559		
	Total	58,925		



	FY 2016-17				
Position Code	Position	Count			
03	Special Education (Itinerant)	150			
04	Prekindergarten (Child Development)	1,198			
05	Kindergarten	2,559			
06	Special Education (Self-Contained)	2,526			
07	Special Education (Resource)	2,972			
08	Classroom Teacher	42,765			
09	Retired Teachers	414			
10	Library Media Specialist	1,121			
11	Guidance Counselor	2,225			
17	Speech Therapist	955			
18	ROTC Instructor	371			
36	School Nurse	1,369			
37	Occupational/Physical Therapist	298			
38	Orientation/Mobility Instructor	10			
39	Audiologist	10			
40	Social Worker	187			
85	Psychologist	562			
	Total	59,692			

	FY 2017-18				
Position Code	Position	Count			
03	Special Education (Itinerant)	165			
04	Prekindergarten (Child Development)	1,220			
05	Kindergarten	2,580			
06	Special Education (Self-Contained)	2,555			
07	Special Education (Resource)	3,057			
08	Classroom Teacher	43,073			
09	Retired Teachers	453			
10	Library Media Specialist	1,138			
11	Guidance Counselor	2,265			
17	Speech Therapist	950			
18	ROTC Instructor	367			
36	School Nurse	1,396			
37	Occupational/Physical Therapist	301			
38	Orientation/Mobility Instructor	9			
39	Audiologist	11			
40	Social Worker	200			
85	Psychologist	565			
	Total	60,305			

FY 2018-19					
Position Code	Position	Count			
03	Special Education (Itinerant)	170			
04	Prekindergarten (Child Development)	1,181			
05	Kindergarten	2,558			
06	Special Education (Self-Contained)	2,639			
07	Special Education (Resource)	3,059			
08	Classroom Teacher	43,571			
09	Retired Teachers	498			
10	Library Media Specialist	1,136			
11	Guidance Counselor	2,307			
17	Speech Therapist	938			
18	ROTC Instructor	356			
36	School Nurse	1,397			
37	Occupational/Physical Therapist	325			
38	Orientation/Mobility Instructor	8			
39	Audiologist	11			
40	Social Worker	204			
85	Psychologist	582			
	Total	60,940			

FY 2019-20					
Position Code	Position	Count			
03	Special Education (Itinerant)	179			
04	Prekindergarten (Child Development)	1,196			
05	Kindergarten	2,558			
06	Special Education (Self-Contained)	2,592			
07	Special Education (Resource)	3,186			
08	Classroom Teacher	43,549			
09	Retired Teachers	481			
10	Library Media Specialist	1,123			
11	Guidance Counselor	2,329			
17	Speech Therapist	908			
18	ROTC Instructor	346			
36	School Nurse	1,419			
37	Occupational/Physical Therapist	329			
38	Orientation/Mobility Instructor	8			
39	Audiologist	11			
40	Social Worker	224			
85	Psychologist	576			
	Total	61,014			

Percent of Teacher Records with Missing Data					
FY 2015-16	5.53%				
FY 2016-17	5.88%				
FY 2017-18	5.92%				
FY 2018-19	5.95%				
FY 2019-20	5.84%				

The percentage of teacher records that did not include a degree classification is listed for each year. Approximately half of these missing values occurred in records for teachers that had zero years of experience. Position codes 18, 36, 37, 39, and 40 had between 80 percent and 97 percent of the entries with blank degree classifications. Missing data records were roughly evenly distributed across districts. These trends were consistent across all 5 years.



METHODOLOGY

All calculated values used to determine the percentage change in salaries by component are included in Appendix Table 5. Each example below references the line numbers of Table 5 for reference.

To determine change due to teacher count:

- The year-over-year percent change was calculated between each fiscal year's total teacher count.
- For example, the change between FY 2015-16 and FY 2016-17 due to teacher count is the growth in teachers from FY 2015-16 to FY 2016-17.

Line		Teacher Count		Total	Average
#	Salaries Year	Year	Total Salary	Teachers	Salary
1	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
2	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	\$2,412,747,785	56,184	\$42,944
	Percent Change	e due to Teacher			
	Co	ount		0.93%	

To determine change due to salary schedule:

- Total salary cost each year was calculated by multiplying teacher counts for each cell of the schedule by its respective salary on the salary schedule, then summing these figures.
- Total salary cost was then calculated by holding constant the number of teachers for a particular year, but using the next year's salary schedule and comparing these cost figures.
- For example, the change between FY 2015-16 and FY 2016-17 due to the salary schedule was found by calculating total salaries using the FY 2015-16 teacher count and FY 2015-16 salary schedule, then comparing this figure to the total salaries calculated using the FY 2015-16 teacher count but the FY 2016-17 salary schedule.

Line		Teacher		Total	Average
#	Salaries Year	Count Year	Total Salary	Teachers	Salary
1	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
3	FY 2016-17	FY 2015-16	\$2,440,229,035	55,664	\$43,839
	Percent Change Due to Salary				
	Sche	dule	2.23%		

To determine change due to teacher education and experience:

• Average salary by year was calculated by multiplying teacher counts for each cell of the schedule by its respective salary on the salary schedule, summing these figures, then dividing by the total number of teachers.



- Average salary was then calculated by holding constant the salary schedule from the previous year, but using the teacher count for the next year.
- For example, the change between FY 2015-16 and FY 2016-17 due to teacher education and experience was found by calculating average salary using the FY 2015-16 teacher count and FY 2015-16 salary schedule, then comparing this figure to the average salary calculated using the FY 2015-16 salary schedule again but FY 2016-17 teacher counts.

Line		Teacher		Total	Average
#	Salaries Year	Count Year	Total Salary	Teachers	Salary
1	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
2	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	\$2,412,747,785	56,184	\$42,944
	Percent Cha	nge Due to			
	Teacher Education and				
	Experien	ce (Step)			0.14%

To determine change due to all components:

- Percent change due to the interaction of all three components was calculated by finding total salaries using the salary schedule and teacher count for one year, and comparing this figure to total salaries using the salary schedule and the teacher count of the next year.
- For example, the change between FY 2015-16 and FY 2016-17 due to all components was found by calculating total salaries using the FY 2015-16 teacher count and FY 2015-16 salary schedule, then comparing this figure to the total salaries calculated using the FY 2016-17 salary schedule and FY 2016-17 teacher counts.
- This growth calculation includes the interaction of each component of changes in teacher salary schedule, teacher counts, and cell on the salary schedule and may differ slightly from the sum of the parts. The total difference is 0.18% over the full five-year period.

Line		Teacher		Total	Average
#	Salaries Year	Count Year	Total Salary	Teachers	Salary
1	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
4	FY 2016-17	FY 2016-17	\$2,466,466,916	56,184	\$43,900
	Percent Chang	ge Due to All			
	Components f	or FY 2015-16			
	to FY 2	016-17	3.33%		



Line #	Salaries Year	Teacher Count Year	Total Salary	Total Teachers	Average Salary
1	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
2	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	\$2,412,747,785	56,184	\$42,944
3	FY 2016-17	FY 2015-16	\$2,440,229,035	55,664	\$43,839
4	FY 2016-17	FY 2016-17	\$2,466,466,916	56,184	\$43,900
5	FY 2016-17	FY 2016-17	\$2,466,466,916	56,184	\$43,900
6	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18	\$2,490,522,599	56,732	\$43,900
7	FY 2017-18	FY 2016-17	\$2,466,466,916	56,184	\$43,900
8	FY 2017-18	FY 2017-18	\$2,490,522,599	56,732	\$43,900
9	FY 2017-18	FY 2017-18	\$2,490,522,599	56,732	\$43,900
10	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	\$2,509,777,901	57,314	\$43,790
11	FY 2018-19	FY 2017-18	\$2,522,407,599	56,732	\$44,462
12	FY 2018-19	FY 2018-19	\$2,542,406,484	57,314	\$44,359
13	FY 2018-19	FY 2018-19	\$2,542,406,484	57,314	\$44,359
14	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	\$2,557,448,055	57,437	\$44,526
15	FY 2019-20	FY 2018-19	\$2,666,450,223	57,314	\$46,524
16	FY 2019-20	FY 2019-20	\$2,681,212,828	57,437	\$46,681
17	FY 2015-16	FY 2015-16	\$2,387,003,604	55,664	\$42,882
18	FY 2015-16	FY 2019-20	\$2,470,352,528	57,437	\$43,010
19	FY 2019-20	FY 2015-16	\$2,593,590,559	55,664	\$46,594
20	FY 2019-20	FY 2019-20	\$2,681,212,828	57,437	\$46,681

TABLE 5 - SALARY CALCULATIONS TABLE

Notes:

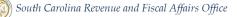
- 1. Teacher Counts include only state funded FTEs and do not include federally funded positions. Positions are eligible for the EIA teacher salary supplement. Included position codes are listed in the teacher count tables in the Appendix.
- 2. Total salary does not include fringe benefits costs and reflect only the state minimum salary schedule cost.
- 3. Average salary is the calculated minimum salary from the state salary schedule based upon the reflected teacher counts by year. This calculation does not include local salary supplements or National Board supplements that are included in the total actual average teacher salary reported annually by the Department of Education.

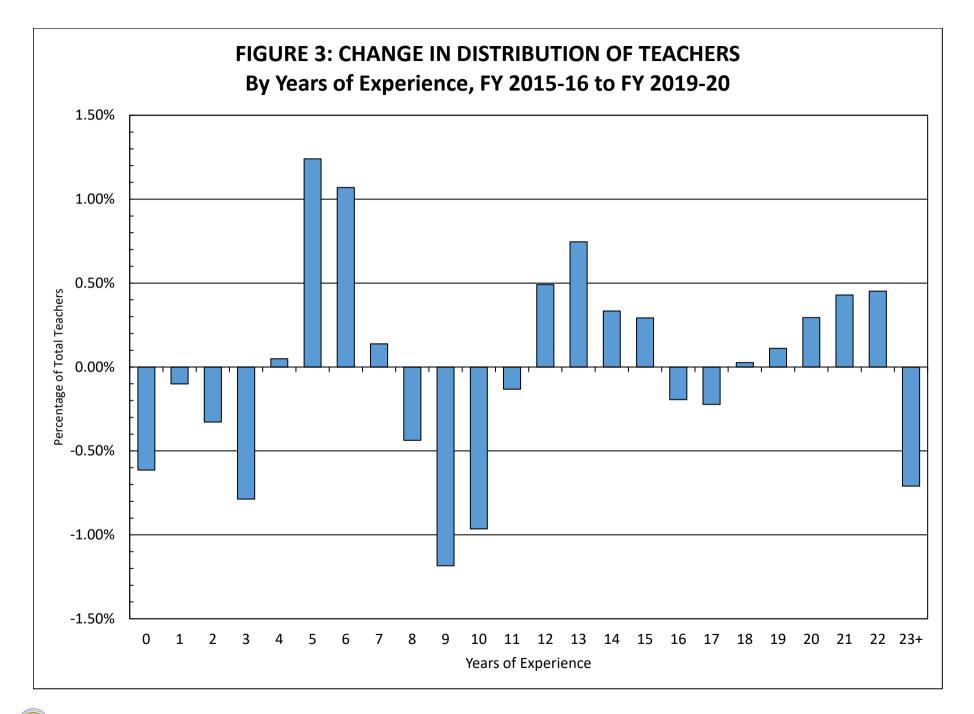
DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHERS BY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

The distribution of teachers by years of experience has changed over the five-year period from FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20. Table 6 and Figure 3 outline the change in the percentage of total teachers in each cell of the salary schedule over this period. In FY 2019-20, 1.83% fewer teachers are in the 0 – 3 years of experience group compared to FY 2015-16. The largest growth occurred in the 4-7 years range, with 2.5% greater teachers.

	Doctorate	Master's + 30	Master's	Bachelor's + 18	Bachelor's	
Years of Experience	Class 8	Class 7	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Total
0	0.04%	(0.06%)	(0.37%)	(0.02%)	(0.20%)	(0.61%)
1	0.02%	0.04%	(0.16%)	(0.05%)	0.06%	(0.10%)
2	0.01%	0.00%	(0.22%)	(0.09%)	(0.04%)	(0.33%)
3	(0.01%)	(0.13%)	(0.43%)	(0.14%)	(0.07%)	(0.79%)
4	0.01%	(0.03%)	(0.07%)	(0.05%)	0.18%	0.05%
5	0.00%	0.04%	0.44%	0.06%	0.70%	1.24%
6	0.02%	0.15%	0.43%	0.02%	0.44%	1.07%
7	0.00%	0.02%	0.01%	(0.04%)	0.14%	0.14%
8	0.01%	(0.11%)	(0.29%)	(0.06%)	0.03%	(0.44%)
9	0.00%	(0.15%)	(0.68%)	(0.11%)	(0.24%)	(1.18%)
10	0.01%	(0.16%)	(0.61%)	(0.03%)	(0.18%)	(0.96%)
11	(0.01%)	(0.11%)	(0.05%)	(0.06%)	0.10%	(0.13%)
12	0.01%	0.11%	0.30%	(0.04%)	0.11%	0.49%
13	0.03%	0.10%	0.43%	0.00%	0.18%	0.75%
14	0.02%	(0.11%)	0.37%	(0.07%)	0.13%	0.33%
15	0.02%	0.09%	0.14%	(0.02%)	0.06%	0.29%
16	0.03%	(0.05%)	(0.09%)	(0.06%)	(0.02%)	(0.19%)
17	0.03%	(0.07%)	(0.02%)	(0.10%)	(0.06%)	(0.22%)
18	0.02%	0.05%	(0.02%)	0.00%	(0.02%)	0.03%
19	0.04%	0.00%	0.08%	(0.03%)	0.02%	0.11%
20	0.03%	0.08%	0.14%	(0.05%)	0.09%	0.29%
21	0.03%	0.12%	0.15%	0.06%	0.08%	0.43%
22	0.03%	0.08%	0.32%	(0.06%)	0.09%	0.45%
23+	0.15%	(0.79%)	0.42%	(0.69%)	0.20%	(0.71%)
Total	0.55%	(0.91%)	0.21%	(1.62%)	1.77%	0.00%

TABLE 6 - CHANGE IN DISTRIBUTION OF TEACHERSFrom FY 2015-16 to FY 2019-20







Henry McMaster, Governor Marcia S. Adams, Executive Director

EXECUTIVE BUDGET OFFICE

Brian J. Gaines, Director 1205 Pendleton Street, Suite 529 Columbia, SC 29201 803.734.2280 803.734.0645 Fax

- **TO:** Trey Walker, Chief of Staff Office of the Governor
- FROM: Brian J. Gaines

DATE: January 19, 2021

RE: Executive Budget Book Changes

At the direction of the Governor's Office, the Executive Budget Office has made the following changes to the Non-Recurring recommendations section of Governor McMaster's FY 2021-22 Executive Budget:

Sect.	Non-Recurring Funds Agency/Item		Amended	Original	Change		
26	Department of Archives & History						
	Historic Preservation and Community Development Grants	\$	1,000,000	2,000,000	(1,000,000)		
28	Arts Commission						
	Sumter Opera House	\$	15,000,000	0	15,000,000		
33	Department of Health & Human Services						
	Medical Contract Grants	\$	2,000,000	3,000,000	(1,000,000)		
36	Department of Disabilities & Special Needs						
	South Carolina Genomic Medicine Initiative at Greenwood Genetic Center	\$	2,000,000	2,500,000	(500,000)		
49	Department of Parks, Recreation & Tourism						
	Hunting Island Lighthouse Repair	\$	1,000,000	3,000,000	(2,000,000)		
	Parks Revitalization Grants	\$	1,500,000	3,000,000	(1,500,000)		
	Sports Marketing Grants	\$	1,500,000	3,000,000	(1,500,000)		
50	Department of Commerce						
	Closing Fund	\$	2,700,000	3,700,000	(1,000,000)		
53	Conservation Bank						
	Conservation Grant Funding	\$	7,500,000	9,500,000	(2,000,000)		
54	Rural Infrastructure Authority						
	Rural Infrastructure Fund	\$	3,129,944	4,129,944	(1,000,000)		
	Water and Sewer Regionalization Fund	\$	3,000,000	5,000,000	(2,000,000)		
100	Adjutant General						
	Armory Revitalization	\$	3,000,000	3,500,000	(500,000)		
	PPE Warehouse	\$	1,000,000	2,000,000	(1,000,000)		

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thank you.



South Carolina Department of Administration 1200 Senate Street, Suite 460 Columbia, SC 29201 Post Office Box 2825, Columbia, SC 29211 Ph: 803.734.8120 www.admin.sc.gov